# LOTHAIR.

BY THE

#### RIGHT HONORABLE B. DISRAELI.

' Nôsse omnia hæc salus est adolescentulis.'
TERENTIUS.

IN THREE VOLUMES.

VOL. III.

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## LOTHAIR.

#### CHAPTER I.

When Lothair in some degree regained consciousness, he found himself in bed. The chamber was lofty and dim, and had once been splendid. Thoughtfulness had invested it with an air of comfort rare under Italian roofs. The fagots sparkled on the hearth, the light from the windows was veiled with hangings, and the draughts from the tall doors guarded against by screens. And by his bedside there were beautiful flowers, and a crucifix, and a silver bell.

Where was he? He looked up at the velvet canopy above, and then at the pic-Vol. III. B

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tures that covered the walls, but there was no familiar aspect. He remembered nothing since he was shot down in the field of Mentana, and even that incoherently.

And there had been another battle before that, followed by a catastrophe still more dreadful. When had all this happened, and where? He tried to move his bandaged form, but he had no strength, and his mind seemed weaker than his But he was soon sensible that he was not alone. A veiled figure gently lifted him, and another one refreshed his pillows. He spoke, or tried to speak, but one of them pressed her finger to her shrouded lips, and he willingly relapsed into the silence which he had hardly strength enough to break.

And sometimes these veiled and gliding ministers brought him sustenance and sometimes remedies, and he complied with all their suggestions, but with absolute listlessness; and sometimes a coarser hand



interposed, and sometimes he caught countenance that was not concealed, but He had a vague imwas ever strange. pression that they examined and dressed his wounds, and arranged his bandages; but whether he really had wounds, and whether he were or were not bandaged, hardly knew, and did not care to He was not capable of thought, and memory was an effort under which he always broke down. Day after day he remained silent and almost motionless alike in mind and body. He had a vague feeling that, after some great sorrows, and some great trials, he was in stillness and in safety; and he had an indefinite mysterious sentiment of gratitude to some unknown power, that had cherished him in his dark calamities, and poured balm and oil into his wounds.

It was in this mood of apathy that, one evening, there broke upon his ear low but beautiful voices performing the evening service of the Church. His eye glistened,

He listened with rapt attention to the sweet and sacred strains, and when they died away he felt depressed. Would they ever sound again?

Sooner than he could have hoped, for, when he woke in the morning from his slumbers, which, strange to say, were always disturbed, for the mind and the memory seemed to work at night though in fearful and exhausting chaos, the same divine melodies that had soothed him in the eve, now sounded in the glad and grateful worship of matin praise.

'I have heard the voice of angels,' he murmured to his veiled attendant.

The vesper and the matin hours became at once the epochs of his day. He was ever thinking of them, and soon was thinking of the feelings which their beautiful services celebrate and express. His mind seemed no longer altogether a blank, and the religious sentiment was the first that returned to his exhausted heart. 'There will be a requiem to-day,' whispered one of his veiled attendants.

A requiem! a service for the dead; a prayer for their peace and rest! And who was dead? The bright, the matchless one, the spell and fascination of his life! Was it possible? Could she be dead, who seemed vitality in its consummate form? Was there ever such a being as Theodora? And if there were no Theodora on earth, why should one think of anything but heaven?

The sounds came floating down the chamber till they seemed to cluster round his brain; sometimes solemn, sometimes thrilling, sometimes the divine pathos melting the human heart with celestial sympathy and heavenly solace. The tears fell fast from his agitated vision, and he sank back exhausted, almost insensible, on his pillow.

'The Church has a heart for all our joys and all our sorrows, and for all our hopes, and all our fears,' whispered a veiled attendant, as she bathed his temples with fragrant waters.

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Though the condition of Lothair had at first seemed desperate, his youthful and vigorous frame had enabled him to rally, and with time and the infinite solicitude which he received, his case was not with-But though his physical cure out hope. was somewhat advanced, the prostration of his mind seemed susceptible of no relief. The services of the Church accorded with his depressed condition; they were the only events of his life, and he cherished them. His attendants now permitted and even encouraged him to speak, but he seemed entirely incurious and indifferent. times they read to him, and he listened, but he never made remarks. The works which they selected had a religious or ecclesiastical bias, even while they were imaginative; and it seemed difficult not to be interested by the ingenious fancy by which it was worked out, that everything that was true and sacred in heaven had its symbol and significance in the qualities and accidents of earth.

After a month passed in this manner, the surgeons having announced that Lothair might now prepare to rise from his bed, a veiled attendant said to him one day, 'There is a gentleman here who is a friend of yours, and who would like to see you. And perhaps you would like to see him also for other reasons, for you must have much to say to God after all that you have suffered. And he is a most holy man.'

'I have no wish to see anyone. Are you sure he is not a stranger?' asked Lothair.

'He is in the next room,' said the attendant. 'He has been here throughout your illness, conducting our services; often by your bedside when you were asleep, and always praying for you.'

The veiled attendant drew back and waved her hand, and some one glided forward and said in a low, soft voice, 'You have not forgotten me?'

And Lothair beheld Monsignore Catesby.

- 'It is a long time since we met,' said Lothair, looking at him with some scrutiny, and then all interest died away, and he turned away his vague and wandering eyes.
  - 'But you know me?'
- 'I know not where I am, and I but faintly comprehend what has happened,' murmured Lothair.
- 'You are among friends,' said the Monsignore, in tones of sympathy.
- 'What has happened,' he added, with an air of mystery, not unmixed with a certain expression of ecstasy in his glance, 'must be reserved for other times, when you are stronger, and can grapple with such high themes.'
- 'How long have I been here?' enquired Lothair, dreamingly.'
  - 'It is a month since the Annunciation.'
  - 'What Annunciation?'
- 'Hush!' said the Monsignore, and he raised his finger to his lip. 'We must not talk of these things—at least at present.

No doubt the same blessed person that saved you from the jaws of death is at this moment guarding over your recovery and guiding it; but we do not deserve, nor does the Church expect, perpetual miracles. We must avail ourselves, under Divine sanction, of the beneficent tendencies of nature; and in your case her operations must not be disturbed at this moment by any excitement, except, indeed, the glow of gratitude for celestial aid, and the inward joy which must permeate the being of anyone who feels that he is among the most favoured of men.'

From this time Monsignore Catesby scarcely ever quitted Lothair. He hailed Lothair in the morn, and parted from him at night with a blessing; and in the interval Catesby devoted his whole life, and the inexhaustible resources of his fine and skilled intelligence to alleviate or amuse the existence of his companion. Sometimes he conversed with Lothair, adroitly taking the chief burthen of the talk; and

One day Lothair, having risen from his bed for the first time, and lying on a sofa in an adjoining chamber to that in which he had been so long confined, the Monsignore seated himself by the side of Lothair, and, opening a portfolio, took out a drawing and held it before Lothair, observing his countenance with a glance of peculiar scrutiny.

- 'Well!' said Catesby after some little pause, as if awaiting a remark from his companion.
- ''Tis beautiful!' said Lothair. 'Is it by Raffaelle?'
- 'No; by Fra Bartolomeo. But the countenance, do you remember ever having met such an one?'

Lothair shook his head. Catesby took out another drawing, the same subject, the Blessed Virgin. 'By Giulio,' said the Monsignore, and he watched the face of Lothair, but it was listless.

Then he showed Lothair another and another and another. At last he held before him one which was really by Raffaelle, and by which Lothair was evidently much moved. His eye lit up, a blush suffused his pale cheek, he took the drawing himself and held it before his gaze with a trembling hand.

'Yes, I remember this,' he murmured, for it was one of those faces of Greek beauty which the great painter not infrequently

caught up at Rome. The Monsignore looked gently round and waved his hand, and immediately there arose the hymn to the Virgin in subdued strains of exquisite melody.

On the next morning, when Lothair woke, he found on the table by his side the drawing of the Virgin in a sliding frame.

About this time the Monsignore began to accustom Lothair to leave his apartment, and as he was not yet permitted to walk, Catesby introduced what he called English chair, in which Lothair was enabled to survey a little the place which had been to him a refuge and a home. It seemed a building of vast size, raised round an inner court with arcades and windows, and, in the higher story where he resided, an apparently endless number of chambers and galleries. One morning, in their perambulations, the Monsignore unlocked the door of a covered way which had no light but from a lamp which guided their pas-



sage. The opposite door at the end of this covered way opened into a church, but one of a character different from any which Lothair had yet entered.

It had been raised during the latter half of the sixteenth century by Vignola, when, under the influence of the great Pagan revival, the Christian Church began to assume the character of an Olympian temple. A central painted cupola of large but exquisite proportions, supported by pilasters with gilded capitals, and angels of white marble springing from golden brackets; encrusted with rare materials every tint, and altars supported by serpentine columns of agate and alabaster; a blaze of pictures, and statues, and precious stones, and precious metals, denoted one of the chief temples of the sacred brotherhood of Jesus, raised when the great order had recognised that the views of primitive and mediæval Christianity, founded on the humility of man, were not in accordance with the age of confidence in human energy, in which they

Guided by Catesby, and leaning on a staff, Lothair gained a gorgeous side chapel in which mass was celebrating; the air was rich with incense, and all heaven seemed to open in the ministrations of a seraphic Crushed by his great calamities, choir. both physical and moral, Lothair sometimes felt that he could now be content if the rest of his life could flow away amid this celestial fragrance and these gushing sounds of heavenly melody. And absorbed in these feelings it was not immediately observed by him that on the altar, behind the dazzling blaze of tapers, was a picture of the Virgin, and identically the same countenance as that he had recognised with emotion in the drawing of Raffaelle.

It revived perplexing memories which agitated him, thoughts on which it seemed his brain had not now strength enough to dwell, and yet with which it now seemed inevitable for him to grapple. The con-

gregation was not very numerous, and when it broke up, several of them lingered behind and whispered to the Monsignore, and then, after a little time, Catesby approached Lothair and said, 'There are some here who would wish to kiss your hand, or even touch the hem of your garments. It is troublesome, but natural, considering all that has occurred and that this is the first time, perhaps, that they may have met any one who has been so favoured.'

- 'Favoured!' said Lothair; 'am I fa-It seems to me I am the most forlorn of men-if even I am that.'
- 'Hush!' said the Monsignore, 'we must not talk of these things at present;' and he motioned to some who approached and contemplated Lothair with blended curiosity and reverence.

These visits of Lothair to the beautiful church of the Jesuits became of daily occurrence, and often happened several times on the same day; indeed they formed the only incident which seemed to break his were destined to rise, and which they were determined to direct.

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These visits of Lothair to the beautiful church of the Jesuits became of daily occurrence, and often happened several times on the same day; indeed they formed the only incident which seemed to break his listlessness. He became interested in the change and variety of the services, in the persons and characters of the officiating priests. The soft manners of these fathers, their intelligence in the performance of their offices, their obliging carriage, and the unaffected concern with which all he said or did seemed to inspire them, won upon him unconsciously. The church had become his world; and his sympathies, if he still had sympathies, seemed confined to those within its walls.

In the meantime his physical advancement though slow was gradual, and had hitherto never been arrested. He could even walk a little alone, though artificially supported, and rambled about the halls and galleries full of a prodigious quantity of pictures, from the days of Raffael Sanzio to those of Raffael Mengs.

'The doctors think now we might try a little drive,' said the Monsignore one morning. 'The rains have ceased and refreshed everything. To-day is like the burst of

spring,' and when Lothair seemed to shudder at the idea of facing anything like the external world, the Monsignore suggested immediately that they should go out in a close carriage, which they finally entered in the huge quadrangle of the building. Lothair was so nervous that he pulled down even the blind of his window; and the Monsignore, who always humoured him, half pulled down his own.

Their progress seemed through a silent land and they could hardly be traversing streets. Then the ascent became a little precipitous, and then the carriage stopped and the Monsignore said, 'Here is a solitary spot. We shall meet no one. The view is charming, and the air is soft.' And he placed his hand gently on the arm of Lothair, and, as it were, drew him out of the carriage.

The sun was bright, and the sky was bland. There was something in the breath of nature that was delightful. The scent of violets was worth all the incense in the

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world; all the splendid marbles and priestly vestments seemed hard and cold when compared with the glorious colours of the cactus and the wild forms of the golden and gigantic aloes. The Favonian breeze played on the brow of this beautiful hill, and the exquisite palm trees, while they bowed their rustling heads, answered in responsive chorus to the antiphon of nature.

The dreary look that had been so long imprinted on the face of Lothair melted away.

'Tis well that we came, is it not?' said Catesby; 'and now we will seat ourselves.' Below and before them, on an undulating site, a city of palaces and churches spread out its august form, enclosing within its ample walls sometimes a wilderness of classic ruins—column and arch and theatre—sometimes the umbrageous spread of princely gardens. A winding and turbid river divided the city in unequal parts, in one of which there rose a vast and glorious

temple, crowned with a dome of almost superhuman size and skill, on which the favourite sign of heaven flashed with triumphant truth.

The expression of relief which, for a moment, had reposed on the face of Lothair, left it when he said in an agitated voice, 'I at length behold Rome!'

### CHAPTER II.

THE recognition of Rome by Lothair evinced not only a consciousness of locality, but an interest in it not before exhibited; and the Monsignore soon after seized the opportunity of drawing the mind of his companion to the past, and feeling how far he now realised the occurrences that immediately preceded his arrival in the city. But Lothair would not dwell on them. 'I wish to think of nothing,' he said, 'that happened before I entered this city: all I desire now is to know those to whom I am indebted for my preservation in a condition that seemed hopeless.'

'There is nothing hopeless with Divine aid,' said the Monsignore; 'but, humanly speaking, you are indebted for your preservation to English friends, long and inti-

mately cherished. It is under their roof that you dwell, the Agostini palace, tenanted by Lord St. Jerome.'

- 'Lord St. Jerome!' murmured Lothair to himself.
- 'And the ladies of his house are those who, only with some slight assistance from my poor self, tended you throughout your most desperate state, and when we sometimes almost feared that mind and body were alike wrecked.'
- 'I have a dream of angels,' said Lothair; and sometimes I listened to heavenly voices that I seemed to have heard before.'
- 'I am sure you have not forgotten the ladies of that house?' said Catesby watching his countenance.
- 'No; one of them summoned me to meet her at Rome,' murmured Lothair, 'and I am here.'
- 'That summons was divine,' said Catesby, 'and only the herald of the great event that was ordained and has since occurred. In this holy city, Miss Arundel must ever count as the most sanctified of her sex.'

Lothair relapsed into silence, which subsequently appeared to be meditation, for when the carriage stopped, and the Monsignore assisted him to alight, he said, 'I must see Lord St. Jerome.'

And in the afternoon, with due and preparatory announcement, Lord St. Jerome waited on Lothair. The Monsignore ushered him into the chamber, and, though he left them as it were alone, never quitted it. He watched them conversing, while he seemed to be arranging books and flowers; he hovered over the conference, dropping down on them at a critical moment, when the words became either languid or embarrassing. Lord St. Jerome was a hearty man, simple and high-bred. He addressed Lothair with all his former kindness, but with some degree of reserve, and even a dash of ceremony. Lothair was not insensible to the alteration in his manner, but could ascribe it to many causes. himself resolved to make an effort, when Lord St. Jerome rose to depart, and expressed the intention of Lady St. Jerome to wait on him on the morrow. 'No, my dear Lord,' said Lothair; 'to-morrow I make my first visit, and it shall be to my best friends. I would try to come this evening, but they will not be alone; and I must see them alone, if it be only once.'

This visit of the morrow rather pressed on the nervous system of Lothair. no slight enterprise, and called up many recollections. He brooded over his engagement during the whole evening, and his night was disturbed. His memory, long in a state of apathy, or curbed and controlled into indifference, seemed endowed with unnatural vitality, reproducing the history of his past life in rapid and exhausting All its scenes rose before him— Brentham, and Vauxe, and Muriel—and closing with one absorbing spot, which, for a long time, it avoided, and in which all merged and ended—Belmont. Then came that anguish of the heart, which none can feel but those who in the youth of life have lost some one infinitely fascinating and dear, and the wild query why he too had not fallen on the fatal plain which had entombed all the hope and inspiration of his existence.

The interview was not so trying an incident as Lothair anticipated, as often under such circumstances occurs. Miss Arundel was not present; and in the second place, although Lothair could not at first be insensible to a change in the manner of Lady St. Jerome, as well as in that of her lord, exhibiting as it did a degree of deference and ceremony which with her towards him were quite unusual, still the genial, gushing nature of this lively and enthusiastic woman, full of sympathy, soon asserted itself, and her heart was overflowing with sorrow for all his sufferings, and gratitude for his escape.

'And after all,' she said, 'everything must have been ordained; and, without these trials and even calamities, that great event could not have been brought

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about which must make all hail you as the most favoured of men.'

Lothair stared with a look of perplexity and then said, 'If I be the most favoured of men, it is only because two angelic beings have deigned to minister to me in my sorrow, with a sweet devotion I can never forget, and, alas! can never repay.'

#### CHAPTER III.

LOTHAIR was not destined to meet Clare Arundel alone or only in the presence of her family. He had acceded, after a short time, to the wish of Lady St. Jerome, and the advice of Monsignore Catesby, to wait on her in the evening, when Lady St. Jerome was always at home and never alone. rooms were the privileged resort of the very cream of Roman society and of those English who, like herself, had returned to the Roman Church. An Italian palace supplied an excellent occasion for the display of the peculiar genius of our countrywomen to make a place habitable. ful carpets, baskets of flowers, and cases of ferns, and chairs which you could sit upon, tables covered with an infinity of toys,sparkling, useful, and fantastic, — huge silken screens of rich colour, and a profusion of light, produced a scene of combined comfort and brilliancy which made every one social who entered it, and seemed to give a bright and graceful turn even to the careless remarks of ordinary gossip.

Lady St. Jerome rose the moment her eye caught the entry of Lothair, and, advancing, received him with an air of ceremony mixed, however, with an expression of personal devotion which was distressing to him, and singularly contrasted with the easy and genial receptions that he remembered at Vauxe. Then Lady St. Jerome led Lothair to her companion whom she had just quitted, and presented him to the Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento, a dame in whose veins, it was said, flowed both consular and pontifical blood of the rarest tint.

The Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento was the greatest lady in Rome; had still vast possessions — palaces and villas and vineyards and broad farms. Notwithstanding all that had occurred, she still looked upon

the kings and emperors of the world as the mere servants of the Pope, and on the old Roman nobility as still the Conscript Fathers of the world. Her other characteristic was So she was most superstition. guished by an irrepressible haughtiness and an illimitable credulity. softening circumstance was that, being in the hands of the Jesuits, her religion did not assume an ascetic or gloomy charac-She was fond of society, and liked to show her wondrous jewels, which were still unrivalled, although she had presented His Holiness in his troubles with a tiara of diamonds.

There were rumours that the Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento had on occasions treated even the highest nobility of England with a certain indifference; and all agreed that to laymen, however distinguished, her Highness was not prone too easily to relax. But, in the present instance, it is difficult to convey a due conception of the graciousness of her demeanour when

Lothair bent before her. She appeared even agitated, almost rose from her seat, and blushed through her rouge. Lady St. Jerome, guiding Lothair into her vacant seat, walked away.

- 'We shall never forget what you have done for us,' said the Princess to Lothair.
- 'I have done nothing,' said Lothair, with a surprised air.
- 'Ah, that is so like gifted beings like you,' said the Princess. 'They never will think they have done anything, even were they to save the world.'
- 'You are too gracious, Princess,' said Lothair; 'I have no claims to esteem which all must so value.'
- 'Who has, if you have not?' rejoined the Princess. 'Yes, it is to you and to you alone that we must look. I am very impartial in what I say, for, to be frank, I have not been of those who believed that the great champion would rise without the patrimony of St. Peter. I am ashamed to say that I have even looked with jealousy

on the energy that has been shown by individuals in other countries; but I now confess that I was in error. I cannot resist this manifestation. It is a privilege to have lived when it happened. All that we can do now is to cherish your favoured life.'

- 'You are too kind, Madam,' murmured the perplexed Lothair.
- 'I have done nothing,' rejoined the Princess, 'and am ashamed that I have done nothing. But it is well for you, at this season, to be at Rome; and you cannot be better, I am sure, than under this roof. But when the spring breaks, I hope you will honour me, by accepting for your use a villa which I have at Albano, and which at that season has many charms.'

There were other Roman ladies in the room only inferior in rank and importance to the Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento; and in the course of the evening, at their earnest request, they were made acquainted with Lothair, for it cannot be said he was presented to them. These ladies, generally so

There were some cardinals in the apartment and several monsignori. Catesby was there in close attendance on a pretty English countess who had just 'gone over.' Her husband had been at first very much distressed at the event, and tore himself from the severe duties of the House of Lords in the hope that he might yet arrive in time at Rome to save her soul. But he was too late; and, strange to say, being of a domestic turn, and disliking family dissensions, he remained at Rome during the rest of the session, and finally 'went over' himself.

Later in the evening arrived his Eminence Cardinal Berwick, for our friend had gained and bravely gained the great object of a churchman's ambition, and which even our Laud was thinking at one time of accepting, although he was to remain a firm Anglican. In the death-struggle between the Church and the Secret Societies, Berwick had been

the victor, and no one in the Sacred College more truly deserved the scarlet hat.

His Eminence had a reverence of radiant devotion for the Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento, a glance of friendship for Lady St. Jerome, for all a courtly and benignant smile; but when he recognised Lothair, he started forward, seized and retained his hand, and then seemed speechless with emotion. 'Ah! my comrade in the great struggle,' he at length exclaimed; 'this is indeed a pleasure, and to see you here!'

Early in the evening, while Lothair was sitting by the side of the Princess, his eye had wandered round the room, not unsuccessfully, in search of Miss Arundel; and when he was free he would immediately have approached her, but she was in conversation with a Roman prince. Then when she was for a moment free, he was himself engaged; and at last he had to quit abruptly a cardinal of taste, who was describing to him a statue just discovered in the baths of Diocletian, in order to seize the occasion that again offered itself.

Her manner was constrained when he addressed her, but she gave him her hand which he pressed to his lips. Looking deeply into her violet eyes he said, 'You summoned me to meet you at Rome; I am here.'

'And I summoned you to other things,' she answered, at first with hesitation and a blush; but then, as if rallying herself to the performance of a duty too high to allow of personal embarrassment, she added, 'all of which you will perform, as becomes one favoured by Heaven.'

'I have been favoured by you,' said Lothair, speaking low and hurriedly; 'to whom I owe my life and more than my life. Yes,' he continued, 'this is not the scene I would have chosen to express my gratitude to you for all that you have done for me, and my admiration of your sublime virtues; but I can no longer repress the feelings of my heart, though their utterance be as inadequate as your deeds have been transcendent.'

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- 'I was but the instrument of a higher Power.'
- 'We are all instruments of a higher Power, but the instruments chosen are always choice.'
- 'Ay! there it is,' said Miss Arundel; 'and that is what I rejoice you feel. For it is impossible that such a selection could have been made, as in your case, without your being reserved for great results.'
- 'I am but a shattered actor for great results,' said Lothair, shaking his head.
- 'You have had trials,' said Miss Arundel; 'so had St. Ignatius, so had St. Francis, and great temptations; but these are the tests of character, of will, of spiritual power—the fine gold is searched. All things that have happened have tended and been ordained to one end, and that was to make you the champion of the Church of which you are now more than the child.'
  - 'More than the child?'
- 'Indeed I think so. However, this is hardly the place and occasion to dwell on

such matters; and, indeed, I know your friends—my friends equally—are desirous that your convalescence should not be unnecessarily disturbed by what must be, however delightful, still agitating, thoughts; but you touched yourself unexpectedly on the theme, and at any rate you will pardon one who has the inconvenient quality of having only one thought.'

- 'Whatever you say or think must always interest me.'
- 'You are kind to say so. I suppose you know that our Cardinal, Cardinal Grandison, will be here in a few days?'

## CHAPTER IV.

Although the reception of Lothair by his old friends and by the leaders of the Roman world was in the highest degree flattering, there was something in its tone which was perplexing to him and ambiguous. they be ignorant of his Italian antecedents? Miss Arundel had admitted, Impossible. or rather declared, that he had experienced great trials, and even temptations. could only allude to what had occurred since their parting in England. But all this was now looked upon as satisfactory, because it was ordained, and tended to one end; and what was that end? His devotion to the Church of Rome, of which they admitted he was not formally a child.

It was true that his chief companion was a priest, and that he passed a great portion

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of his life within the walls of a church. But the priest was his familiar friend in England, who in a foreign land had nursed him with devotion in a desperate illness; and although in the great calamities, physical and moral, that had overwhelmed him, he had found solace in the beautiful services of a religion which he respected, no one for a moment had taken advantage of this mood of his suffering and enfeebled mind to entrap him into controversy, or to betray him into admissions that he might afterwards consider precipitate and immature. nothing could be more delicate than the conduct of the Jesuit fathers throughout his communications with them. They seemed sincerely gratified that a suffering fellowcreature should find even temporary consolation within their fair and consecrated structure; their voices modulated with sympathy; their glances gushed with fraternal affection; their affectionate politeness contrived, in a thousand slight instances, the selection of a mass, the arrangement of a picture, the loan of a book, to contribute to the interesting or elegant distraction of his forlorn and brooding being.

And yet Lothair began to feel uneasy, and his uneasiness increased proportionately his health improved. He sometimes thought that he should like to make an effort and get about a little in the world; but he was very weak, and without any of the resources to which he had been accustomed throughout life. He had no servants of his own, no carriages, no man of business, no banker; and when at last he tried to bring himself to write to Mr. Putney Giles—a painful task—Monsignore Catesby offered to undertake his whole correspondence for him, and announced that his medical attendants had declared that he must under no circumstances whatever at present write attempt to Hitherto he had been without money, which was lavishly supplied for his physicians and other wants; and he would have been without clothes if the most fashionable

tailor in Rome, a German, had not been in frequent attendance on him under the direction of Monsignore Catesby, who in fact had organised his wardrobe as he did everything else.

Somehow or other Lothair never seemed When he woke in the morning the Monsignore was frequently kneeling before an oratory in his room, and if by any chance Lothair was wanting at Lady St. Jerome's reception, Father Coleman, who was now on a visit to the family, would look in and pass the evening with him, as men who keep a gaming table find it discreet occasionally to change the dealer. is a huge and even stupendous pile—that Palazzo Agostini, and yet Lothair never tried to thread his way through its vestibules and galleries, or attempt a reconnaissance of its endless chambers without some monsignore or other gliding up quite apropos, and relieving him from the dulness of solitary existence during the rest of his promenade.

Lothair was relieved by hearing that his former guardian, Cardinal Grandison, was daily expected at Rome; and he revolved in his mind whether he should not speak to his Eminence generally on the system of his life, which he felt now required some modification. In the interval, however, no change did occur. Lothair attended every day the services of the church, and every evening the receptions of Lady St. Jerome; and between the discharge of these two duties he took a drive with a priest—sometimes with more than one, but always most agreeable men—generally in the environs of the city, or visited a convent, or a villa, some beautiful gardens, or a gallery of works of art.

It was at Lady St. Jerome's that Lothair met his former guardian. The Cardinal had only arrived in the morning. His manner to Lothair was affectionate. He retained Lothair's hand and pressed it with his pale, thin fingers; his attenuated countenance blazed for a moment with a divine light. / http://www.hathitrust.org/access use#pd-google

- 'I have long wished to see you, sir,' said Lothair, 'and much wish to talk with you.'
- 'I can hear nothing from you nor of you but what must be most pleasing to me,' said the Cardinal.
- wish I could believe that,' Lothair.

The Cardinal caressed him; put his arm round Lothair's neck and said, 'There is no time like the present. Let us walk together in this gallery,' and they withdrew naturally from the immediate scene.

- 'You know all that has happened, I daresay,' said Lothair with embarrassment and with a sigh, 'since we parted in England, sir.'
- 'All,' said the Cardinal. 'It has been a most striking and merciful dispensation.'
- 'Then I need not dwell upon it,' said Lothair, 'and naturally it would be most What I wish particularly to speak to you about is my position under this What I owe to those who dwell under it no language can describe, and no

efforts on my part, and they shall be unceasing, can repay. But I think the time has come when I ought no longer to trespass on their affectionate devotion, though, when I allude to the topic, they seem to misinterpret the motives which influence me, and to be pained rather than relieved by my suggestions. I cannot bear being looked upon as ungrateful, when in fact I am devoted to them. I think, sir, you might help me in putting all this right.'

'If it be necessary,' said the Cardinal; but I apprehend you misconceive them. When I last left Rome you were very ill, but Lady St. Jerome and others have written to me almost daily about you during my absence, so that I am familiar with all that has occurred, and quite cognisant of their feelings. Rest assured that, towards yourself, they are exactly what they ought to be and what you would desire.'

'Well I am glad,' said Lothair, 'that you are acquainted with everything that has happened, for you can put them right if it

be necessary; but I sometimes cannot help fancying that they are under some false impression both as to my conduct and my convictions.'

- 'Not in the slightest,' said the Cardinal, 'trust me, my dear friend, for that. They know everything and appreciate everything; and great as, no doubt, have been your sufferings, feel that everything has been ordained for the best; that the hand of the Almighty has been visible throughout all these strange events; that His Church was never more clearly built upon a rock than at this moment; that this great manifestation will revive, and even restore, the faith of Christendom; and that you yourself must be looked upon as one of the most favoured of men.'
- 'Everybody says that,' said Lothair rather peevishly.
- 'And everybody feels it,' said the Cardinal.
- 'Well, to revert to lesser points,' said Lothair, 'I do not say I want to return to

England, for I dread returning to England, and do not know whether I shall ever go back there; and at any rate I doubt not my health at present is unequal to the effort; but I should like some change in my mode of life. I will not say it is too much controlled, for nothing seems ever done without first consulting me; but, some how or other, we are always in the I wish to see more of the same groove. world; I wish to see Rome, and the people of Rome. I wish to see and do many things which, if I mention, it would seem to hurt the feelings of others, and my own are misconceived, but if mentioned by you all would probably be different.'

'I understand you, my dear young friend, my child, I will still say,' said the Cardinal. 'Nothing can be more reasonable than what you suggest. No doubt our friends may be a little too anxious about you, but they are the best people in the world. You appear to me to be quite well enough now to make more exertion than hitherto they

have thought you capable of. They see you every day, and cannot judge so well of you as I who have been absent. I will charge myself to effect all your wishes. And we will begin by my taking you out to-morrow and your driving with me about the city. I will show you Rome and the Roman people.'

Accordingly, on the morrow, Cardinal Grandison and his late pupil visited together Rome and the Romans. And first of all Lothair was presented to the Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda, who presides ecclesiastical affairs of every country in which the Roman Church has a mission, and that includes every land between the Arctic and the Southern Pole. This glimpse of the organised correspondence with both the Americas, all Asia, all Africa, all Australia, and many European countries, carried on by a countless staff of clerks in one of the most capacious buildings in the world, was calculated to impress the visitor with a due idea of the extensive

authority of the Roman Pontiff. institution, greater, according to the Cardinal, than any which existed in ancient Rome, was to propagate the faith, the purity of which the next establishment they visited was to maintain. to Cardinal Grandison there never was a body the character of which had been so wilfully and so malignantly misrepresented as that of the Roman Inquisition. object is reformation not punishment, and therefore pardon was sure to follow the admission of error. True it was there were revolting stories afloat, for which there was undoubtedly some foundation, though their exaggeration and malice were evident, of the ruthless conduct of the Inquisition; but these details were entirely confined to Spain, and were the consequences not of the principles of the Holy Office, but of the Spanish race, poisoned by Moorish and Jewish blood, or by long contact with those inhuman infidels. it not been for the Inquisition organising and directing the mitigating influences of the Church, Spain would have been a land of wild beasts; and even in quite modern times it was the Holy Office at Rome which always stepped forward to protect the persecuted, and, by the power of appeal from Madrid to Rome, saved the lives of those who were unjustly or extravagantly accused.

'The real business however of the Holy Office now,' continued the Cardinal, 'is in reality only doctrinal; and there is something truly sublime, essentially divine, I would say, in this idea of an old man, like the Holy Father, himself the object of ceaseless persecution by all the children of Satan, never for a moment relaxing his heaven-inspired efforts to maintain purity of the faith once delivered to the Saints, and at the same time to propagate it throughout the whole world, so that there should be no land on which the sun shines that should not afford means of salvation to suffering man. Yes, the Propaganda and the Inquisition alone are sufficient to / http://www.hathitrust.org/access use#pd-google

vindicate the sacred claims of Rome. Compared with them mere secular and human institutions, however exalted, sink into insignificance.'

These excursions with the Cardinal were not only repeated, but became almost of daily occurrence. The Cardinal took Lothair with him in his visits of business, and introduced him to the eminent characters of Some of these priests were illustrious scholars, or votaries of science, whose names were quoted with respect and as authority in the circles of cosmopolitan Then there were other instiphilosophy. Rome, tutions at which the snatched occasions to visit, and which, if not so awfully venerable as the Propaganda and the Inquisition, nevertheless testified to the advanced civilisation of Rome and the Romans, and the enlightened administration of the Holy Father. According to Cardinal Grandison, all the great modern improvements in the administration of hospitals and prisons originated in the eternal

city; scientific ventilation, popular lavatories, the cellular or silent system, the reformatory. And yet these were nothing compared with the achievements of the Pontifical Government in education. In short, complete popular education only existed at Rome. Its schools were more numerous even than its fountains. Gratuitous instruction originated with the ecclesiastics; and from the night school to the university here might be found the perfect type.

'I really believe,' said the Cardinal, 'that a more virtuous, a more religious, a more happy and contented people than the Romans never existed. They could all be kept in order with the police of one of your counties. True it is the Holy Father is obliged to garrison the city with twelve thousand men of all arms, but not against the Romans, not against his own subjects. It is the Secret Societies of Atheism who have established their lodges in this city, entirely consisting of foreigners, that render these lamentable precautions necessary. They

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will not rest until they have extirpated the religious principle from the soul of man, and until they have reduced him to the condition of wild beasts. But they will fail, as they failed the other day, as Sennacherib failed. These men may conquer Zouaves and Cuirassiers, but they cannot fight against Saint Michael and all the Angels. They may do mischief, they may aggravate and prolong the misery of man, but they are doomed to entire and eternal failure.'

## CHAPTER V.

LADY ST. JEROME was much interested in the accounts which the Cardinal and Lothair gave her of their excursions in the city and their visits.

'It is very true,' she said, 'I never knew such good people; and they ought to be; so favoured by Heaven, and leading a life which, if anything earthly can, must give them, however faint, some foretaste of our joys hereafter. Did your Eminence visit the Pellegrini?' This was the hospital where Miss Arundel had found Lothair.

The Cardinal looked grave. 'No,' he replied. 'My object was to secure for our young friend some interesting but not agitating distraction from certain ideas which, however admirable and transcendently important, are nevertheless too high

and profound to permit their constant contemplation with impunity to our infirm natures. Besides,' he added, in a lower, but still distinct tone, 'I was myself unwilling to visit in a mere casual manner the scene of what I must consider the greatest event of this century.'

'But you have been there?' enquired Lady St. Jerome.

His Eminence crossed himself.

In the course of the evening Monsignore Catesby told Lothair that a grand service was about to be celebrated at the church of St. George: thanks were to be offered to the Blessed Virgin by Miss Arundel for the miraculous mercy vouchsafed to her in saving the life of a countryman, Lothair. 'All her friends will make a point of being there,' added the Monsignore, 'even the Protestants and some Russians. Miss Arundel was very unwilling at first to fulfil this office, but the Holy Father has commanded it. I know that nothing will induce her to ask you to attend; and yet, if I were you, I

would turn it over in your mind. I know she said that she would sooner that you were present than all her English friends together. However, you can think about it. One likes to do what is proper.'

One does; and yet it is difficult. Sometimes in doing what we think proper, we get into irremediable scrapes; and often, what we hold to be proper, society in its caprice resolves to be highly improper.

Lady St. Jerome had wished Lothair to see Tivoli, and they were all consulting together when they might go there. Lord St. Jerome who, besides his hunters, had his drag at Rome, wanted to drive them to the place. Lothair sate opposite Miss Arundel, gazing on her beauty. It was like being at Vauxe again. And yet a great deal had happened since they were at Vauxe; and what? So far as they two were concerned, nothing but what should create or confirm relations of confidence and affection. Whatever may have been the influence of others

on his existence, hers at least had been one of infinite benignity. She had saved his life, she had cherished it. She had raised him from the lowest depth of physical and moral prostration to health and compara-If at Vauxe he had beheld tive serenity. her with admiration, had listened with fascinated interest to the fervid expression of her saintly thoughts, and the large purposes of her heroic mind, all these feelings were naturally heightened now when he had witnessed her lofty and consecrated spirit in action, and when that action in his own case had only been exercised for his ineffable advantage.

- 'Your uncle cannot go to-morrow,' continued Lady St. Jerome, 'and on Thursday I am engaged.'
- 'And on Friday ——' said Miss Arundel, hesitating.
- 'We are all engaged,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'I should hardly wish to go out before Friday anywhere,' said Miss Arundel,

speaking to her aunt, and in a lower tone.

Friday was the day on which the thanksgiving service was to be celebrated in the Jesuit church of St. George of Cappadocia. Lothair knew this well enough and was embarrassed: a thanksgiving for the mercy vouchsafed to Miss Arundel in saving the life of a fellow-countryman, and that fellow-countryman not present! All Protestant friends would be there, and some Russians. And he not there! It seemed, on his part, the most ungracious and intolerable conduct. And he knew that she would prefer his presence to that of all her acquaintances together. more than ungracious on his part; it was ungrateful, almost inhuman.

Lothair sate silent, and stupid, and stiff, and dissatisfied with himself. Once or twice he tried to speak, but his tongue would not move, or his throat was not clear. And if he had spoken, he would only have made some trifling and awkward

remark. In his mind's eye he saw, gliding about him, the veiled figure of his sick room, and he recalled with clearness the unceasing and angelic tenderness of which at the time he seemed hardly conscious.

Miss Arundel had risen and had proceeded some way down the room to a cabinet where she was accustomed to place her work. Suddenly Lothair rose and followed her. 'Miss Arundel!' he said, and she looked round, hardly stopping when he had reached her. 'Miss Arundel, I hope you will permit me to be present at the celebration on Friday?'

She turned round quickly, extending, even eagerly, her hand with mantling cheek. Her eyes glittered with celestial fire. The words hurried from her palpitating lips: 'And support me,' she said, 'for I need support.'

In the evening reception, Monsignore Catesby approached Father Coleman. 'It is done,' he said, with a look of saintly triumph. 'It is done at last. He will not only be present, but he will support her. There are yet eight and forty hours to elapse. Can anything happen to defeat us? It would seem not; yet when so much is at stake, one is fearful. He must never be out of our sight; not a human being must approach him.'

'I think we can manage that,' said Father Coleman.

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## CHAPTER VI.

THE Jesuit church of St. George of Cappadocia was situate in one of the finest of Rome. It was surrounded with arcades, and in its centre the most beautiful fountain of the city spouted forth its streams to an amazing height, and in forms of graceful fancy. day morning the arcades were festooned with tapestry and hangings of crimson velvet and gold. Every part was crowded, and all the rank and fashion and power of seemed to be there assembling. There had been once some intention on the part of the Holy Father to be present, but a slight indisposition had rendered that not desirable. His Holiness, however, had ordered a company of his halberdiers to attend, and the ground was kept by those

wonderful guards in the dress of the middle ages—halberds and ruffs, and white plumes, and party-coloured coats, a match for our Carriages with beefeaters. scarlet brellas on the box, and each with three serving men behind, denoted the presence of the cardinals in force. They were usually brilliant equipages, being sufficiently new, or sufficiently new purchases, Garibaldi and the late commanding officer of Lothair having burnt most of the ancient coaches in the time of the Roman Republic twenty years before. From each carriage an eminence descended with his scarlet cap and his purple train borne by two attendants. The Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento was there, and most of the Roman princes and princesses and dukes and duch-It seemed that the whole court of Rome was there—monsignori and prelates Some of their dresses, and without end. those of the generals of the orders, appropriately varied the general effect, for the ladies were all in black, their heads covered only with black veils.

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- 'Where shall we find a place?' said Lothair.
- 'They expect us in the sacristy,' said the Monsignore.

The sacristy of the Jesuit church of St. George of Cappadocia might have served for the ball-room of a palace. It was lofty, and proportionately spacious, with a grooved ceiling painted with all the court of heaven. Above the broad and richly gilt cornice floated a company of Seraphim that might have figured as the Cupids of Albano. The apartment was crowded, for there and

in some adjoining chambers were assembled the cardinals and prelates, and all the distinguished or official characters, who, in a few minutes, were about to form a procession of almost unequal splendour and sanctity, and which was to parade the whole body of the church.

Lothair felt nervous; an indefinable depression came over him, as on the morning of a contest when a candidate enters his crowded committee-room. Considerable personages bowing, approached to address him—the Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda, the Cardinal Assessor of the Holy Office, the Cardinal Pro-Datario, and the of Rome. Cardinal Vicar Monsignori the Secretary of Briefs to Princes and the Master of the Apostolic Palace were presented to him. Had this been a conclave, and Lothair the future Pope, it would have been impossible to have treated him with more consideration than he experienced. They assured him that they looked upon this day as one of the most interesting in their lives, and the importance of which to the Church could not be overrated. this somewhat encouraged him, and he was more himself when a certain general stir, and the entrance of individuals from adjoining apartments, intimated that proceedings were about to commence. seemed difficult to marshal so considerable and so stately an assemblage, but those who had the management of affairs were experienced in such matters. The acolytes and the thurifers fell into their places; there seemed no end of banners and large golden crosses; great was the company of the prelates—a long purple line, some only in cassocks, some in robes, and mitred; then came a new banner of the Blessed Virgin, which excited intense interest, and every eye was strained to catch the pic-After this banner, amid scene. frequent incense, walked two of the most beautiful children in Rome, dressed as angels with golden wings; the boy bearing a rose of Jericho, the girl a lily. After these, as was understood, dressed in black and veiled, walked six ladies, who were said to be daughters of the noblest houses of England, and then a single form with a veil touching the ground. 'Here we must go,' said Monsignore

'Here we must go,' said Monsignore Catesby to Lothair, and he gently but irresistibly pushed him into his place. 'You know you promised to support her. You had better take this,' he said, thrusting a lighted taper into his hand; 'it is usual, and one should never be singular.'

So they walked on, followed by the Roman princes, bearing a splendid baldachin. And then came the pomp of the cardinals, each with his train-bearers, exhibiting with the skill of artists the splendour of their violet robes.

As the head of the procession emerged from the sacristy into the church, three organs and a choir, to which all the Roman churches had lent their choicest voices, burst into the Te Deum. Round the church and to all the chapels, and then / http://www.hathitrust.org/access use#pd-google

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up the noble nave, the majestic procession moved, and then the gates of the holy place opening, the cardinals entered and seated themselves, their train-bearers crouching at their knees, the prelates grouped themselves, and the banners and crosses were ranged in the distance, except the new banner of the Virgin, which seemed to hang over the altar. The Holy One seemed to be in what was recently a field of battle, and was addressing a beautiful maiden in the dress of a Sister of Mercy.

'This is your place,' said Monsignore Catesby, and he pushed Lothair into a prominent position.

The service was long, but sustained by exquisite music, celestial perfumes, and the graceful movements of priests in resplendent dresses continually changing, it could not be said to be wearisome. When all was over, Monsignore Catesby said to Lothair, 'I think we had better return by the public way; it seems expected.'

It was not easy to leave the church.

Lothair was detained, and received the congratulations of the Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento and many others. The crowd, much excited by the carriages of the cardinals, had not diminished when they came forth, and they were obliged to linger some little time upon the steps, the Monsignore making difficulties when Lothair more than once proposed to advance.

'I think we may go now,' said Catesby, and they descended into the piazza. Immediately many persons in their immediate neighbourhood fell upon their knees, many asked a blessing from Lothair, and some rushed forward to kiss the hem of his garment.

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## CHAPTER VII.

THE Princess Tarpeia-Cinque Cento gave an entertainment in the evening in honour of 'the great event.' Italian palaces are so vast, are so ill-adapted to the moderate establishments of modern times, that their grand style in general only impresses those who visit them with a feeling of disappointment and even mortification. meagre retinue are almost invisible as they creep about the corridors and galleries, and linger in the sequence of lofty chambers. These should be filled with crowds of serving men and groups of splendid re-They were built for the days when a great man was obliged to have a great following; and when the safety of his person, as well as the success of his

career, depended on the number and the lustre of his train.

The palace of the Princess Tarpeia was the most celebrated in Rome, one of the most ancient, and certainly the most beautiful. She dwelt in it in a manner not unworthy of her consular blood and her To-night her guests were modern income. received by a long line of foot servants in showy liveries, and bearing the badge of her house, while in every convenient spot pages and gentlemen ushers in courtly dress guided the guests to their place of The palace blazed with light, destination. and showed to advantage the thousand pictures which, it is said, were there enshrined, and the long galleries full of the pale statues of Grecian gods and goddesses and the busts of the former rulers of Rome and the Romans. The atmosphere was fragrant with rare odours, and music was heard amid the fall of fountains in the dim but fancifully illumined gardens.

The Princess herself wore all those

famous jewels which had been spared by all the Goths from the days of Brennus to those of Garibaldi, and on her bosom reposed the celebrated transparent cameo of Augustus, which Cæsar himself is said to have presented to Livia, and which Benvenuto Cellini had set in a framework of Cupids and rubies. If the weight of her magnificence were sometimes distressing, she had the consolation of being supported by the arm of Lothair.

Two young Roman princes, members of the Guarda Nobile, discussed the situation.

- 'The English here say,' said one, 'that he is their richest man.'
  - 'And very noble, too,' said the other.
- 'Certainly, truly noble—a kind of cousin of the Queen.'
- 'This great event must have an effect upon all their nobility. I cannot doubt they will all return to the Holy Father.'
- 'They would if they were not afraid of having to restore their church lands. But they would be much more happy if Rome were again the capital of the world.'

- 'No shadow of doubt. I wonder if this young prince will hunt in the Campagna?'
  - 'All Englishmen hunt.'
- 'I make no doubt he rides well, and has famous horses, and will sometimes lend us I am glad his soul is saved.'
- 'Yes; it is well, when the Blessed Virgin interferes, it should be in favour of princes. When princes become good Christians it is an example. It does good. And this man will give an impulse to our opera, which wants it, and, as you say, he will have many horses.'

the course of the evening Arundel, with a beaming face but of deep expression, said to Lothair, 'I could tell you some good news had I not promised the Cardinal that he should communicate it to you himself. He will see you to-Although it does not affect me morrow. personally, it will be to me the happiest event that ever occurred, except, of course, one.'

'What can she mean?' thought Lothair.

But at that moment Cardinal Berwick approached him, and Miss Arundel glided away.

Father Coleman attended Lothair home to the Agostini Palace, and when they parted said with much emphasis, 'I must congratulate you once more on the great event.'

On the following morning, Lothair found on his table a number of the Roman journal published that day. It was customary to place it there, but in general he only glanced at it, and scarcely that. the present occasion his own name caught immediately his eye. It figured in a long account of the celebration of the preceding It was with a continually changing countenance, now scarlet, now pallid as death; with a palpitating heart, a trembling hand, a cold perspiration, and at length a disordered vision, that Lothair read the whole of an article, of which we now give a summary:

'Rome was congratulated on the service

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of yesterday which celebrated the greatest event of this century. And it came to It seems that a young pass in this wise. English noble, of the highest rank, family, and fortune (and here the name and titles of Lothair were accurately given), like many of the scions of the illustrious and influential families of Britain, was pelled by an irresistible motive to enlist as a volunteer in the service of the Pope, when the Holy Father was recently attacked by the Secret Societies of Atheism. gallant and gifted youth, after prodigies of valour and devotion, had fallen at Mentana in the sacred cause, and was given The day after the battle, up for lost. laden with when the ambulances wounded were hourly arriving at Rome from the field, an English lady, daughter of an illustrious house, celebrated throughout centuries for its devotion to the Holy See, and who during the present awful trial had never ceased in her efforts to support the cause of Christianity,

employed, as was her wont, in offices of charity, and was tending with her companion sisters her wounded countrymen at the hospital La Consolazione, in the new ward which has been recently added to that establishment by the Holy Father.

'While she was leaning over one of the beds, she felt a gentle and peculiar pressure on her shoulder, and, looking round, beheld a most beautiful woman, with a countenance of singular sweetness and yet majesty. And the visitor said, "You are attending to those English who believe in the Virgin Mary. Now at the Hospital Santissima Trinitá di Pellegrini there is in an ambulance a young Englishman apparently dead, but who will not die if you go to him immediately and say you came in the name of the Virgin."

'The influence of the stranger was so irresistible that the young English lady, attended by a nurse and one of the porters of La Consolazione, repaired instantly to the Di Pellegrini, and there they found in

the courtyard, as they had been told, an ambulance, in form and colour and equipment unlike any ambulance used by the papal troops, and in the ambulance the senseless body of a youth, who was recognised by the English lady as her young and gallant countryman. She claimed him in the name of the Blessed Virgin, and, after due remedies, was permitted to take him at once to his noble relatives, who lived in the Palazzo Agostini.

'After a short time much conversation began to circulate about this incident. The family wished to testify their gratitude to the individual whose information had led to the recovery of the body, and subsequently of the life of their relation; but all that they could at first learn at La Consolazione was, that the porter believed the woman was Maria Serafina di Angelis, the handsome wife of a tailor in the Strada di Ripetta. But it was soon shown that this could not be true, for it was proved that, on the day in question, Maria Sera-

fina di Angelis was on a visit to a friend at La Riccia; and, in the second place, that she did not bear the slightest resemblance to the stranger who had given the news. Moreover, the porter of the gate being required to state why he had admitted any stranger without the accustomed order, denied that he had so done; that he was in his lodge and the gates were locked, and the stranger had passed through without his knowledge.

'Two priests were descending the stairs when the stranger came upon them, and they were so struck by the peculiarity of her carriage, that they turned round and looked at her, and clearly observed at the back of her head a sort of halo. She was out of their sight when they made this observation, but in consequence of it they made enquiries of the porter of the gate, and remained in the courtyard till she returned.

'This she did a few minutes before the English lady and her attendants came down, as they had been detained by the preparation of some bandages and other remedies, without which they never moved. The porter of the gate having his attention called to the circumstance by the priests, was most careful in his observations as to the halo, and described it as most distinct. The priests then followed the stranger, who proceeded down a long and solitary street, made up in a great degree of garden and convent walls, and without a turning. They observed her stop and speak to two children, and then, though there was no house to enter and no street to turn into, she vanished.

'When they had reached the children they found each of them holding in its hand a beautiful flower. It seems the lady had given the boy a rose of Jericho, and to his sister a white and golden lily. Enquiring whether she had spoken to them, they answered that she had said, "Let these flowers be kept in remembrance of me; they will never fade." And truly, though

months had elapsed, these flowers had never failed, and, after the procession of yesterday, they were placed under crystal in the chapel of the Blessed Virgin in the Jesuit church of St. George of Cappadocia, and may be seen every day, and will be seen for ever in primeval freshness.

'This is the truthful account of what really occurred with respect to this memorable event, and as it was ascertained by a Consulta of the Holy Office, presided by the Cardinal Prefect himself. Holy Office is most severe in its inquisition of the truth, and though it well knows that the Divine presence never leaves His Church, it is most scrupulous in its investigations whenever any miraculous interposition is alleged. It was entirely by its exertions that the somewhat inconsistent and unsatisfactory evidence of the porter of the gate, in the first instance, was explained, cleared, and established; the whole chain of evidence worked out; all idle gossip and mere rumours rejected; and the evidence obtained of above twenty witnesses of all ranks of life, some of them members of the learned profession, and others military officers of undoubted honour and veracity, who witnessed the first appearance of the stranger at the Pellegrini, and the undoubted fact of the halo playing round her temples.

'The Consulta of the Holy Office could only draw one inference, sanctioned by the Holy Father himself, as to the character of the personage who thus deigned to appear and interpose; and no wonder that in the great function of yesterday, the eyes of all Rome were fixed upon Lothair as the most favoured of living men.'

He himself now felt as one sinking into an unfathomable abyss. The despair came over him that involves a man engaged in a hopeless contest with a remorseless power. All his life during the last year passed rushingly across his mind. He recalled the wiles that had been employed to induce him to attend a function in a Jesuits' chapel in an obscure nook of London; the same agencies had been employed there; then, as now, the influence of Clare Arundel had been introduced to sway him when all others had failed. Belmont had saved him then. There was no Belmont now. The last words of Theodora murmured in his ear like the awful voice of a distant sea. They were the diapason of all the thought and feeling of that profound and passionate spirit.

That seemed only a petty plot in London, and he had since sometimes smiled when he remembered how it had been baffled. Shallow apprehension! The petty plot was only part of a great and unceasing and triumphant conspiracy, and the obscure and inferior agencies which he had been rash enough to deride had consummated their commanded purpose in the eyes of all Europe, and with the aid of the great powers of the world.

He felt all the indignation natural to a sincere and high-spirited man, who finds

that he has been befooled by those whom he has trusted; but summoning all his powers to extricate himself from his desolate dilemma, he found himself without What public declaration on his part could alter the undeniable fact, now circulating throughout the world, that in the supernatural scene of yesterday he was the willing and the principal actor? Unquestionably he had been very imprudent, not only in that instance but in his habitual visits to the church; he felt all But he was torn and shattered, that now. infinitely distressed both in body and in mind; weak and miserable; and he thought he was leaning on angelic hearts, when he found himself in the embrace of spirits of another sphere.

In what a position of unexampled pain did he not now find himself! To feel it your duty to quit the faith in which you have been bred must involve an awful pang; but to be a renegade without the consolation of conscience, against your sense, against your will, alike for no celestial hope and no earthly object, this was agony mixed with self-contempt.

He remembered what Lady Corisande had once said to him about those who quitted their native church for the Roman communion. What would she say now? He marked in imagination the cloud of sorrow on her imperial brow and the scorn of her curled lip.

Whatever happened he could return to England — at least for many years, when all the things and persons he for would have disappeared, changed, which is worse; and then what would be the use of returning? He would go to America, or Australia, or the Indian or the interior of Africa; but even in all these places, according to the correspondence of the Propaganda, find Roman priests and active He felt himself a lost man; not free from faults in this matter, but punished beyond his errors. But this is the

fate of men who think they can struggle successfully with a supernatural power.

A servant opened a door and said in a loud voice, that, with his permission, his Eminence, the English Cardinal, would wait on him.

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## CHAPTER VIII.

It is proverbial to what drowning men will cling. Lothair, in his utter hopelessness, made a distinction between the Cardinal and the conspirators. The Cardinal had been absent from Rome during the greater portion of the residence of Lothair in that city. The Cardinal was his father's friend, an English gentleman, with an English education, once an Anglican, a man of the world, a man of honour, a good, kind-hearted Lothair explained the apparent and occasional co-operation of his Eminence with the others, by their making use of him without a due consciousness of their purpose on his part. Lothair remembered how delicately his former guardian had always treated the subject of religion in their conversations. The announcement of his visit instead of aggravating the distresses of Lothair, seemed, as all these considerations rapidly occurred to him, almost to impart a ray of hope.

- 'I see,' said the Cardinal, as he entered serene and graceful as usual, and glancing at the table, 'that you have been reading the account of our great act of yesterday.'
- 'Yes; and I have been reading it,' said Lothair reddening, 'with indignation; with alarm; I should add, with disgust.'
- 'How is this?' said the Cardinal feeling or affecting surprise.
- 'It is a tissue of falsehood and imposture,' continued Lothair; 'and I will take care that my opinion is known of it.'
- 'Do nothing rashly,' said the Cardinal.

  'This is an official journal, and I have reason to believe that nothing appears in it which is not drawn up, or well considered, by truly pious men.'
  - 'You yourself, sir, must know,' con-

tinued Lothair, 'that the whole of this statement is founded on falsehood.'

- 'Indeed I should be sorry to believe,' said the Cardinal, 'that there was a particle of misstatement, or even exaggeration, either in the base or the superstructure of the narrative.'
- 'Good God!' exclaimed Lothair. 'Why! take the very first allegation, that I fell at Mentana fighting in the ranks of the Holy Father. Every one knows that I fell fighting against him, and that I was almost slain by one of his chassepots. It is notorious; and though, as a matter of taste, I have not obtruded the fact in the society in which I have been recently living, I have never attempted to conceal it, and have not the slightest doubt that it must be as familiar to every member of that society as to your Eminence.'
- 'I know there are two narratives of your relations with the battle of Mentana,' observed the Cardinal quietly. 'The one accepted as authentic is that which appears

in this journal; the other account, which can only be traced to yourself, bears no doubt a somewhat different character; but considering that it is in the highest degree improbable, and that there is not a tittle of confirmatory or collateral evidence to extenuate its absolute unlikelihood, I hardly think you are justified in using, with reference to the statement in this article, the harsh expression which I am persuaded, on reflection, you will feel you have hastily used.'

- 'I think,' said Lothair with a kindling eye and a burning cheek, 'that I am the best judge of what I did at Mentana.'
- 'Well, well,' said the Cardinal with dulcet calmness, 'you naturally think so; but you must remember you have been very ill, my dear young friend, and labouring under much excitement. If I were you, and I speak as your friend, I hope your best one, I would not dwell too much on this fancy of yours about the battle of Mentana. I would myself always

deal tenderly with a fixed idea: harsh attempts to terminate hallucination are seldom successful. Nevertheless, in the case of a public event, a matter of fact, if a man finds that he is of one opinion and all orders of society of another, he should not be encouraged to dwell on a perverted view; he should be gradually weaned from it.'

- 'You amaze me!' said Lothair.
- 'Not at all,' said the Cardinal. 'I am sure you will benefit by my advice. And you must already perceive that, assuming the interpretation which the world without exception places on your conduct in the field to be the just one, there really is not a single circumstance in the whole of this interesting and important statement, the accuracy of which you yourself would for a moment dispute.'
- 'What is there said about me at Mentana makes me doubt of all the rest,' said Lothair.
  - ' Well, we will not dwell on Mentana,'

said the Cardinal with a sweet smile; have treated of that point. case is by no means an uncommon one. It will wear off with returning health. King George IV. believed that he was at the battle of Waterloo, and indeed commanded there; and his friends were at one time a little alarmed; but Knighton, who was a sensible man, said, 'His Majesty has only to leave off Curaçoa, and rest assured he will gain no more victories.' The rest of this statement, which is to-day officially communicated to the whole world, and which in its results will probably be not less important even than the celebration of the Centenary of St. Peter, is established by evidence so incontestable—by witnesses so numerous, so various—in all the circumstances and accidents of testimony so satisfactory—I may say so irresistible, that controversy on this head would be a mere impertinence and waste of time.'

- 'I am not convinced,' said Lothair.
- 'Hush!' said the Cardinal, 'the freaks

of your own mind about personal incidents, however lamentable, may be viewed with indulgence—at least for a time. cannot be permitted to doubt of the rest. You must be convinced, and on reflection you will be convinced. Remember, sir, where you are. You are in the centre of Christendom, where truth, and where alone truth resides. Divine authority has perused this paper and approved it. published for the joy and satisfaction of two hundred millions of Christians, and for the salvation of all those who unhappily for themselves are not yet converted to the It records the most memorable event of this century. Our Blessed Lady has personally appeared to her votaries before during that period, but never at Wisely and well she has worked in villages and among the illiterate as at the beginning did her Divine Son. But the time is now ripe for terminating the infidelity of the world. In the eternal city, amid all its matchless learning and profound

theology, in the sight of thousands, this great act has been accomplished, in a manner which can admit of no doubt, and which can lead to no controversy. of the most notorious atheists of Rome have already solicited to be admitted to the offices of the Church; the Secret Societies have received their death-blow; I look to the alienation of England as virtually over. I am panting to see you return to the home of your fathers and reconquer it for the Church in the name of the Lord God of Sabaoth. Never was a man in a greater position since Godfrey or Ignatius. eyes of all Christendom are upon you as the most favoured of men, and you stand there like Saint Thomas.'

- 'Perhaps he was as bewildered as I am,' said Lothair.
- 'Well, his bewilderment ended in his becoming an apostle, as yours will. I am glad we have had this conversation and that we agree; I knew we should. But now I wish to speak to you on business,

and very grave. The world assumes that being the favoured of Heaven you naturally and necessarily a member of the I, your late guardian, know that is not the case, and sometimes I blame myself that it is not so. But I have ever scrupulously refrained from attempting to control your convictions; and the result has justified me. Heaven  $\mathbf{has}$ your life, and I have now to impart to you the most gratifying intelligence that can be communicated by man, and that the Holy Father will to-morrow himself receive you into the bosom of that Church of which he Christendom will then is the divine head. hail you as its champion and regenerator, and thus will be realised the divine dream with which you were inspired in our morning walk in the park at Vauxe.'

## CHAPTER IX.

It was the darkest hour in Lothair's life. He had become acquainted with sorrow; he had experienced calamities physical and The death of Theodora had shaken It was that first great him to the centre. grief which makes a man acquainted with his deepest feelings, which detracts something from the buoyancy of the youngest life, and dims, to a certain degree, the lustre of existence. But even that bereavement was mitigated by distractions alike inevitable and ennobling. The sternest and highest of all obligations, military duty, claimed him with an unfaltering grasp, and the clarion sounded almost as he closed her Then he went forth to struggle for a cause which at least she believed to be just and sublime; and if his own convictions on that head might be less assured or precise, still there was doubtless much that was inspiring in the contest, and much dependent on the success of himself and his comrades that tended to the elevation of man.

But, now, there was not a single circumstance to sustain his involved and sinking life. A renegade—a renegade without conviction, without necessity, in absolute violation of the pledge he had given to the person he most honoured and most loved, as he received her parting spirit! And why was all this? and how was all What system of sorcery had encompassed his existence? For he was spell-bound — as much as any knight in fairy tale whom malignant influences had robbed of his valour and will and virtue. No sane person could credit, even comprehend, his position. Had he the opportunity of stating it in a court of justice to-morrow, he could only enter into a narrative which would decide his lot as an insane being. The magical rites had been so gradual, so subtle, so multifarious, all in appearance independent of each other, though in reality scientifically combined, that while the conspirators had probably effected his ruin both in body and in soul, the only charges he could make against them would be acts of exquisite charity, tenderness, self-sacrifice, personal devotion, refined piety, and religious sentiment of the most exalted character.

What was to be done? And could anything be done? Could he escape? Where from and where to? He was certain, and had been for some time, from many circumstances, that he was watched. Could he hope that the vigilance which observed all his movements would scruple to prevent any which might be inconvenient? He felt assured that, to quit that palace alone, was not in his power. And were it, whither could he go? To whom was he to appeal? And about what was he to appeal? Should he appeal to the Holy Father? There

would be an opportunity for that to-To the College of Cardinals, who had solemnised yesterday with gracious unction his spiritual triumph? To those congenial spirits, the mild Assessor of the Inquisition, or the President of the Propaganda, who was busied at that moment in circulating throughout both the Americas, all Asia, all Africa, all Australia, and parts of Europe, for the edification of distant millions, the particulars of the miraculous scene in which he was the principal actor? Should he throw himself on the protection of the ambiguous minister of the British Crown, and invoke his aid against a conspiracy touching the rights, reason, and freedom of one of Her Majesty's subjects? He would probably find that functionary inditing a private letter to the English Secretary of State, giving the minister a graphic account of the rare doings of yesterday, and assuring the minister, from his own personal and ocular experience, that a member of one of the highest orders of the

British peerage carried in the procession a lighted taper after two angels with amaranthine flowers and golden wings.

Lothair remained in his apartments; no one approached him. It was the only day that the Monsignore had not waited on Father Coleman was equally re-Strange to say, not one of those agreeable and polite gentlemen, fathers of oratory, who talked about torsos, and excavations, and who always more or less attended his levée, troubled him this morning. With that exquisite tact which pervades the hierarchical circles of Rome, everyone felt that Lothair, on the eve of that event of his life which Providence had so long and so mysteriously prepared, would wish to be undisturbed.

Restless, disquieted, revolving all the incidents of his last year, trying, by terrible analysis, to ascertain how he ever could have got into such a false position, and how he could yet possibly extricate himself from it, not shrinking in many

things from self-blame, and yet not recognising on his part such a degree of deviation from the standard of right feeling, or even of common sense, as would authorise such an overthrow as that awaiting him—high rank and boundless wealth, a station of duty and of honour, some gifts of nature, and golden youth, and a disposition that at least aspired, in the employment of these accidents of life and fortune, at something better than selfish gratification, all smashed—the day drew on.

Drew on the day, and every hour it seemed his spirit was more lone and dark. For the first time the thought of death occurred to him as a relief from the perplexities of existence. How much better had he died at Mentana! To this pass had arrived the cordial and brilliant Lord of Muriel, who enjoyed and adorned life, and wished others to adorn and to enjoy it; the individual whom, probably, were the majority of the English people polled, they would have fixed upon as filling the most



enviable of all positions, and holding out a hope that he was not unworthy of it. Born with every advantage that could command the sympathies of his fellow-men, with a quick intelligence and a noble disposition, here he was at one-and-twenty ready to welcome death, perhaps even to devise it, as the only rescue from a doom of confusion, degradation, and remorse.

He had thrown himself on a sofa, and had buried his face in his hands to assist the abstraction which he demanded. There was not an incident of his life that escaped the painful inquisition of his memory. He passed his childhood once more in that stern Scotch home, that, after all, had been so kind, and, as it would seem, so wise. The last words of counsel and of warning from his uncle, expressed at Muriel, came back to him. And yet there seemed a destiny throughout these transactions which was irresistible! The last words of Theodora, her look, even more solemn than her tone, might have been breathed over a

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tripod, for they were a prophecy, not a warning.

How long he had been absorbed in this passionate reverie he knew not, but when he looked up again it was night, and the moon had touched his window. He rose and walked up and down the room, and then went into the corridor. All was silent; not an attendant was visible; the sky was clear and starry, and the moonlight fell on the tall, still cypresses in the vast quadrangle.

Lothair leant over the balustrade and gazed upon the moonlit fountains. The change of scene, silent and yet not voice-less, and the softening spell of the tranquillising hour were a relief to him. And after a time he wandered about the corridors, and after a time he descended into the court. The tall Swiss, in his grand uniform, was closing the gates which had just released a visitor. Lothair motioned that he too wished to go forth, and the Swiss obeyed him. The threshold was

passed, and Lothair found himself for the first time alone in Rome.

Utterly reckless he cared not where he went or what might happen. The streets were quite deserted, and he wandered about with a strange curiosity, gratified as he sometimes encountered famous objects he had read of, and yet the true character of which no reading ever realises.

The moonlight becomes the proud palaces of Rome, their corniced and balconied fronts rich with deep shadows in the blaze. Sometimes he encountered an imperial column; sometimes he came to an arcadian square flooded with light and resonant with the fall of statued fountains. Emerging from a long straggling street of convents and gardens, he found himself in an open space full of antique ruins, and among them the form of a colossal amphitheatre that he at once recognised.

It rose with its three tiers of arches and the huge wall that crowns them, black and

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complete in the air; and not until Lothair had entered it could be perceive the portion of the outer wall that was in ruins, and now bathed with the silver light. Lothair was alone. In that huge creation, once echoing with the shouts, and even the agonies, of thousands, Lothair was alone.

He sate him down on a block of stone in that sublime and desolate arena, and asked himself the secret spell of this Rome that had already so agitated his young life, and probably was about critically to affect it. Theodora lived for Rome and died for And the Cardinal, born and bred an English gentleman, with many hopes and honours, had renounced his religion, and, it might be said, his country, for Rome. And for Rome, to-morrow, Catesby would die without a pang, and sacrifice himself for Rome, as his race for three hundred years had given, for the same cause, honour and broad estates and unhesitating lives. And these very people were influenced by different motives, and thought they were descring themselves to opposite ends.

Was it a breeze in a breezeless night that was sighing amid these ruins? A pine tree moved its head on a broken arch, and there was a stir among the plants that hung on the ancient walls. It was a breeze in a breezeless night that was sighing amid the ruins.

There was a tall crag of ancient building contiguous to the block on which Lothair was seated, and which on his arrival he had noted, although, long lost in reverie, he had not recently turned his glance in that di-He was roused from that reverie by the indefinite sense of some change having occurred which often disturbs and terminates one's brooding thoughts. looking round, he felt, he saw, he was no longer alone. The moonbeams fell upon a figure that was observing him from the crag of ruin that was near, and as the light clustered and gathered round the form, it became every moment more definite and distinct.

Lothair would have sprung forward, but he could only extend his arms: he would have spoken, but his tongue was paralysed.

- 'Lothair,' said a deep, sweet voice that never could be forgotten.
  - 'I am here,' he at last replied.
- 'Remember;' and she threw upon him that glance, at once serene and solemn, that had been her last, and was impressed indelibly upon his heart of hearts.

Now, he could spring forward and throw himself at her feet, but alas! as he reached her, the figure melted into the moonlight, and she was gone—that divine Theodora, who, let us hope, returned at last to those Elysian fields she so well deserved.

## CHAPTER X.

'They have overdone it, Gertrude, with Lothair,' said Lord St. Jerome to his wife. 'I spoke to Monsignore Catesby about it some time ago, but he would not listen to me; I had more confidence in the Cardinal and am disappointed; but a priest is ever too hot. His nervous system has been tried too much.'

Lady St. Jerome still hoped the best, and believed in it. She was prepared to accept the way Lothair was found senseless in the Coliseum as a continuance of miraculous interpositions. He might have remained there for a day or days and never have been recognised when discovered. How marvellously providential that Father Coleman should have been in the vicinity

and tempted to visit the great ruin that very night!

Lord St. Jerome was devout, and easy Priests and women seemed in his temper. to have no difficulty in managing him. But he was an English gentleman, and there was at the bottom of his character a fund of courage, firmness, and common sense, that sometimes startled and sometimes perplexed those who assumed that he could be easily controlled. He was not satisfied with the condition of Lothair 'a peer of England and my connection; and he had not unlimited confidence in those who had been hitherto consulted as to his state. There was a celebrated English physician at that time visiting Rome, and Lord St. Jerome, notwithstanding the multiform resistance of Monsignore Catesby, insisted he should be called in to Lothair.

The English physician was one of those men who abhor priests, and do not particularly admire ladies. The latter, in revenge, denounced his manners as brutal, though they always sent for him, and were always trying, though vainly, to pique him into sympathy. He rarely spoke, but he listened to everyone with entire patience. He sometimes asked a question, but he never made a remark.

Lord St. Jerome had seen the physician alone before he visited the Palazzo Agostini, and had talked to him freely about Lothair. The physician saw at once that Lord St. Jerome was truthful, and that though his intelligence might be limited, it was pure and direct. Appreciating Lord St. Jerome, that nobleman found the redoubtable doctor not ungenial, and assured his wife that she would meet on the morrow by no means so savage a being as she antici-She received him accordingly, and in the presence of Monsignore Catesby. Never had she exercised her distinguished powers of social rhetoric with more art and fervour, and never apparently had they proved less productive of the intended consequences. The physician said not a

The English physician was alone with Lothair for some time, and then he met in consultation the usual attendants. The result of all these proceedings was that he returned to the saloon, in which he found Lord and Lady St. Jerome, Monsignore Catesby, and Father Coleman, and he then said, 'My opinion is that his Lordship should quit Rome immediately, and I think he had better return at once to his own country.'

All the efforts of the English Propaganda were now directed to prevent the

return of Lothair to his own country. The Cardinal and Lady St. Jerome, and the Monsignore, and Father Coleman, all the beautiful young countesses who had 'gone over' to Rome, and all the spirited young earls who had come over to bring their wives back, but had unfortunately remained themselves, looked very serious, and spoke much in whispers. Lord St. Jerome was firm that Lothair should immediately leave the city, and find that change of scene and air which were declared by authority to be indispensable for his health, both of mind and body. his return to England, at this moment, was an affair of serious difficulty. He could not return unattended, and attended too by some intimate and devoted friend. sides it was very doubtful whether Lothair had strength remaining to bear so great an exertion, and at such a season of the year—and he seemed disinclined to it him-He also wished to leave Rome, but he wished also in time to extend his

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Amidst these difficulties Neapolitan duke, a great friend of Monsignore Catesby, a gentleman who always had a friend in need, offered to the young English noble, the interesting young Englishman so favoured by heaven, the use of his villa on the coast of the remotest part Sicily, near Syracuse. Here was a solution of many difficulties; departure from Rome, change of scene and air-sea air, too, particularly recommended — and almost the same as a return to England, without an effort, for was it not an island, only with a better climate, and a people with free institutions, or a taste for them, which is the same?

The mode in which Lady St. Jerome and Monsignore Catesby consulted Lord St. Jerome on the subject, took the adroit but insidious form of congratulating him on the entire and unexpected fulfilment of his purpose. 'Are we not fortunate?' exclaimed her Ladyship, looking up brightly in his face, and gently pressing one of his arms.

'Exactly everything your Lordship required,' echoed Monsignore Catesby, congratulating him by pressing the other.

The Cardinal said to Lord St. Jerome in the course of the morning, in an easy way, . and as if he were not thinking too much of the matter, 'So you have got out of all your difficulties.'

Lord St. Jerome was not entirely satisfied, but he thought he had done a great deal, and, to say the truth, the effort for him had not been inconsiderable; and so the result was that Lothair, accompanied by Monsignore Catesby and Father Coleman, travelled by easy stages, and chiefly on horseback, through a delicious and romantic country, which alone did Lothair a great deal of good, to the coast; crossed the straits on a serene afternoon, visited Messina and Palermo, and finally settled at their point of destination—the Villa Catalano.

Nothing could be more satisfactory than the Monsignore's bulletin, announcing to his friends at Rome their ultimate arrange-



ments. Three weeks' travel, air, horse exercise, the inspiration of the landscape and the clime, had wonderfully restored Lothair, and they might entirely count on his passing Holy Week at Rome, when all they had hoped and prayed for would, by the blessing of the Holy Virgin, be accomplished.

## CHAPTER XI.

THE terrace of the Villa Catalano, with its orange and palm trees, looked upon a sea of lapis lazuli, and rose from a shelving shore of aloes and arbutus. The waters reflected the colour of the sky, and all the foliage was bedewed with the same violet light of morn which bathed the softness of the distant mountains, and the undulating beauty of the ever-varying coast.

Lothair was walking on the terrace, his favourite walk, for it was the only occasion on which he ever found himself alone. Not that he had any reason to complain of his companions. More complete ones could scarcely be selected. Travel which, they say, tries all tempers, had only proved the engaging equanimity of Catesby, and had never disturbed the amiable repose of

his brother priest: and then they were so entertaining and so instructive, as well as handy and experienced in all common The Monsignore had so much taste and feeling and various knowledge; and as for the reverend Father, all the antiquaries they daily encountered were mere children in his hands who, without effort, could explain and illustrate every scene and object, and spoke as if he had never given a thought to any other theme than Sicily and Syracuse, the expedition of Nicias and the adventures of Agathocles. And yet during all their travels Lothair felt that he never was alone. remarkable at the great cities such as Messina and Palermo, but it was a prevalent habit in less frequented places. There was a petty town near them, which he had never visited alone, although he had made more than one attempt with that view; and it was only on the terrace in the early morn, a spot whence he could be observed from the villa, and which did not easily

communicate with the precipitous and surrounding scenery, that Lothair would indulge that habit of introspection which he had pursued through many a long ride, and which to him was a never-failing source of interest and even excitement.

He wanted to ascertain the causes of what he deemed the failure of his life, and of the dangers and discomfiture that were still impending over him. Were these causes to be found in any peculiarity of his disposition, or in the general inexperience and incompetence of youth? The latter he was now quite willing to believe would lead their possessors into any amount of disaster, but his ingenuous nature hesitated before it accepted them as the self-complacent solution of his present deplorable position.

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appreciation of the influence of the religious principle on the conduct of human affairs. With him, when heaven was so nigh, earth could not be remembered; and yet experience showed, that so long as one was on the earth, the incidents of this planet considerably controlled one's existence, both in behaviour and in thought. All the world could not retire to Mount Athos. It was clear, therefore, that there was a juster conception of the relations between religion and life than that which he had at first adopted.

Practically, Theodora had led, or was leading, him to this result; but Theodora, though religious, did not bow before those altars to which he for a moment had never been faithless. Theodora believed in her immortality, and did not believe in death according to the ecclesiastical interpretation. But her departure from the scene, and the circumstances under which it had taken place, had unexpectedly and violently restored the course of his life to its old

bent. Shattered and shorn, he was willing to believe that he was again entering the kingdom of heaven, but found he was only under the gilded dome of a Jesuit's church, and woke to reality, from a scene of magical deceptions, with a sad conviction that even cardinals and fathers of the Church were inevitably influenced in this life by its interests and its passions.

But the incident of his life that most occupied—it might be said engrossed—his meditation was the midnight apparition in Making every allowance the Coliseum. that a candid nature and an ingenious mind could suggest for explicatory circumstances; the tension of his nervous system, which was then doubtless strained to its last point; the memory of her death-scene which always harrowed and haunted him; and that dark collision between his promise and his life which then, after so many efforts, appeared by some supernatural ordination to be about inevitably to occur in that very Rome whose gigantic shades

surrounded him; he still could not resist the conviction that he had seen the form of Theodora and had listened to her voice. Often the whole day when they were travelling, and his companions watched him on his saddle in silent thought, his mind in reality was fixed on this single incident, and he was cross-examining his memory as some adroit and ruthless advocate deals with the witness in the box, and tries to demonstrate his infidelity or his weakness.

But whether it were indeed the apparition of his adored friend or a distempered dream, Lothair not less recognised the warning as divine, and the only conviction he had arrived at throughout his Sicilian travels was a determination that, however tragical the cost, his promise to Theodora should never be broken.

The beautiful terrace of the Villa Catalano overlooked a small bay to which it descended by winding walks. The water was deep, and in any other country the bay might have been turned to good account, but bays abounded on this coast, and the people, with many harbours, had no freights to occupy them. This morn, this violet morn, when the balm of the soft breeze refreshed Lothair, and the splendour of the rising sun began to throw a flashing line upon the azure waters, a few fishermen in one of the country boats happened to come in, about to dry a net upon a sunny bank. The boat was what is called a speronaro; an open boat worked with oars, but with a lateen sail at the same time when the breeze served.

Lothair admired the trim of the vessel, and got talking with the men as they eat their bread and olives, and a small fish or two.

- 'And your lateen sail—?' continued Lothair.
- 'Is the best thing in the world, except in a white squall,' replied the sailor, 'and then everything is queer in these seas with an open boat, though I am not afraid of Santa Agnese, and that is her name. But I took

two English officers who came over here for sport, and whose leave of absence was out,—I took them over in her to Malta, and did it in ten hours. I believe it had never been done in an open boat before, but it was neck or nothing with them.'

- 'And you saved them?'
- 'With the lateen up the whole way.'
- 'They owed you much, and I hope they paid you well.'
- 'I asked them ten ducats,' said the man, 'and they paid me ten ducats.'

Lothair had his hand in his pocket all this time, feeling, but imperceptibly, for his purse, and when he had found it, feeling how it was lined. He generally carried about him as much as Fortunatus.

- 'What are you going to do with yourselves this morning?' said Lothair.
- 'Well, not much; we thought of throwing the net, but we have had one dip, and no great luck.'
  - 'Are you inclined to give me a sail?'
  - 'Certainly, signor.'

- 'Have you a mind to go to Malta?'
- 'That is business, signor.'
- 'Look here,' said Lothair, 'here are ten ducats in this purse, and a little more. I will give them to you if you will take me to Malta at once, but if you will start in a hundred seconds, before the sun touches that rock, and the waves just beyond it are already bright, you shall have ten more ducats when you reach the isle.'

'Step in, signor.'

From the nature of the course, which was not in the direction of the open sea, for they had to double Cape Passaro, the speronaro was out of the sight of the villa in a few minutes. They rowed only till they had doubled the cape, and then set the lateen sail, the breeze being light but steady and favourable. They were soon in open sea, no land in sight. 'And if a white squall does rise,' thought Lothair, 'it will only settle many difficulties.'

But no white squall came; everything was favourable to their progress; the wind,

the current, the courage and spirit of the men, who liked the adventure and liked Lothair. Night came on, but they were as tender to him as women, fed him with their least coarse food, and covered him with a cloak made of stuff spun by their mothers and their sisters.

Lothair was slumbering when the patron of the boat roused him, and he saw at hand many lights, and in a few minutes was in They were in one of the harstill water. bours of Malta, but not permitted to land at midnight, and when the morn arrived, the obstacles to the release of Lothair were not easily removed. A speronaro, an open boat from Sicily, of course with no papers to prove their point of departure—here were materials for doubt and difficulty, of which the petty officers of the port knew how to avail themselves. They might come from Barbary, from an infected port; plague might be aboard, a question of quarantine. Lothair observed that they were nearly alongside of a fine steam yacht, English for it bore the cross of St. George, and while

on the quay, he and the patron of the speronaro arguing with the officers of the port, a gentleman from the yacht put ashore in a boat, of which the bright equipment immediately attracted attention. The gentleman landed almost close to the point where the controversy was carrying on. The excited manner and voice of the Sicilian mariner could not escape notice. The gentleman stopped and looked at the group, and then suddenly exclaimed, 'Good heavens! my Lord, can it be you?'

'Ah! Mr. Phœbus, you will help me,' said Lothair, and then he went up to him and told him everything. All difficulties of course vanished before the presence of Mr. Phœbus, whom the officers of the port evidently looked upon as a being beyond criticism and control.

- 'And now,' said Mr. Phœbus, 'about your people and your baggage.'
- 'I have neither servants nor clothes,' said Lothair, 'and if it had not been for these good people, I should not have had food.'

## CHAPTER XII.

Mr. Phœbus in his steam-yacht Pan, of considerable admeasurement and fitted up with every luxury and convenience that science and experience could suggest, was on his way to an island which he occasionally inhabited, near the Asian coast of the Ægean Sea, and which he rented from the chief of his wife's house, the Prince of Mr. Phœbus, by his genius and fame, commanded a large income, and he spent it freely and fully. There was nothing of which he more disapproved than It was a practice which led accumulation. to sordid habits and was fatal to the beau-On the whole, he thought it more odious even than debt, more permanently degrading. Mr. Phæbus liked pomp and graceful ceremony, and he was of opinion

that great artists should lead a princely life, so that in their manners and method of existence they might furnish models to mankind in general, and elevate the tone and taste of nations.

Sometimes when he observed a friend noticing with admiration, perhaps with astonishment, the splendour or finish of his equipments, he would say, 'The world think I had a large fortune with Madame I had nothing. I understand that a fortune, and no inconsiderable one, would have been given, had I chosen to ask for it. But I did not choose to ask for made Madame Phœbus my wife it. because she was the finest specimen of the Aryan race that I was acquainted with, and I would have no considerations mixed up with the high motive that influenced me. My father-in-law Cantacuzene, whether from a feeling of gratitude or remorse, is always making us magnificent presents. I like to receive magnificent presents, but also to make them; and I presented him

with a picture which is the gem of his gallery, and which, if he ever part with it, will in another generation be contended for by kings and peoples.

'On her last birthday we breakfasted with my father-in-law Cantacuzene, and Madame Phœbus found in her napkin a cheque for five thousand pounds. I expended it immediately in jewels for her personal use; for I wished my father-in-law to understand that there are other princely families in the world besides the Cantacuzenes.'

A friend once ventured enquiringly to suggest whether his way of life might not be conducive to envy and so disturb that serenity of sentiment necessary to the complete life of an artist. But Mr. Phœbus would not for a moment admit the soundness of the objection. 'No,' he said, 'envy is a purely intellectual process. Splendour never excites it; a man of splendour is looked upon always with favour—his appearance exhilarates the heart

of man. He is always popular. People wish to dine with him, to borrow his money, but they do not envy him. If you want to know what envy is you should live among artists. You should hear me lecture at the Academy. I have sometimes suddenly turned round and caught countenances like that of the man who was waiting at the corner of the street for Benvenuto Cellini, in order to assassinate the great Florentine.'

It was impossible for Lothair in his present condition to have fallen upon a more suitable companion than Mr. Phæbus. It is not merely change of scene and air that we sometimes want, but a revolution in the atmosphere of thought and feeling in which we live and breathe. Besides his great intelligence and fancy, and his peculiar views on art and man and affairs in general, which always interested their hearer and sometimes convinced, there was a general vivacity in Mr. Phæbus and a vigorous sense of life which were inspiriting to his companions. When there was

anything to be done, great or small, Mr. Phæbus liked to do it; and this, as he averred, from a sense of duty, since, if anything is to be done, it should be done in the best manner, and no one could do it so well as Mr. Phæbus. He always acted as if he had been created to be the oracle and model of the human race, but the oracle was never pompous or solemn, and the model was always beaming with good nature and high spirits.

Mr. Phæbus liked Lothair. He liked youth, and good-looking youth; and youth that was intelligent and engaging well-mannered. He also liked old men. But between fifty and seventy, he saw little to approve of in the dark sex. had lost their good looks if they ever had any, their wits were on the wane, and they were invariably selfish. When they attained second childhood the charm often Age was frequently beautiful, wisdom appeared like an aftermath, and the heart which seemed dry and deadened suddenly put forth shoots of sympathy.

Mr. Phæbus postponed his voyage in order that Lothair might make his preparations to become his guest in his island. 'I cannot take you to a banker,' said Mr. Phæbus, 'for I have none; but I wish you would share my purse. Nothing will ever induce me to use what they call paper money. It is the worst thing that what they call civilisation has produced; neither hue nor shape, and yet a substitute for the richest colour, and, where the arts flourish, the finest forms.'

The telegraph which brought an order to the bankers at Malta to give an unlimited credit to Lothair, rendered it unnecessary for our friend to share what Mr. Phæbus called his purse, and yet he was glad to have the opportunity of seeing it, as Mr. Phæbus one morning opened a chest in his cabin and produced several velvet bags, one full of pearls, another of rubies, others of Venetian sequins, Napoleons, and golden piastres. 'I like to look at them,' said Mr. Phæbus, 'and find life more intense when they are about my

person. But bank notes, so cold and thin
—they give me an ague.'

Madame Phœbus and her sister Euphrosyne welcomed Lothair in maritime costumes which were absolutely bewitching; wondrous jackets with loops of pearls, girdles defended by dirks with handles of turquoises, and tilted hats that, while they screened their long eyelashes from the sun, crowned the longer braids of their never Mr. Phœbus gave banquets ending hair. every day on board his yacht, attended by the chief personages of the island and the most agreeable officers of the garrison. They dined upon deck, and it delighted him, with a surface of sangfroid, to produce a repast which both in its material and its treatment was equal to the refined festivals of Paris. Sometimes they had a dance; sometimes in his barge, rowed by a crew in Venetian dresses, his guests glided on the tranquil waters, under a starry sky, and listened to the exquisite melodies of their hostess and her sister.

At length the day of departure arrived. It was bright, with a breeze favourable to the sail and opportune for the occasion. For all the officers of the garrison and all beautiful Valetta itself seemed present in their yachts and barges to pay their last tribute of admiration to the enchanting sisters and the all-accomplished owner of the 'Pan.' Placed on the galley of his yacht, Mr. Phæbus surveyed the brilliant and animated scene with delight. is the way to conduct life,' he said. fortunately for them, I could have passed another month among these people, I could have developed a feeling equal to the old regattas of the Venetians.'

The Ægean isle occupied by Mr. Phæbus was of no inconsiderable dimensions. A chain of mountains of white marble intersected it, covered with forests of oak, though in parts precipitous and bare. The lowlands, while they produced some good crops of grain, and even cotton and silk, were chiefly clothed with fruit trees:

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orange and lemon, and the fig, the olive, and the vine. Sometimes the land was uncultivated, and was principally covered with myrtles of large size and oleanders and arbutus and thorny brooms. Here game abounded, while from the mountain forests the wolf sometimes descended and spoiled and scared the islanders.

On the seashore, yet not too near the wave, and on a sylvan declivity, was a long pavilion-looking building, painted in white and arabesque. It was backed by the forest, which had a park-like character from its partial clearance, and which, after a convenient slip of even land, ascended the steeper country and took the form of wooded hills, backed in due time by still sylvan yet loftier elevations, and sometimes a glittering peak.

'Welcome, my friend!' said Mr. Phœbus to Lothair. 'Welcome to an Aryan clime, an Aryan landscape, and an Aryan race. It will do you good after your Semitic hallucinations.'

## CHAPTER XIII.

Mr. Phœbus pursued a life in his island partly feudal, partly oriental, partly Venetian, and partly idiosyncratic. He had a. grand studio where he could always find interesting occupation in drawing every fine face and form in his dominions. he hunted, and that was a remarkable scene. The ladies, looking like Diana or her nymphs, were mounted on cream-coloured Anatolian chargers with golden bells; while Mr. Phœbus himself, in green velvet and seven-leagued boots, sounded a wondrous twisted horn rife with all the inspiring or directing notes of musical and His neighbours of conlearned venerie. dition came mounted, but the field was by no means confined to cavaliers. crowd of men in small caps and jackets and

huge white breeches, and armed with all weapons of Palikari, handjars yataghans and silver sheathed muskets of uncommon length and almost as old as the battle of Lepanto, always rallied round The equestrians caracolled his standard. about the park, and the horns sounded and the hounds bayed and the men shouted till the deer had all scudded away. by degrees, the hunters entered the forest, and the notes of venerie became faint and the shouts more distant. for two or three hours all was silent, save the sound of an occasional shot or the note of a stray hound, until the human stragglers began to reappear emerging from the forest, and in due time the great body of the hunt, and a gilded cart drawn by mules and carrying the prostrate forms of fallow deer and roebuck. None of the ceremonies of the chase were omitted, and the crowd dispersed, refreshed by Samian wine, which Mr. Phœbus was teaching them to make without resin, and which quaffed with shrugging shoulders.

- 'We must have a wolf-hunt for you,' said Euphrosyne to Lothair. 'You like excitement, I believe?'
- 'Well, I am rather inclined for repose at present, and I came here with the hope of obtaining it.'
- 'Well, we are never idle here; in fact that would be impossible with Gaston. He has established here an academy of the fine arts and also revived the gymnasia; and my sister and myself have schools—only music and dancing; Gaston does not approve of letters. The poor people have of course their primary schools with their priests, and Gaston does not interfere with them, but he regrets their existence. He looks upon reading and writing as very injurious to education.'

Sometimes reposing on divans, the sisters received the chief persons of the isle, and regaled them with fruits and sweetmeats and coffee and sherbets, while Gaston's chibouques and tobacco of Salonica were a proverb. These meetings always ended with dance and song, replete,

according to Mr. Phæbus, with studies of Aryan life.

- 'I believe these islanders to be an unmixed race,' said Mr. Phæbus. 'The same form and visage prevails throughout; and very little changed in anything—even in their religion.'
- 'Unchanged in their religion!' said Lothair with some astonishment.
- 'Yes; you will find it so. Their existence is easy; their wants are not great, and their means of subsistence plentiful. They pass much of their life in what is called amusement—and what is it? make parties of pleasure; they go in procession to a fountain or a grove. dance and eat fruit, and they return home singing songs. They have, in fact, been performing unconsciously the religious ceremonies of their ancestors, and which they pursue, and will for ever, though they may have forgotten the name of the dryad or the nymph who presides over waters.'

- 'I should think their priests would guard them from these errors,' said Lothair.
- 'The Greek priests, particularly in these Asian islands, are good sort of people, said Mr. Phæbus. 'They marry and have generally large families, often very beau-They have no sacerdotal feelings, tiful. for they never can have any preferment; all the high posts in the Greek Church being reserved for the monks, who study what is called theology. The Greek parish priest is not at all Semitic; there is nothing to counteract his Aryan tenden-I have already raised the statue of a nymph at one of their favourite springs and places of pleasant pilgrimage, and I have a statue now in the island, still in its. case, which I contemplate installing in a famous grove of laurel not far off and very much resorted to.'
  - 'And what then?' enquired Lothair.
- 'Well, I have a conviction that among the great races the old creeds will come

back,' said Mr. Phœbus, 'and it will be acknowledged that true religion is the worship of the beautiful. For the beautiful cannot be attained without virtue, if virtue consists, as I believe, in the control of the passions, in the sentiment of repose, and the avoidance in all things of excess.'

One night Lothair was walking home with the sisters from a village festival, where they had been much amused.

- 'You have had a great many adventures since we first met?' said Madame Phœbus.
- 'Which makes it seem longer ago than it really is,' said Lothair.
- 'You count time by emotion then?' said Euphrosyne.
- 'Well, it is a wonderful thing however it be computed,' said Lothair.
- 'For my part, I do not think that it ought to be counted at all,' said Madame Phœbus; 'and there is nothing to me so detestable in Europe as the quantity of clocks and watches.'
  - 'Do you use a watch, my Lord?' asked

Euphrosyne in a tone which always seemed to Lothair one of mocking artlessness.

- 'I believe I never wound it up when I had one,' said Lothair.
- 'But you make such good use of your time,' said Madame Phœbus, 'you do not require watches.'
- 'I am glad to hear I make good use of my time,' said Lothair, 'but a little surprised.'
- 'But you are so good, so religious,' said Madame Phœbus. 'That is a great thing; especially for one so young.'
  - 'Hem!' said Lothair.
  - 'That must have been a beautiful procession at Rome,' said Euphrosyne.
  - 'I was rather a spectator of it than an actor in it,' said Lothair with some seriousness. 'It is too long a tale to enter into, but my part in those proceedings was entirely misrepresented.'
  - 'I believe that nothing in the newspapers is ever true,' said Madame Phœbus.
    - 'And that is why they are so popular,'

added Euphrosyne; 'the taste of the age being so decidedly for fiction.'

- 'Is it true that you escaped from a convent to Malta?' said Madame Phœbus.
- 'Not quite,' said Lothair, 'but true enough for conversation.'
- 'As confidential as the present, I suppose?' said Euphrosyne.
- 'Yes, when we are grave, as we are inclined to be now,' said Lothair.
- 'Then, you have been fighting a good deal,' said Madame Phœbus.
- 'You are putting me on a court martial, Madame Phœbus,' said Lothair.
- 'But we do not know on which side you were,' said Euphrosyne.
- 'That is matter of history,' said Lothair, 'and that, you know, is always doubtful.'
- 'Well, I do not like fighting,' said Madame Phœbus, 'and for my part I never could find out that it did any good.'
- 'And what do you like?' said Lothair.
  'Tell me how would you pass your life?'
  - 'Well, much as I do. I do not know

that I want any change, except I think I should like it to be always summer.'

- 'And I would have perpetual spring,' said Euphrosyne.
- 'But, summer or spring, what would be your favourite pursuit?'
- 'Well, dancing is very nice,' said Madame Phœbus.
- 'But we cannot always be dancing,' said Lothair.
  - 'Then we would sing,' said Euphrosyne.
- 'But the time comes when one can neither dance nor sing,' said Lothair.
- 'Oh! then we become part of the audience,' said Madame Phœbus, 'the people for whose amusement everybody labours.'
- 'And enjoy power without responsibility,' said Euphrosyne, 'detect false notes and mark awkward gestures. How can anyone doubt of Providence with such a system of constant compensation!'

There was something in the society of these two sisters that Lothair began to find highly attractive. Their extraordinary beauty, their genuine and unflagging gaiety, their thorough enjoyment of existence, and the variety of resources with which they made life amusing and graceful, all contributed to captivate him. had, too, a great love and knowledge both of art and nature, and insensibly they weaned Lothair from that habit of introspection which, though natural to him, he had too much indulged, and taught him to find sources of interest and delight in external objects. He was beginning to feel happy in this island, and wishing that his life might never change, when one day Mr. Phæbus informed them that the Prince Agathonides, the eldest son of the Prince of Samos, would arrive from Constantinople in a few days, and would pay them a visit. 'He will come with some retinue,' said Mr. Phæbus, 'but I trust we shall be able by our reception to show that the Cantacuzenes are not the only princely family in the world.'

Mr. Phæbus was confident in his resources in this respect, for his yacht's crew in their Venetian dresses could always furnish a guard of honour which no Grecian prince or Turkish pacha could easily rival. When the eventful day arrived he was quite equal to the occasion. The yacht was dressed in every part with the streaming colours of all nations, the banner of Gaston Phæbus waved from his pavilion, guard of honour kept the ground, but the population of the isle were present in numbers and in their most showy costume, and a battery of ancient Turkish guns fired a salute without an accident.

The Prince Agathonides was a youth, good looking and dressed in a splendid Palikar costume, though his manners were quite European, being an attaché to the Turkish embassy at Vienna. He had with him a sort of governor, a secretary, servants in Mamlouk dresses, pipe-bearers, and grooms, there being some horses as presents from his father to Mr. Phæbus, and

some rarely embroidered kerchiefs and choice perfumes and Persian greyhounds for the ladies.

The arrival of the young Prince was the signal for a series of entertainments in the First of all Mr. Phæbus resolved to give a dinner in the Frank style, to prove to Agathonides that there were other members of the Cantacuzene family besides comprehended a firstrate himself who The chief people of the Frank dinner. island were invited to this banquet. drank the choicest grapes of France and Germany, were stuffed with truffles, and sate on little cane chairs. But one might detect in their countenances how they sighed for their easy divans, their simple dishes, and their resinous wine. there was a wolf hunt, and other sport; a great day of gymnasia, many dances and much music; in fact, there were choruses all over the island, and every night was a serenade.

Why such general joy? Because it was

understood that the heir apparent of the isle, their future sovereign, had in fact arrived to make his bow to the beautiful Euphrosyne, though he saw her for the first time.

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The arrival of the young Prince was the signal for a series of entertainments in the First of all Mr. Phæbus resolved to give a dinner in the Frank style, to prove to Agathonides that there were other members of the Cantacuzene family besides himself who comprehended a firstrate The chief people of the Frank dinner. island were invited to this banquet. drank the choicest grapes of France and Germany, were stuffed with truffles, and sate on little cane chairs. But one might detect in their countenances how they sighed for their easy divans, their simple dishes, and their resinous wine. there was a wolf hunt, and other sport; a great day of gymnasia, many dances and much music; in fact, there were choruses all over the island, and every night was a  $\mathbf{serenade}.$ 

Why such general joy? Because it was

understood that the heir apparent of the isle, their future sovereign, had in fact arrived to make his bow to the beautiful Euphrosyne, though he saw her for the first time.

## CHAPTER XIV.

VERY shortly after his arrival at Malta, Mr. Phæbus had spoken to Lothair about It appeared that Lucien Cam-Theodora. pian, though severely wounded, had escaped with Garibaldi after the battle of Mentana into the Italian territories. Here they were at once arrested, but not severely detained, and Colonel Campian took the first opportunity of revisiting England, where, after settling his affairs, he had returned to his native country, from which he had been separated for many years. Mr. Phæbus during the interval had seen a great deal of him, and the Colonel departed for America under the impression that Lothair had been among the slain at the final struggle.

'Campian is one of the best men I ever

knew,' said Phœbus. 'He was a remarkable instance of energy combined with softness of disposition. In my opinion, however, he ought never to have visited Europe: he was made to clear the back woods, and govern man by the power of his hatchet and the mildness of his words. He was fighting for freedom all his life, yet slavery made and slavery destroyed him. Among all the freaks of fate nothing is more surprising than that this Transatlantic planter should have been ordained to be the husband of a divine being—a true Hellenic goddess, who in the good days would have been worshipped in this country and have inspired her race to actions of grace, wisdom, and beauty.'

- 'I greatly esteem him,' said Lothair, and I shall write to him directly.'
- 'Except by Campian, who spoke probably about you to no one save myself,' continued Phœbus, 'your name has never been mentioned with reference to those strange transactions. Once there was a sort of rumour that you had met with some VOL. III.

mishap, but these things were contradicted and explained, and then forgotten: and people were all out of town. I believe that Cardinal Grandison communicated with your man of business, and between them everything was kept quiet, until this portentous account of your doings at Rome, which transpired after we left England and which met us at Malta.'

- 'I have written to my man of business about that,' said Lothair, 'but I think it will tax all his ingenuity to explain, or to mystify it as successfully as he did the preceding adventures. At any rate, he will not have the assistance of my Lord Cardinal.'
- 'Theodora was a remarkable woman on many accounts,' said Mr. Phœbus, 'but particularly on this, that, although one of the most beautiful women that ever existed, she was adored by beautiful women. My wife adored her; Euphrosyne, who has no enthusiasm, adored her; the Princess of Tivoli, the most capricious being probably

that ever existed, adored, and always adored, Theodora. I think it must have been that there was on her part a total absence of vanity, and this the more strange in one whose vocation in her earlier life had been to attract and live on popular applause; but I have seen her quit theatres ringing with admiration and enter her carriage with the serenity of a Phidian muse.'

- 'I adored her,' said Lothair, 'but I never could quite solve her character. Perhaps it was too rich and deep for rapid comprehension.'
- 'We shall never perhaps see her like again,' said Mr. Phœbus. 'It was a rare combination, peculiar to the Tyrrhenian sea. I am satisfied that we must go there to find the pure Hellenic blood, and from thence it got to Rome.'
- 'We may not see her like again, but we may see her again,' said Lothair; 'and sometimes I think she is always hovering over me.'

In this vein, when they were alone, they were frequently speaking of the departed, and one day—it was before the arrival of Prince Agathonides—Mr. Phæbus said to Lothair, 'We will ride this morning to what we call the grove of Daphne. real laurel grove. Some of the trees must be immemorial, and deserve to have been sacred, if once they were not so. huge grotesque forms you would not easily recognise your polished friends of Europe, so trim and glossy and shrublike. people are very fond of this grove and make frequent processions there. Once a year they must be headed by their priest. one knows why, nor has he the slightest idea of the reason of the various ceremonies which he that day performs. But we know, and some day he or his successors Yes, if I will equally understand them. remain here long enough—and I sometimes think I will never again quit the isle—I shall expect some fine summer night, when there is that rich stillness which the whispering waves only render more intense, to hear a

voice of music on the mountains declaring that the god Pan has returned to earth.'

It was a picturesque ride, as every ride was on this island, skirting the sylvan hills with the sea glimmering in the distance. Lothair was pleased with the approaches to the sacred grove: now and then a single tree with grey branches and a green head, then a great spread of underwood, all laurel, and then spontaneous plantations of young trees.

'There was always a vacant space in the centre of the grove,' said Mr. Phæbus, 'once sadly overrun with wild shrubs, but I have cleared it and restored the genius of the spot. See!'

They entered the sacred circle and beheld a statue raised on a porphyry pedestal. The light fell with magical effect on the face of the statue. It was the statue of Theodora, the placing of which in the pavilion of Belmont Mr. Phæbus was superintending when Lothair first made his acquaintance.

## CHAPTER XV.

THE Prince Agathonides seemed quite to monopolise the attention of Madame Phæbus This was not very unreaand her sister. sonable, considering that he was their visitor, the future chief of their house, and had brought them so many embroidered pockethandkerchiefs, choice scents and fancy dogs. But Lothair thought it quite disgusting, nor could he conceive what they saw in him, what they were talking about or laughing about, for, so far as he had been able to form any opinion on the subject, the Prince was a shallow-pated coxcomb without a single quality to charm any woman of sense and spirit. Lothair began to consider how he could pursue his travels, where he should go to, and when that was settled, how he should get there.

Just at this moment of perplexity, as is often the case, something occurred which no one could foresee, but which like every event removed some difficulties and introduced others.

There arrived at the island a despatch forwarded to Mr. Phœbus by the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople, who had received it from his colleague at London. This despatch contained a proposition to Mr. Phæbus to repair to the Court of St. Petersburgh, and accept appointments of high distinction and emolument. in any way restricting the independent pursuit of his profession, he was offered a large salary, the post of Court painter, and the Presidency of the Academy of Fine Of such moment did the Russian Government deem the official presence of this illustrious artist in their country, that it was intimated, if the arrangement could be effected, its conclusion might be celebrated by conferring on Mr. Phæbus a patent of nobility and a decoration of a

high class. The despatch contained a private letter from an exalted member of the Imperial family, who had had the high and gratifying distinction of making Mr. Phœbus's acquaintance in London, personally pressing the acceptance by him of the general proposition, assuring him of cordial welcome and support, and informing Mr. Phœbus that what was particularly desired at this moment was a series of paintings illustrative of some of the most memorable scenes in the Holy Land and especially the arrival of the pilgrims of the Greek rite As for this purpose he at Jerusalem. would probably like to visit Palestine, the whole of the autumn or even a longer period was placed at his disposal, so that, enriched with all necessary drawings and studies, he might achieve his more elaborate performances in Russia at his leisure and with every advantage.

Considering that the great objects in life with Mr. Phœbus were to live in an Aryan country, amid an Aryan race, and produce works which should revive for the benefit of human nature Aryan creeds, a proposition to pass some of the prime years of his life among the Mongolian race, and at the same time devote his pencil to the celebration of Semitic subjects, was startling.

'I shall say nothing to Madame Phœbus until the Prince has gone,' he remarked to Lothair: 'he will go the day after to-morrow. I do not know what they may offer to make me—probably only a Baron, perhaps But you know in Russia a man may become a Prince, and I certainly should like those Cantacuzenes to feel that after all their daughter is a Princess with no thanks to them. The climate is detestable, but one owes much to one's profession. Art would be honoured at a great, perhaps the greatest, Court. There would not be a fellow at his easel in the streets about Fitzroy Square who would not be prouder. I wonder what the decoration will be. "Of a high class"—vague. It might be Alexander Newsky. You know you have a right, whatever your decoration, to have it expressed, of course at your own expense, in I confess I have my weaknesses. brilliants. I should like to get over to the Academy dinner—one can do anything in these days of railroads—and dine with the R. A.s in my ribbon and the star of the Alexander Newsky in brilliants. I think every Academician would feel elevated. detest are their Semitic subjects—nothing They cover even their heads but drapery. in those scorching climes. Can anyone make anything of a caravan of pilgrims? To be sure, they say no one can draw a If I went to Jerusalem a camel would at last be drawn. There is something in that. We must think over these things, and when the Prince has gone talk it over with Madame Phœbus. I wish you all to come to a wise decision, without the slightest reference to my individual tastes or, it may be, prejudices.'

The result of all this was that Mr. Phœbus, without absolutely committing

himself, favourably entertained the general proposition of the Russian Court; while, with respect to their particular object in art, he agreed to visit Palestine and execute at least one work for his Imperial friend and patron. He counted on reaching Jerusalem before the Easter pilgrims returned to their homes.

'If they would make me a Prince at once and give me the Alexander Newsky in brilliants it might be worth thinking of,' he said to Lothair.

The ladies, though they loved their isle, were quite delighted with the thought of going to Jerusalem. Madame Phæbus knew a Russian Grand Duchess who had boasted to her that she had been both to Jerusalem and Torquay, and Madame Phæbus had felt quite ashamed that she had been to neither.

- 'I suppose you will feel quite at home there,' said Euphrosyne to Lothair.
  - 'No; I never was there.'
  - 'No; but you know all about those

http://www.hathitrust.org/access use#pd-google Generated at Oklahoma State University on 2022-07-12 17:23 GMT Public Domain, Google-digitized / http://www.hathitrust.org/a places and people—holy places and holy The Blessed Virgin did not, I persons. It was to a young believe, appear to you. lady, was it not? We were asking each other last night who the young lady could be.'

## CHAPTER XVI.

TIME, which changes everything, is changing even the traditionary appearance of forlorn Jerusalem. Not that its mien, after all, was ever very sad. Its airy site, its splendid mosque, its vast monasteries, the bright material of which the whole city is built, its cupolaed houses of freestone, and above all the towers and gates and battlements of its lofty and complete walls, always rendered it a handsome city. Jerusalem has not been sacked so often or so recently as the other two great ancient cities, Rome and Athens. Its vicinage was never more desolate than the Campagna, or the state of Attica and the Morea in 1830.

The battlefield of western Asia from the days of the Assyrian kings to those of Mehemet Ali, Palestine endured the same

devastation as in modern times has been the doom of Flanders and the Milanese; but the years of havoc in the Low Countries and Lombardy must be counted in Palestine by centuries. Yet the wide plains of the Holy Land, Sharon and Shechem Esdraelon, have recovered; they are as fertile and as fair as in old days; it is the hill culture that has been destroyed, and that is the culture on which Jerusalem mainly Its hills were terraced gardens, depended. vineyards, and groves of olive trees. here it is that we find renovation. terraces are again ascending the heights, and the eye is frequently gladdened with young plantations. Fruit trees, the peach and the pomegranate, the almond and the fig, offer gracious groups; and the true children of the land, the vine and the olive, are again exulting in their native soil.

There is one spot, however, which has been neglected, and yet the one that should have been the first remembered, as it has been the most rudely wasted. Blessed be the hand which plants trees upon Olivet! Blessed be the hand that builds gardens about Sion!

The most remarkable creation, however, in modern Jerusalem is the Russian settlement which within a few years has risen on the elevated ground on the western side of the city. The Latin, the Greek, and the Churches had for centuries Armenian possessed enclosed establishments in the city, which, under the name of monasteries, provided shelter and protection for hundreds—it might be said even thousands of pilgrims belonging to their respective The great scale, therefore, on which Russia secured hospitality for her subjects was not in reality so remarkable as the fact that it seemed to indicate a settled determination to separate the Muscovite Church altogether from the Greek, and throw off what little dependence is still acknowledged on the Patriarchate of Constantinople. Whatever the motive, the design has been accomplished on a large scale. The Russian

buildings, all well defended, are a caravanserai, a cathedral, a citadel. The consular flag crowns the height and indicates the office of administration; priests and monks are permanent inhabitants, and a whole caravan of Muscovite pilgrims and the trades on which they depend can be accommodated within the precinct.

Mr. Phæbus, his family and suite were to be the guests of the Russian Consul, and every preparation was made to insure the celebrated painter a becoming reception. Frequent telegrams had duly impressed the representative of all the Russias in the Holy Land with the importance of his impending visitor. Even the qualified and strictly provisional acceptance of the Russian proposition by Mr. Phæbus had agitated the wires of Europe scarcely less than a suggested Conference.

'An artist should always remember what he owes to posterity and his profession,' said Mr. Phœbus to Lothair, as they were walking the deck, 'even if you can distinguish between them, which I doubt, for it is only by a sense of the beautiful that the human family can be sustained in its proper place in the scale of creation, and the sense of the beautiful is a result of the study of the fine arts. It would be something to sow the seeds of organic change in the Mongolian type, but I am not sanguine There is no original fund of of success. aptitude to act upon. The most ancient of existing communities is Turanian, and yet though they could invent gunpowder and the mariner's compass, they never could understand perspective. Man a-head there! tell Madame Phœbus to come on deck for the first sight of Mount Lebanon.'

When the 'Pan' entered the port of Joppa they observed another English yacht in those waters; but before they could speculate on its owner they were involved in all the complications of landing. On the quay, the Russian Vice-Consul was in attendance with horses and mules, and donkeys handsomer than either. The ladies were de-

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lighted with the vast orange gardens of Joppa, which Madame Phœbus said realised quite her idea of the Holy Land.

'I was prepared for milk and honey,' said Euphrosyne, 'but this is too delightful,' as she travelled through lanes of date-bearing palm-trees, and sniffed with her almond-shaped nostrils the all-pervading fragrance.

They passed the night at Arimathea, a pretty village surrounded with gardens enclosed with hedges of prickly pear. Here they found hospitality in an old convent, but all the comforts of Europe and many of the refinements of Asia had been forwarded for their accommodation.

'It is a great homage to art,' said Mr. Phœbus, as he scattered his gold like a great seigneur of Gascony.

The next day, two miles from Jerusalem, the Consul met them with a cavalcade, and the ladies assured their host that they were not at all wearied with their journey, but were quite prepared, in due time, to join his dinner party, which he was most anxious they should attend, as he had 'two English lords' who had arrived, and whom he had invited to meet them. They were all curious to know their names, though that, unfortunately, the Consul could not tell them, but he had sent to the English Consulate to have them written down. All he could assure them was that they were real English lords, not travelling English lords, but in sober earnestness great personages.

Mr. Phœbus was highly gratified. He was pleased with his reception. There was nothing he liked much more than a procession. He was also a sincere admirer of the aristocracy of his country. 'On the whole,' he would say, 'they most resemble the old Hellenic race; excelling in athletic sports, speaking no other language than their own, and never reading.'

'Your fault,' he would sometimes say to Lothair, 'and the cause of many of your sorrows, is the habit of mental introspection. Man is born to observe, but if he falls into psychology he observes nothing, and then he is astonished that life has no charms for him, or that, never seizing the occasion, his career is a failure. No, sir, it is the eye that must be occupied and cultivated; no one knows the capacity of the eye who has not developed it, or the visions of beauty and delight and inexhaustible interest which it commands. To a man who observes, life is as different as the existence of a dreaming psychologist is to that of the animals of the field.'

- 'I fear,' said Lothair, 'that I have at length found out the truth, and that I am a dreaming psychologist.'
- 'You are young and not irremediably lost,' said Mr. Phœbus. 'Fortunately you have received the admirable though partial education of your class. You are a good shot, you can ride, you can row, you can swim. That imperfect secretion of the brain which is called thought has not yet bowed your frame. You have not had time to read much. Give it up altogether.

The conversation of a woman like Theodora is worth all the libraries in the world. If it were only for her sake, I should wish to save you, but I wish to do it for your own. Yes, profit by the vast though calamitous experience which you have gained in a short time. We may know a great deal about our bodies, we can know very little about our minds.'

The 'real English lords' turned out to be Bertram and St. Aldegonde returning from Nubia. They had left England about the same time as Lothair, and had paired together on the Irish Church till Easter, with a sort of secret hope on the part of St. Aldegonde that they might neither of them reappear in the House of Commons again until the Irish Church were either Holy Week had long saved or subverted. passed, and they were at Jerusalem, not quite so near the House of Commons as the Reform Club or the Carlton, but still St. Aldegonde had mentioned that he was beginning to be bored with Jerusalem, and

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Bertram counted on their immediate departure when they accepted the invitation to dine with the Russian Consul.

Lothair was unaffectedly delighted to meet Bertram and glad to see St. Aldegonde, but he was a little nervous and embarrassed as to the probable tone of his reception by them. But their manner relieved him in an instant, for he saw they knew nothing of his adventures.

'Well,' said St. Aldegonde, 'what have you been doing with yourself since we last met? I wish you had come with us and had a shot at a crocodile.'

Bertram told Lothair in the course of the evening that he found letters at Cairo from Corisande, on his return, in which there was a good deal about Lothair, and which had made him rather uneasy. 'That there was a rumour you had been badly wounded, and some other things,' and Bertram looked him full in the face; 'but I dare say not a word of truth.'

'I was never better in my life,' said

Lothair, 'and I have been in Sicily and in Greece. However, we will talk over all this another time.'

The dinner at the Consulate was one of the most successful banquets that was ever given, if to please your guests be the test of good fortune in such enterprises. Aldegonde was perfectly charmed with the Phæbus family; he did not know which to admire most—the great artist, who was in remarkable spirits to-day, considering he was in a Semitic country, or his radiant wife, or his brilliant sister-in-law. Aldegonde took an early opportunity of informing Bertram that if he liked to go over and vote for the Irish Church he would release him from his pair with the greatest pleasure, but for his part he had not the slightest intention of leaving Jerusalem at Strange to say, Bertram received this intimation without a murmur. was not so loud in his admiration of the Phœbus family as St. Aldegonde, but there is a silent sentiment sometimes more expressive than the noisiest applause, and more dangerous. Bertram had sat next to Euphrosyne and was entirely spell-bound.

The Consul's wife, a hostess not unworthy of such guests, had entertained her friends in the European style. The dinner-hour was not late, and the gentlemen who attended the ladies from the dinner-table were allowed to remain some time in the saloon. Lothair talked much to the Consul's wife, by whose side sat Madame Phæbus. St. Aldegonde was always on his legs, distracted by the rival attractions of that lady and her husband. More remote, Bertram whispered to Euphrosyne, who answered him with laughing eyes.

At a certain hour, the Consul, attended by his male guests, crossing a court, proceeded to his divan, a lofty and capacious chamber painted in fresco, and with no furniture except the low but broad raised seat that surrounded the room. Here, when they were seated, an equal number of attendants—Arabs in Arab dress, blue gowns and red slippers and red capsentered, each proffering a long pipe of cherry or jasmine wood. Then in a short time guests dropped in, and pipes and coffee were immediately brought to them. Any person who had been formally presented to the Consul had this privilege, without any further invitation. ciety often found in these consular divans in the more remote places of the east—Cairo, Damascus, Jerusalem—is often extremely entertaining and instructive. Celebrated travellers, distinguished men of science, artists, adventurers who ultimately turn out to be heroes, eccentric characters of all kinds, are here encountered, and give the fruits of their original or experienced observation without reserve.

'It is the smoking-room over again,' whispered St. Aldegonde to Lothair, 'only in England one is so glad to get away from the women, but here I must say I should have liked to remain behind.'

An individual in a Syrian dress, fawn-

coloured robes girdled with a rich shawl, and a white turban, entered. He made his salute with grace and dignity to the Consul, touching his forehead, his lip, and his heart, and took his seat with the air of one not unaccustomed to be received, playing, until he received his chibouque, with a chaplet of beads.

'That is a good-looking fellow, Lothair,' said St. Aldegonde; 'or is it the dress that turns them out such swells? I feel quite a lout by some of these fellows.'

'I think he would be good-looking in any dress,' said Lothair. 'A remarkable countenance.'

It was an oval visage, with features in harmony with that form; large dark-brown eyes and lashes, and brows delicately but completely defined; no hair upon the face except a beard, full but not long. He seemed about the same age as Mr. Phæbus, and his complexion, though pale, was clear and fair.

The conversation after some rambling,

had got upon the Suez Canal. Mr. Phæbus did not care for the political or the commercial consequences of that great enterprise, but he was glad that a natural division should be established between the greater races and the Ethiopian. It might not lead to any considerable result, but it asserted a principle. He looked upon that trench as a protest.

'But would you place the Nilotic family in the Ethiopian race?' enquired the Syrian in a voice commanding from its deep sweetness.

'I would certainly. They were Cushim, and that means negroes.'

The Syrian did not agree with Mr. Phœbus; he stated his views firmly and clearly, but without urging them. He thought that we must look to the Pelasgi as the colonising race that had peopled and produced Egypt. The mention of the Pelasgi fired Mr. Phœbus to even unusual eloquence. He denounced the Pelasgi as a barbarous race: men of gloomy supersti-

tions who, had it not been for the Hellenes, might have fatally arrested the human development. The triumph of the Hellenes was the triumph of the beautiful, and all that is great and good in life was owing to their victory.

'It is difficult to ascertain what is great in life,' said the Syrian, 'because nations differ on the subject and ages. Some, for example, consider war to be a great thing, others condemn it. I remember also when patriotism was a boast, and now it is a controversy. But it is not so difficult to ascertain what is good. For man has in his own being some guide to such knowledge, and divine aid to acquire it has not been wanting to him. For my part I could not maintain that the Hellenic system led to virtue.'

The conversation was assuming an ardent character when the Consul, as a diplomatist, turned the channel. Mr. Phæbus had vindicated the Hellenic religion, the Syrian with a terse protest against the religion of nature however idealised as tending to the corruption of man, had let the question die away, and the Divan were discussing dromedaries, and dancing girls, and sherbet made of pomegranate which the Consul recommended and ordered to be produced. Some of the guests retired, and among them the Syrian with the same salute and the same graceful dignity as had distinguished his entrance.

'Who is that man?' said Mr. Phœbus.
'I met him at Rome ten years ago. Baron Mecklenburg brought him to me to paint for my great picture of St. John, which is in the gallery of Munich. He said in his way—you remember his way—that he would bring me a face of Paradise.'

'I cannot exactly tell you his name,' said the Consul. 'Prince Galitzin brought him here and thought highly of him. I believe he is one of the old Syrian families in the mountain; but whether he be a Maronite, or a Druse, or anything else, I really cannot say. Now try the sherbet.'

## CHAPTER XVII.

THERE are few things finer than the morning view of Jerusalem from the Mount of The fresh and golden light falls on a walled city with turrets and towers and frequent gates: the houses of freestone with terraced or oval roofs sparkle in the sun while the cupolaed pile of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, the vast monasteries, and the broad steep of Sion crowned with the Tower of David, vary the monotony of the general masses of building. glory of the scene is the Mosque of Omar as it rises on its broad platform of marble from the deep ravine of Kedron, with its magnificent dome high in the air, its arches and gardened courts, and its crescents glittering amid the cedar, the cypress, and the palm.

Reclining on Olivet, Lothair, alone and in charmed abstraction, gazed on the won-Since his arrival at Jerudrous scene. salem he lived much apart, nor had he found difficulty in effecting this isolation. Mr. Phœbus had already established a studio on a considerable scale, and was engaged in making sketches of pilgrims and monks, tall donkeys of Bethlehem with starry fronts, in which he much delighted, and grave Jellaheen sheiks who were hanging about the convents in the hopes of obtaining a convoy to the Dead Sea. for St. Aldegonde and Bertram, they passed their lives at the Russian Consulate, or with its most charming inhabitants. morning, with the Consul and his wife and the matchless sisters, as St. Aldegonde always termed them, they had gone on an excursion to the Convent of the Nativity. Dinner usually reassembled all the party, and then the Divan followed.

'I say, Bertram,' said St. Aldegonde, 'what a lucky thing we paired and went

to Nubia! I rejoice in the Divan, and yet somehow I cannot bear leaving those women. If the matchless sisters would only smoke, by Jove they would be perfect!'

'I should not like Euphrosyne to smoke,' said Bertram.

A person approached Lothair by the pathway from Bethany. It was the Syrian gentleman whom he had met at the Consulate. As he was passing Lothair, he saluted him with the grace which had been before remarked, and Lothair, who was by nature courteous, and even inclined a little to ceremony in his manners, especially with those with whom he was not intimate, immediately rose, as he would not receive such a salutation in a reclining posture.

'Let me not disturb you,' said the stranger, 'or if we must be on equal terms, let me also be seated, for this is a view that never palls.'

'It is perhaps familiar to you,' said Lothair, 'but with me, only a pilgrim, its effect is fascinating, almost overwhelming.'

- 'The view of Jerusalem never becomes familiar,' said the Syrian, 'for its associations are so transcendent, so various, so inexhaustible, that the mind can never anticipate its course of thought and feeling, when one sits, as we do now, on this immortal mount.'
- 'I presume you live here?' said Lothair.
- 'Not exactly,' said his companion. 'I have recently built a house without the walls, and I have planted my hill with fruit trees and made vineyards and olive grounds, but I have done this as much—perhaps more—to set an example, which I am glad to say has been followed, as for my own convenience or pleasure. My home is in the North of Palestine on the other side of Jordan, beyond the Sea of Galilee. My family has dwelt there from time immemorial, but they always loved this city, and have a legend that they dwelt occasionally within its walls, even in the days when

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- 'Not exactly,' said his companion. 'I have recently built a house without the walls, and I have planted my hill with fruit trees and made vineyards and olive grounds, but I have done this as much—perhaps more—to set an example, which I am glad to say has been followed, as for my own convenience or pleasure. My home is in the North of Palestine on the other side of Jordan, beyond the Sea of Galilee. My family has dwelt there from time immemorial, but they always loved this city, and have a legend that they dwelt occasionally within its walls, even in the days when

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'I should not like Euphrosyne to smoke,' said Bertram.

A person approached Lothair by the pathway from Bethany. It was the Syrian gentleman whom he had met at the Consulate. As he was passing Lothair, he saluted him with the grace which had been before remarked, and Lothair, who was by nature courteous, and even inclined a little to ceremony in his manners, especially with those with whom he was not intimate, immediately rose, as he would not receive such a salutation in a reclining posture.

'Let me not disturb you,' said the stranger, 'or if we must be on equal terms, let me also be seated, for this is a view that never palls.'

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Titus from that hill looked down upon the temple.'

- 'I have often wished to visit the Sea of Galilee,' said Lothair.
- 'Well, you have now an opportunity,' said the Syrian, 'the North of Palestine, though it has no tropical splendour, has much variety and a peculiar natural charm. The burst and brightness of spring have not yet quite vanished: you would find our plains radiant with wild flowers, and our hills green with young crops; and though we cannot rival Lebanon, we have forest glades among our famous hills that when once seen are remembered.'
- 'But there is something to me more interesting than the splendour of tropical scenery,' said Lothair, 'even if Galilee could offer it. I wish to visit the cradle of my faith.'
- 'And you would do wisely,' said the Syrian, 'for there is no doubt the spiritual nature of man is developed in this land.'
  - 'And yet there are persons at the pre-

sent day who doubt — even deny — the spiritual nature of man,' said Lothair. 'I do not, I could not—there are reasons why I could not.'

- 'There are some things I know, and some things I believe,' said the Syrian. 'I know that I have a soul, and I believe that it is immortal.'
- 'It is science that by demonstrating the insignificance of this globe in the vast scale of creation has led to this infidelity,' said Lothair.
- 'Science may prove the insignificance of this globe in the scale of creation,' said the stranger, 'but it cannot prove the insignificance of man. What is the earth compared with the sun? a molehill by a mountain; yet the inhabitants of this earth can discover the elements of which the great orb consists and will probably ere long ascertain all the conditions of its being. Nay, the human mind can penetrate far beyond the sun. There is no relation therefore between the faculties of man and the scale

in creation of the planet which he inhabits.'

'I was glad to hear you assert the other night the spiritual nature of man in opposition to Mr. Phœbus.'

'Ah! Mr. Phæbus!' said the stranger with a smile. 'He is an old acquaintance of mine. And I must say he is very consistent—except in paying a visit to Jerusa-That does surprise me. He said to me the other night the same things as he said to me at Rome many years ago. He would revive the worship of nature. The deities whom he so eloquently describes and so exquisitely delineates are the ideal personifications of the most eminent human qualities and chiefly the physical. Physical beauty is his standard of excellence, and he has a fanciful theory that moral order would be the consequence of the worship of physical beauty, for without moral order he holds physical beauty cannot be maintained. But the answer to Mr. Phœbus, is that his system has been tried and has failed, and

under conditions more favourable than are likely to exist again; the worship of nature ended in the degradation of the human race.'

'But Mr. Phœbus cannot really believe in Apollo and Venus,' said Lothair. 'These are phrases. He is, I suppose, what is called a Pantheist.'

'No doubt the Olympus of Mr. Phæbus is the creation of his easel,' replied the 'I should not, however, describe him as a Pantheist, whose creed requires more abstraction than Mr. Phæbus worshipper of nature would tolerate. school never care to pursue any investigation which cannot be followed by the eye —and the worship of the beautiful always ends in an orgy. As for Pantheism, it is The belief in a Creator Atheism in domino. who is unconscious of creating is more monstrous than any dogma of any of the Churches in this city, and we have them all here.'

'But there are people now who tell you that there never was any Creation, and

therefore there never could have been a Creator,' said Lothair.

- 'And which is now advanced with the confidence of novelty,' said the Syrian, 'though all of it has been urged and vainly urged thousands of years ago. There must be design, or all we see would be without sense, and I do not believe in the unmeaning. As for the natural forces to which all creation is now attributed, we know they are unconscious, while consciousness is as inevitable a portion of our existence as the eye or the hand. The conscious cannot be derived from the unconscious. Man is divine.'
- 'I wish I could assure myself of the personality of the Creator,' said Lothair. 'I cling to that, but they say it is unphilosophical.'
- 'In what sense?' asked the Syrian. 'Is it more unphilosophical to believe in a personal God, omnipotent and omniscient, than in natural forces unconscious and irresistible? Is it unphilosophical to com-

bine power with intelligence? Goethe, a Spinozist who did not believe in Spinoza, said that he could bring his mind to the conception that in the centre of space we might meet with a monad of pure intelligence. What may be the centre of space I leave to the dædal imagination of the author of "Faust;" but a monad of pure intelligence—is that more philosophical than the truth, first revealed to man amid these everlasting hills,' said the Syrian, 'that God made man in His own image?'

'I have often found in that assurance a source of sublime consolation,' said Lothair.

'It is the charter of the nobility of man,' said the Syrian, 'one of the divine dogmas revealed in this land; not the invention of Councils, not one of which was held on this sacred soil, confused assemblies first got together by the Greeks, and then by barbarous nations in barbarous times.'

'Yet the divine land no longer tells us divine things,' said Lothair.

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'It may, or it may not, have fulfilled its destiny,' said the Syrian. "In My Father's house are many mansions," and by the various families of nations the designs of the Creator are accomplished. God works by races, and one was appointed in due season and after many developments to reveal and expound in this land the spiritual nature of The Aryan and the Semite are of the same blood and origin, but when they quitted their central land they were ordained to follow opposite courses. division of the great race has developed one portion of the double nature of humanity, till after all their wanderings they met again, and, represented by their two families, the Hellenes and the choicest Hebrews, brought together the treasures of their accumulated wisdom and secured the civilisation of man.'

'Those among whom I have lived of late,' said Lothair, 'have taught me to trust much in councils, and to believe that without them there could be no foun-

dation for the Church. I observe you do not speak in that vein, though like myself you find solace in those dogmas which recognise the relations between the created and the Creator.'

'There can be no religion without that recognition,' said the Syrian, 'and no creed can possibly be devised without such a recognition that would satisfy man. we are here, whence we come, whither we go—these are questions which man is organically framed and forced to ask himself, and that would not be the case if they could not As for Churches depending be answered. on Councils, the first Council was held more than three centuries after the Sermon We Syrians had churches on the Mount. in the interval: no one can deny that. bow before the Divine decree that swept them away from Antioch to Jerusalem, but I am not yet prepared to transfer my spiritual allegiance to Italian Popes and Greek Patriarchs. We believe that our family were among the first followers of

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Jesus, and that we then held lands in Bashan which we hold now. We had a gospel once in our district where there was some allusion to this, and being written by neighbours, and probably at the time, I dare say it was accurate, but the Western Churches declared our gospel was not authentic, though why I cannot tell, and they succeeded in extirpating it. not an additional reason why we should enter into their fold. So I am content to dwell in Galilee and trace the footsteps of my divine Master; musing over His life and pregnant sayings amid the mounts He sanctified and the waters He loved so well.

The sun was now rising in the heavens, and the hour had arrived when it became expedient to seek the shade. Lothair and the Syrian rose at the same time.

'I shall not easily forget our conversation on the Mount of Olives,' said Lothair, 'and I would ask you to add to this kindness by permitting me, before I leave Jerusalem, to pay my respects to you under your roof.'

'Peace be with you!' said the Syrian.
'I live without the gate of Damascus, on a hill which you will easily recognise, and my name is PARACLETE.'

## CHAPTER XVIII.

Time passed very agreeably to St. Aldegonde and Bertram at Jerusalem, for it was passed entirely at the Russian Consulate, or with its interesting and charming inmates, who were always making excursions, or, as they styled them, pilgrimages. They saw little of Lothair, who would willingly have conversed with his friend on many topics, but his friend was almost always engaged, and if by some chance they succeeded in finding themselves alone, Bertram appeared to be always preoccupied. One day he said to Lothair, 'I tell you what, old fellow, if you want to know all about what has happened at home, I will give you Corisande's letters. They are a sort of journal which she promised to keep for me, and they will tell you everything. I found an immense packet of them on our return from Cairo, and I meant to have read them here; but I do not know how it is—I suppose there is so much to be seen here—but I never seem to have a moment to myself. I have got an engagement now to the Consulate. We are going to Elisha's fountain to-day. Why do not you come?'

'Well, I am engaged too,' said Lothair.
'I have settled to go to the Tombs of the Kings to-day, with Signor Paraclete, and I cannot well get off; but remember the letters.'

The box of letters arrived at Lothair's rooms in due season, and their perusal deeply interested him. In their pages, alike earnest and lively, and a picture of a mind of high intelligence adorned with fancy and feeling, the name of Lothair frequently appeared, and sometimes accompanied with expressions that made his heart beat. All the rumours of his adventures as they gradually arrived in England, generally

distorted, were duly chronicled, and sometimes with comments, which intimated the interest they occasioned to the correspondent of Bertram. More than once she could not refrain from reproaching her brother for having left his friend so much to himself. 'Of all your friends,' she said, 'the one who always most interested me, and seemed most worthy of your affection.' And then she deplored the absolute ruin of Lothair, for such she deemed his entrance into the Roman Church.

'I was right in my appreciation of that woman, though I was utterly inexperienced in life,' thought Lothair. 'If her mother had only favoured my views two years ago, affairs would have been different. Would they have been better? Can they be worse? But I have gained experience. Certainly; and paid for it with my heart's And might I not have gained experience tranquilly, in the discharge of the duties of my position at home-dear Perhaps not. And suppose I home?

never had gained experience, I still might have been happy? And what am I now? Most lone and sad. So lone and sad, that nothing but the magical influence of the scene around me saves me from an overwhelming despondency.'

Lothair passed his life chiefly with Paraclete, and a few weeks after their first acquaintance, they left Jerusalem together for Galilee.

The month of May had disappeared and June was advancing. Bertram and St. Aldegonde no longer talked about their pair, and their engagements in the House of Commons. There seemed a tacit understanding between them to avoid the subject; remarkable on the part of Bertram, for he had always been urgent on his brother-in-law to fulfil their parliamentary obligation.

The party at the Russian Consulate had gone on a grand expedition to the Dead Sea, and had been absent for many days from Jerusalem. They were convoyed by

one of the sheiks of the Jordan valley. It was a most successful expedition—constant adventure, novel objects and habits, all the spell of a romantic life. The ladies were delighted with the scenery of the Jordan valley, and the gentlemen had good sport; St. Aldegonde had killed a wild boar, and Bertram an ibex, whose horns were preserved for Brentham. Mr. Phæbus intensely studied the camel and its habits. He persuaded himself that the ship of the desert entirely understood him. 'There is no is always so,' he added. animal that in a week does not perfectly comprehend me. Had I time and could give myself up to it, I have no doubt I could make them speak. Nature has endowed me, so far as dumb animals are concerned, with a peculiar mesmeric power.'

At last this happy caravan was again within sight of the walls of Jerusalem.

'I should like to have remained in the valley of the Jordan for ever,' said St. Aldegonde.

'And so should I,' whispered Bertram to Euphrosyne, 'with the same companions.'

When they had returned to the Consulate, they found the post from England had arrived during their absence. There were despatches for all. It is an agitating moment—that arrival of letters in a distant land. Lord St. Aldegonde seemed much disturbed when he tore open and perused his. His countenance became clouded; he dashed his hand through his dishevelled locks; he pouted; and then he said to Bertram, 'Come to my room.'

'Anything wrong at home?'

'Not at home,' said St. Aldegonde.
'Bertha is all right. But a most infernal letter from Glyn—most insolent. If I do return I will vote against them. But I will not return. I have made up my mind to that. People are so selfish,' exclaimed St. Aldegonde with indignation. 'They never think of anything but themselves.'

'Show me his letter,' said Bertram. 'I have got a letter too; it is from the Duke.'

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The letter of the Opposition whip did not deserve the epithets ascribed to it by St. Aldegonde. It was urgent and courteously peremptory; but, considering the circumstances of the case, by no means too absolute. Paired to Easter by great indulgence, St. Aldegonde was passing Whitsuntide at Jerusalem. The parliamentary position was critical, and the future of the Opposition seemed to depend on the majority by which their resolutions on the Irish Church were sent up to the House of Lords.

- 'Well,' said Bertram. 'I see nothing to complain of in that letter. Except a little more urgency, it is almost the same language as reached us at Cairo, and then you said Glyn was a capital fellow, and seemed quite pleased.'
- 'Yes, because I hated Egypt,' said St. Aldegonde. 'I hated the Pyramids, and I was disappointed with the dancing-girls; and it seemed to me that, if it had not been for the whip, we never should have

been able to escape. But things are very different now.'

- 'Yes they are,' said Bertram in a melancholy tone.
- 'You do not think of returning?' said St. Aldegonde.
- 'Instantly,' replied Bertram. 'I have a letter from the Duke which is peremptory. The county is dissatisfied with my absence. And mine is a queer constituency; very numerous and several large towns; the popularity of my family gained me the seat, not their absolute influence.'
- 'My constituents never trouble me,' said St. Aldegonde.
  - 'You have none,' said Bertram.
- 'Well, if I were member for a metropolitan district I would not budge. And I little thought you would have deserted me.'
- 'Ah!' sighed Bertram. 'You are discontented, because your amusements are interrupted. But think of my position, torn from a woman whom I adore.'

- 'Well, you know you must have left her sooner or later,' urged St. Aldegonde.
  - 'Why?' asked Bertram.
- 'You know what Lothair told us. She is engaged to her cousin the Prince of Samos, and ——'
- 'If I had only the Prince of Samos to deal with I should care little,' said Bertram.
  - 'Why, what do you mean?'
- 'That Euphrosyne is mine, if my family will sanction our union, but not otherwise.'

St. Aldegonde gave a long whistle, and he added, 'I wish Bertha were here. She is the only person I know who has a head.'

- 'You see, my dear Granville, while you are talking of your little disappointments, I am involved in awful difficulties.'
- 'You are sure about the Prince of Samos?'
- 'Clear your head of that. There is no engagement of any kind between him and Euphrosyne. The visit to the island was only a preliminary ceremony—just to show himself. No doubt the father wishes the alliance; nor is there any reason to suppose

that it would be disagreeable to the son; but, I repeat it—no engagement exists.'

'If I were not your brother-in-law, I should have been very glad to have married Euphrosyne myself,' said St. Aldegonde.

'Yes, but what am I to do?' asked Bertram rather impatiently.

'It will not do to write to Brentham,' said St. Aldegonde, gravely; 'that I see clearly.' Then, after musing a while, he added, 'I am vexed to leave our friends here and shall miss them sadly. are the most agreeable people I ever knew. I never enjoyed myself so much. must think of nothing but your affairs. We must return instantly. The whip will be an excuse, but the real business will be Euphrosyne. I should delight in having her for a sister-in-law, but the affair will We can make short require management. work of getting home: steam to Marseilles, leave the yacht there, and take the railroad. I have half a mind to telegraph to Bertha to meet us there. She would be of great use.'

## CHAPTER XIX.

LOTHAIR was delighted with Galilee, and particularly with the blue waters of its lake slumbering beneath the surrounding hills. Of all its once pleasant towns, Tiberias alone remains, and that in ruins from a recent earthquake. But where are Chorazin, and Bethsaida, and Capernaum? group of hovels and an ancient tower still bear the magic name of Magdala, and all around are green mounts and gentle slopes, the scenes of miracles that softened the heart of man, and of sermons that never Dreams passed over Lothair tire his ear. of settling for ever on the shores of these waters and of reproducing all their vanished rebuilding their happiness: memorable cities, reviving their fisheries, cultivating the plain of Gennesaret and the country of the Gadarenes, and making researches in this cradle of pure and primitive Christianity.

The heritage of Paraclete was among the oaks of Bashan, a lofty land, rising suddenly from the Jordan valley, verdant and well watered, and clothed in many parts with forest; there the host of Lothair resided among his lands and people, and himself dwelt in a stone and castellated building, a portion of which was of immemorial antiquity, and where he could rally his forces and defend himself in case of the irruption and invasion of the desert tribes. And here one morn arrived a messenger from Jerusalem summoning Lothair back to that city, in consequence of the intended departure of his friends.

The call was urgent and was obeyed immediately with that promptitude, which the manners of the East, requiring no preparation, admit. Paraclete accompanied his guest. They had to cross the Jordan, and

then to trace their way till they reached the southern limit of the plain of Esdraelon, from whence they counted on the following day to reach Jerusalem. While they were encamped on this spot, a body of Turkish soldiery seized all their horses, which were required, they said, by the Pacha of Damascus, who was proceeding to Jerusalem attending a great Turkish general, who was on a mission to examine the means of defence of Palestine on the Egyptian side. This was very vexatious, but one of those incidents of Eastern life against which it is impossible to contend; so Lothair Paraclete were obliged to take refuge in their pipes beneath a huge and solitary sycamore tree, awaiting the arrival of the Ottoman magnificoes.

They came at last, a considerable force of cavalry, then mules and barbarous carriages with the harem, all the riders and inmates enveloped in what appeared to be winding sheets, white and shapeless; about them eunuchs and servants. The staff of

the Pachas followed, preceding the grandees who closed the march, mounted on Anatolian chargers.

Paraclete and Lothair had been obliged to leave the grateful shade of the sycamore tree as the spot had been fixed on by the commander of the advanced guard for the resting-place of the Pachas. They were standing aside and watching the progress of the procession, and contemplating the earliest opportunity of representing their grievances to high authority, when the Turkish general, or the Seraskier, as the Syrians inaccurately styled him, suddenly reined in his steed, and said in a loud voice, 'Captain Muriel.'

Lothair recognised the well-known voice of his commanding officer in the Apennine, and advanced to him with a military salute. 'I must first congratulate you on being alive, which I hardly hoped,' said the General. 'Then let me know why you are here.'

And Lothair told him.

'Well, you shall have back your horses,' said the General; 'and I will escort you to El Khuds. In the meantime you must be our guest;' and he presented him to the Pacha of Damascus with some form. 'You and I have bivouacked in the open air before this, and not in so bland a clime.'

Beneath the shade of the patriarchal sycamore, the General narrated to Lothair his adventures since they were fellow-combatants on the fatal field of Mentana.

'When all was over,' continued the General, 'I fled with Garibaldi, and gained the Italian frontier at Terni. Here we were of course arrested by the authorities; but not very maliciously. I escaped one morning, and got among the mountains in the neighbourhood of our old camp. I had to wander about these parts for some time, for the Papalini were in the vicinity, and there was danger. It was a hard time; but I found a friend now and then among the country people, though they are dreadfully superstitious. At last I got to the



shore, and induced an honest fellow to put to sea in an open boat on the chance of something turning up. It did in the shape of a brigantine from Elba bound for Cor-Here I was sure to find friends, for the brotherhood are strong in the Ionian And I began to look about for The Greeks made me some offers, but their schemes were all vanity, worse than the Irish. You remember our Fenian squabble? From something that transpired, I had made up my mind, so soon as I was well equipped, to go to Tur-I had had some transactions with the house of Cantacuzene, through the kindness of our dear friend whom we will never forget, but will never mention; and through them I became acquainted with the Prince of Samos, who is the chief of their house. He is in the entire confidence of Aali Pacha. I soon found out that there was real business on the carpet. Ottoman army, after many trials and vicissitudes, is now in good case; and the

Porte has resolved to stand no more nonsense either in this direction' and the General gave a significant glance, 'or in But they wanted a general; any other. they wanted a man who knew his business. I am not a Garibaldi, you know, and never pretended to be. I have no genius, or volcanic fire, or that sort of thing; but I do presume to say, with fair troops, paid with tolerable regularity, a battery or two of rifled cannon, and a well-organised commissariat, I am not afraid of meeting any captain of my acquaintance, whatever his land or language. The Turks are a brave people, and there is nothing in their system, political or religious, which jars with my In the army, which is all convictions. that I much care for, there is the career of merit, and I can promote any able man that I recognise. As for their religion, they are tolerant and exact nothing from me; and if I had any religion except Madre Natura, I am not sure I would not prefer Islamism; which is at least simple, and as little sacerdotal as any organised creed can The Porte made me a liberal offer and I accepted it. It so happened that, the moment I entered their service, I was They had a difficulty on their wanted. Dalmatian frontier; I settled it in a way they liked. And now I am sent here with full powers, and am a pacha of the highest class, and with a prospect of some warm I do not know what your views are, but, if you would like a little more soldiering, I will put you on my staff; and, for ought I know, we may find our winterquarters at Grand Cairo—they say a pleasant place for such a season.'

- 'My soldiering has not been very fortunate,' said Lothair; 'and I am not quite as great an admirer of the Turks as you are, General. My mind is rather on the pursuits of peace, and twenty hours ago I had a dream of settling on the shores of the sea of Galilee.'
- 'Whatever you do,' said the General, 'give up dreams.'

- 'I think you may be right in that,' said Lothair, with half a sigh.
- 'Action may not always be happiness,' said the General; 'but there is no happiness without action. If you will not fight the Egyptians, were I you, I would return home and plunge into affairs. That was a fine castle of yours I visited one morning; a man who lives in such a place must be able to find a great deal to do.
- 'I almost wish I were there, with you for my companion,' said Lothair.
- 'The wheel may turn,' said the General; but I begin to think I shall not see much of Europe again. I have given it some of my best years and best blood; and if I had assisted in establishing the Roman republic, I should not have lived in vain; but the old imposture seems to me stronger than ever. I have got ten good years in me yet; and, if I be well supported and in luck, for, after all, everything depends on fortune, and manage to put a couple of

hundred thousand men in perfect discipline, I may find some consolation for not blowing up St. Peter's, and may do something for the freedom of mankind on the banks of the Danube,'

## CHAPTER XX.

Mrs. Putney Giles in full toilette was standing before the mantel-piece of drawing-room in Hyde Park Gardens, and watching with some anxiety the clock that It was the dinner hour, and rested on it. Mr. Putney Giles, particular in such matters, had not returned. No one looked forward to his dinner and a chat with his wife with greater zest than Mr. Putney Giles'; and he deserved the gratification which both incidents afforded him, for he Full of news and bustle, fairly earned it. brimful of importance and prosperity, sunshiny and successful, his daily return home -which, with many, perhaps most, men is a process lugubriously monotonous — was in Hyde Park Gardens, even to Apollonia,

who possessed many means of amusement and occupation, a source ever of interest and excitement.

To-day too, particularly, for their great client, friend, and patron, Lothair, had arrived last night from the Continent at Muriel House, and had directed Mr. Putney Giles to be in attendance on him on the afternoon of this day.

Muriel House was a family mansion in the Green Park. It was built of hewn stone during the last century—a Palladian edifice, for a time much neglected, but now restored and duly prepared for the reception of its lord and master by the same combined energy and taste which proved so satisfactory and successful at Muriel Towers.

It was a long room, the front saloon at Hyde Park Gardens, and the door was as remote as possible from the mantel-piece. It opened suddenly, but only the panting face of Mr. Putney Giles was seen, as he poured forth in hurried words: 'My dear, P

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dreadfully late, but I can dress in five minutes. I only opened the door in passing, to tell you that I have seen our great friend; wonderful man! but I will tell you all at dinner, or after. It was not he who kept me, but the Duke of Brecon. The Duke has been with me two hours. I had a good mind to bring him home to dinner, and give him a bottle of my '48. They like that sort of thing; but it will keep,' and the head vanished.

The Duke of Brecon would not have dined ill had he honoured this household. It is a pleasant thing to see an opulent and prosperous man of business, sanguine and full of health, and a little overworked, at that royal meal, dinner. How he enjoys his soup! And how curious in his fish! How critical in his entrée, and how nice in his Welsh mutton! His exhausted brain rallies under the glass of dry sherry, and he realises all his dreams with the aid of claret that has the true flavour of the violet.

'And now, my dear Apollonia,' said Mr. Putney Giles, when the servants had retired, and he turned his chair and played with a new nut from the Brazils, 'about Well, I was there at two our great friend. o'clock, and found him at breakfast. deed, he said, that had he not given me an appointment, he thought he should have risen at all. So delighted he was to find himself again in an English bed. Well, he told me everything that had happened. I never knew a man so unreserved, and so different from what he was when I first knew him, for he never much cared then to talk about himself. But no egotism, nothing of that sort of thing—all his mistakes, all his blunders, as he called them. He told me everything that I might thoroughly understand his position, and that he might judge whether the steps I had taken in reference to it were adequate.'

'I suppose about his religion,' said Apollonia. 'What is he after all?'

'As sound as you are. But you are

right; that was the point on which he was He wrote, you know, to most anxious. me from Malta, when the account of his conversion first appeared, to take all necessary steps to contradict the announcement, and counteract its consequences. He gave me carte blanche, and was anxious to know precisely what I had done. I told him that a mere contradiction, anonymous or from a third person, however unqualified its language, would have no effect in the face of a detailed narrative, like that in all the papers, of his walking in procession and holding a lighted taper and all that sort of thing. What I did was this. commenced building, by his direction, two new churches on his estate, and announced in the local journals, copied in London, that he would be present at the consecration of both. I subscribed in his name, and largely, to all the diocesan societies, gave a thousand pounds to the Bishop of London's fund, and accepted for him the office of steward for this year for the Sons of the Clergy. Then, when the public feeling was ripe, relieved from all its anxieties, and beginning to get indignant at the calumnies that had been so freely circulated, the time for paragraphs had arrived, and one appeared stating that a discovery had taken place of the means by which an unfounded and preposterous account of the conversion of a distinguished young English nobleman at Rome had been invented and circulated, and would probably furnish the occasion for an action for libel. And now his return and appearance at the Chapel Royal next Sunday will clench the whole business.'

- 'And he was satisfied?'
- 'Most satisfied; a little anxious whether his personal friends, and particularly the Brentham family, were assured of the truth. He travelled home with the Duke's son and Lord St. Aldegonde, but they came from remote parts; and their news from home was not very recent.'
  - 'And how does he look?'

- 'Very well; never saw him look better. He is handsomer than he was. But he is changed. I could not conceive in a year that any one could be so changed. He was young for his years; he is now old for his years. He was, in fact, a boy; he is now a man; and yet it is only a year. He said it seemed to him ten.'
- 'He has been through a fiery furnace,' said Apollonia.
- 'Well, he has borne it well,' said Mr. Giles. 'It is worth while serving such a client, so cordial, so frank, and yet so full of thought. He says he does not in the least regret all the money he has wasted. Had he remained at home, it would have gone to building a cathedral.'
- 'And a Popish one!' said Apollonia. 'I cannot agree with him,' she continued, 'that his Italian campaign was a waste of money. It will bear fruit. We shall still see the end of the "abomination of desolation."'
  - 'Very likely,' said Mr. Giles; 'but I

trust my client will have no more to do with such questions either way.'

- 'And did he ask after his friends?' said Apollonia.
- 'Very much: he asked after you. think he went through all the guests at Muriel Towers except the poor Campians. He spoke to me about the Colonel, to whom it appears he has written; but Theodora he never mentioned, except by some periphrasis, some allusion to a great sorrow, or to some dear friend whom he had lost. He seems a little embarrassed about the St. Jeromes, and said more than once that he owed his life to Miss Arundel. dwelt a good deal upon this. He asked great deal about the Brentham They seem the people whom he When I told him of Lady most affects. Corisande's approaching union with the Duke of Brecon, I did not think he half liked it.'
  - 'But is it settled?'
  - 'The same as —. The Duke has been

with me two hours to-day about his arrangements. He has proposed to the parents, who are delighted with the match, and has received every encouragement from the young lady. He looks upon it as certain.'

- 'I wish our kind friend had not gone abroad,' said Apollonia.
- 'Well, at any rate, he has come back,' said Mr. Giles; 'that is something. I am sure I more than once never expected to see him again.'
- 'He has every virtue, and every charm,' said Apollonia, 'and principles that are now proved. I shall never forget his kindness at the Towers. I wish he were settled for life. But who is worthy of him? I hope he will not fall into the clutches of that Popish girl. I have sometimes, from what I observed at Muriel and other reasons, a dread misgiving.'

## CHAPTER XXI.

Ir was the first night that Lothair had slept in his own house, and, when he awoke in the morning, he was quite bewildered, and thought for a moment he was in the Palazzo Agostini. He had not reposed in so spacious and lofty a chamber since he was at Rome. And this brought all his recollection to his Roman life, and everything that had happened there, 'and yet, after all,' he said, 'had it not been for Clare Arundel, I should never have seen Muriel House. I owe to her my life.' His relations with the St. Jerome family were doubtless embarrassing, even painful; and yet his tender and susceptible nature could not for a moment tolerate that he should passively submit to an estrangement

from those who had conferred on him so much kindness, and whose ill-considered and injurious courses, as he now esteemed them, were perhaps, and probably, influenced and inspired by exalted, even sacred, motives.

He wondered whether they were in London; and if so, what should he do? Should he call, or should he write? He wished he could do something to show to Miss Arundel how much he appreciated her kindness, and how grateful he was. She was a fine creature, and all her errors were noble ones; enthusiasm, energy, devotion to a sublime cause. Errors, but are these errors? Are they not, on the contrary, qualities which should command admiration in anyone?—and in a woman and a beautiful woman, more than admiration?

There is always something to worry you. It comes as regularly as sunrise. Here was Lothair under his own roof again, after strange and trying vicissitudes, with his health restored, his youth little dimi-

nished, with some strange memories and many sweet ones; on the whole, once more in great prosperity, and yet his mind harped only on one vexing thought, and that was his painful and perplexed relations with the St. Jerome family.

His thoughts were a little distracted from this harassing theme by the novelty of his house and the pleasure it gave him. He admired the double staircase and the somewhat heavy, yet richly carved ceilings; and the look into the park, shadowy and green, with a rich summer sun and the palace in the distance. What an agreeable contrast to his hard noisy sojourn in a bran-new, brobdignagian hotel, as was his coarse fate when he was launched into This made him think of London life. many comforts for which he ought to be grateful, and then he remembered Muriel Towers and how completely and capitally everything was there prepared and appointed, and while he was thinking over all this and kindly of the chief author of these satisfactory arrangements, and the instances in which that individual had shown, not merely professional dexterity and devotion, but some of the higher qualities that make life sweet and pleasant, Mr. Putney Giles was announced, and Lothair sprang forward and gave him his hand with a cordiality which repaid at once that perfect, but large-hearted, lawyer for all his exertions, and some anxieties that he had never expressed even to Apollonia.

Nothing in life is more remarkable than the unnecessary anxiety which we endure, and generally occasion ourselves. Between four and five o'clock, having concluded his long conference with Mr. Putney Giles, Lothair, as if he were traversing the principal street of a foreign town, or rather treading on tiptoe like a prince in some enchanted castle, ventured to walk down St. James's Street, and the very first person he met was Lord St. Jerome!

Nothing could be more unaffectedly

hearty, than his greeting by that good man and thorough gentleman. 'I saw by the "Post," you had arrived,' said Lord St. Jerome, 'and we were all saying at breakfast how glad we should be to see you again. And looking so well. Quite yourself! I never saw you looking better. You have been to Egypt with Lord St. Aldegonde, I think? It was the wisest thing you could do. I said to Gertrude when you went to Sicily, "If I were Lothair, I would go a good deal farther than Sicily." You wanted change of scene and air, more than any man I know.'

- 'And how are they all?' said Lothair; 'my first visit will be to them.'
- 'And they will be delighted to see you. Lady St. Jerome is a little indisposed; a cold caught at one of her bazaars. She will hold them, and they say that no one ever sells so much. But still, as I often say, my dear Gertrude, would it not be better if I were to give you a cheque for the institution; it would be the same to them, and would save you a great deal of trouble. But she fancies her presence

inspires others, and penhaps there is some thing in it.'

- 'I doubt not; and Miss Arundel?'
- 'Clare is quite well, and I am hurrying home now to ride with her. I shall tell her that you asked after her.'
- 'And offer her my kindest remembrances.'
- 'What a relief!' exclaimed Lothair when once more alone. 'I thought I should have sunk into the earth when he first addressed me, and now I would not have missed this meeting for any consideration.'

He had not the courage to go into White's. He was under a vague impression that the whole population of the metropolis, and especially those who reside in the sacred land, bounded on the one side by Piccadilly and on the other by Pall Mall, were unceasingly talking of his scrapes and misadventures; but he met Lord Carisbrooke and Mr. Brancepeth.

'Ah! Lothair,' said Carisbrooke; 'I do not think we have seen you this season;

certainly not since Easter. What have you been doing with yourself?'.

- 'You have been in Egypt?' said Mr. Brancepeth. 'The Duke was mentioning at White's to-day that you had returned with his son and Lord St. Aldegonde.'
- 'And does it pay?' enquired Carisbrooke.
  'Egypt? What I have found generally in this sort of thing is, that one hardly knows what to do with one's evenings.'
- 'There is something in that,' said Lothair, 'and perhaps it applies to other countries besides Egypt. However, though it is true I did return with St. Aldegonde and Bertram, I have myself not been to Egypt.'
  - 'And where did you pick them up?'
  - 'At Jerusalem.'
- 'Jerusalem! What on earth could they go to Jerusalem for?' said Lord Carisbrooke. 'I am told there is no sort of sport there. They say, in the Upper Nile, there is good shooting.'
- 'St. Aldegonde was disappointed. I suppose our countrymen have disturbed the

crocodiles and frightened away the pelicans?'

'We were going to look in at White's—come with us.'

Lothair was greeted with general kindness; but nobody seemed aware that he had been long and unusually absent from them. Some had themselves not come up to town till after Easter, and had therefore less The great majority, cause to miss him. however, were so engrossed with themselves that they never missed anybody. Duke of Brecon appealed to Lothair about something that had happened at the last Derby, and was under the impression, until better informed, that Lothair had been one of his party. There were some exceptions to this general unacquaintance with events which an hour before Lothair had feared fearfully engrossed society. Hugo Bohun was doubly charmed to see him, 'because we were all in a fright one day that they were going to make you a cardinal, and it turned out that, at the very time they said

you were about to enter the conclave, you happened to be at the second cataract. What lies these newspapers do tell!'

But the climax of relief was reached when the noble and grey-headed patron of the arts in Great Britain approached him with polished benignity, and said, 'I can give you perhaps even later news than you can give me of our friends at Jerusalem. I had a letter from Madame Phœbus this morning, and she mentioned with great regret that you had just left them. Your first travels, I believe?'

'My first.'

'And wisely planned. You were right in starting out and seeing the distant parts. One may not always have the energy which such an expedition requires. You can keep Italy for a later and calmer day.'

Thus, one by one, all the cerulean demons of the morn had vanished, and Lothair had nothing to worry him. He felt a little dull as the dinner hour approached. Bertram was to dine at home, and then go to

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the House of Commons; St. Aldegonde concluding the day with the same catastrophe, had in the most immoral manner, in the interval, gone to the play to see 'School,' of which he had read an account in Galignani when he was in quarantine. Lothair was so displeased with this unfeeling conduct on his part that he declined to accompany him; but Lady St. Aldegonde, who dined at Crecy House, defended her husband, and thought it very right and reasonable that one so fond of the drama as he, who had been so long deprived of gratifying his taste in that respect, should take the first opportunity of enjoying this innocent amusement. A solitary dinner at Muriel House, in one of those spacious and lofty chambers, rather appalled Lothair, and he was getting low again, remembering nothing but his sorrows, when Mr. Pinto came up to him and said, 'The impromptu is always successful in life; you cannot be engaged to dinner, for everybody believes you are at Jericho. What say you to

dining with me? Less than the Muses and more than the Graces, certainly, if you come. Lady Beatrice has invited herself, and she is to pick up a lady, and I was to look out for a couple of agreeable men. Hugo is coming, and you will complete the charm.'

'The spell then is complete,' said Lothair,
'I suppose a late eight.'

## CHAPTER XXII.

LOTHAIR was breakfasting alone on the morrow, when his servant announced the arrival of Mr. Ruby, who had been ordered to be in attendance.

'Show him up,' said Lothair, 'and bring me the despatch-box which is in my dressing-room.'

Mr. Ruby was deeply gratified to be again in the presence of a nobleman so eminently distinguished, both for his property and his taste, as Lothair. He was profuse in his congratulations to his Lordship on his return to his native land, while at the same time he was opening a bag, from which he extracted a variety of beautiful objects, none of them for sale, all executed commissions, which were destined to adorn the fortunate and the fair. 'This is

lovely, my lord, quite new, for the Queen of Madagascar; for the Empress this, Her Majesty's own design, at least almost. Lady Melton's bridal necklace, and my Lord's George, the last given by King James II.; broken up during the Revolution, but reset by us from an old drawing with picked stones.'

'Very pretty,' said Lothair; 'but it is not exactly this sort of thing that I want. See,' and he opened the despatch-box, and took from out of it a crucifix. It was made of some Eastern wood, inlaid with mother-of-pearl; the figure carved in brass, though not without power, and at the end of each of the four terminations of the cross was a small cavity enclosing something, and covered with glass.

'See,' continued Lothair, 'this is the crucifix, given with a carved shell to each pilgrim who visits the Holy Sepulchre. Within these four cavities is earth from the four holy places: Calvary, Sion, Bethlehem, and Gethsemane. Now what I want is a

crucifix, something of this dimension, but made of the most costly materials; the figure must be of pure gold; I should like the cross to be of choice emeralds, which I am told are now more precious even than brilliants, and I wish the earth of the sacred places to be removed from this crucifix, and introduced in a similar manner into the one which you are to make; and each cavity must be covered with a slit diamond. Do you understand?'

'I follow you, my Lord,' said Mr. Ruby, with glistening eyes. 'It will be a rare jewel. Is there to be a limit as to the cost?'

'None but such as taste and propriety suggest,' said Lothair. 'You will of course make a drawing and an estimate, and send them to me; but I desire despatch.'

When Mr. Ruby had retired, Lothair took from the despatch-box a sealed packet, and looked at it for some moments, and then pressed it to his lips.

In the afternoon, Lothair found himself again in the saddle, and was riding about London, as if he had never quitted it. He left his cards at Crecy House, and many other houses, and he called at the St. Jeromes late, but asked if they were at home. He had reckoned that they would not be, and his reckoning was right. It was impossible to conceal from himself that it was a relief. Mr. Putney Giles dined alone with Lothair this evening, and they talked over many things; among others the approaching marriage of Lady Corisande with the Duke of Brecon.

- 'Everybody marries except myself,' said Lothair rather peevishly.
- 'But your Lordship is too young to think of that yet,' said Mr. Putney Giles.
  - 'I feel very old,' said Lothair.

At this moment there arrived a note from Bertram, saying his mother was quite surprised and disappointed that Lothair had not asked to see her in the morning. She had expected him as a matter of course at luncheon, and begged that he would come on the morrow.

'I have had many pleasant luncheons in that house,' said Lothair, 'but this will be the last. When all the daughters are married nobody eats luncheon.'

'That would hardly apply to this family,' said Mr. Putney Giles, who always affected to know everything, and generally did. 'They are so united, that I fancy the famous luncheons at Crecy House will always go on, and be a popular mode of their all meeting.'

'I half agree with St. Aldegonde,' said Lothair grumbling to himself, 'that if one is to meet that Duke of Brecon every day at luncheon, for my part I had rather stay away.'

In the course of the evening there also arrived invitations to all the impending balls and assemblies for Lothair, and there seemed little prospect of his again being forced to dine with his faithful solicitor as a refuge from melancholy.

On the morrow he went in his brougham to Crecy House, and he had such a palpita-



tion of the heart when he arrived, that for a moment he absolutely thought he must retire. His mind was full of Jerusalem, the Mount of Olives, and the Sea of Galilee. He was never nervous there, never agitated, never harassed, no palpitations of the heart, no dread suspense. There was repose alike of body and soul. Why did he ever leave Palestine and Paraclete? He should have remained in Syria for ever, cherishing in a hallowed scene a hallowed sorrow, of which even the bitterness was exalted and ennobling.

He stood for a moment in the great hall at Crecy House, and the groom of the chambers in vain solicited his attention. It was astonishing how much passed through his mind while the great clock hardly described sixty seconds. But in that space he had reviewed his life, arrived at the conclusion that all was vanity and bitterness, that he had failed in everything, was misplaced, had no object and no hope, and that a distant and unbroken solitude in

some scene where either the majesty of nature was overwhelming or its moral associations were equally sublime, must be his only refuge. In the meditation of the Cosmos, or in the divine reverie of sacred lands, the burthen of existence might be endured.

'Her Grace is at luncheon, my Lord,' at length said the groom of the chambers, and Lothair was ushered into the gay and festive and cordial scene. The number of the self-invited guests alone saved him. His confusion was absolute, and the Duchess remarked afterwards that Lothair seemed to have regained all his shyness.

When Lothair had rallied and could survey the scene, he found he was sitting by his hostess; that the Duke, not a luncheon man, was present, and, as it turned out afterwards, for the pleasure of meeting Lothair. Bertram also was present, and several married daughters, and Lord Montairy, and Captain Mildmay, and one or two others; and next to Lady Corisande was the Duke of Brecon.

So far as Lothair was concerned, the luncheon was unsuccessful. His conversational powers deserted him. He answered in monosyllables, and never originated a remark. He was greatly relieved when they rose and returned to the gallery in which they seemed all disposed to linger. The Duke approached him, and in his mood he found it easier to talk to men than to Male conversation is of a coarser women. grain, and does not require so much play of thought and manner: discourse about Suez Canal, and Arab horses, and pipes and pachas, can be carried on without any psychological effort, and by degrees banishes all sensibility. And yet he was rather dreamy, talked better than he listened, did not look his companion in the face as the Duke spoke, which was his custom, and his eye was wandering. Bertram having joined them and speaking to his father, Lothair darted away and approached Lady Corisande, whom Lady Montairy had just quitted.

'As I may never have the opportunity again,' said Lothair, 'let me thank you, Lady Corisande, for some kind thoughts which you deigned to bestow on me in my absence.'

His look was serious; his tone almost sad. Neither were in keeping with the scene and the apparent occasion; and Lady Corisande, not displeased, but troubled, murmured — 'Since I last met you, I heard you had seen much and suffered much.'

- 'And that makes the kind thoughts of friends more precious,' said Lothair. 'I have few: your brother is the chief, but even he never did me any kindness so great as when he told me that you had spoken of me with sympathy.'
- 'Bertram's friends are mine,' said Lady Corisande, 'but, otherwise, it would be impossible for us all not to feel an interest in—, one of whom we had seen so much,' she added with some hesitation.
  - 'Ah! Brentham!' said Lothair, 'dear

Brentham! Do you remember once saying to me that you hoped you should never leave Brentham?'

- 'Did I say so?' said Lady Corisande.
- 'I wish I had never left Brentham,' said Lothair; 'it was the happiest time of my life. I had not then a sorrow or a care.'
- 'But everybody has sorrows and cares,' said Lady Corisande; 'you have, however, a great many things which ought to make you happy.'
- 'I do not deserve to be happy,' said Lothair, 'for I have made so many mistakes. My only consolation is that one great error which you most deprecated I have escaped.'
- 'Take a brighter and a nobler view of your life,' said Lady Corisande; 'feel rather you have been tried and not found wanting.'

At this moment the Duchess approached them and interrupted their conversation; and soon after this Lothair left Crecy House, still moody but less despondent.

There was a ball at Lady Clanmorne's in the evening, and Lothair was present.

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There was a ball at Lady Clanmorne's in the evening, and Lothair was present.

He was astonished at the number of new faces he saw, the new phrases he heard, the new fashions alike in dress and manner. He could not believe it was the same world that he had quitted only a year ago. He was glad to take refuge with Hugo Bohun as with an old friend, and could not refrain from expressing to that eminent person his surprise at the novelty of all around him.

'It is you, my dear Lothair,' replied Hugo, 'that is surprising, not the world—that has only developed in your absence. What could have induced a man like you to be away for a whole season from the scene! Our forefathers might afford to travel—the world was then stereotyped. It will not do to be out of sight now. It is very well for St. Aldegonde to do these things, for the great object of St. Aldegonde is not to be in society, and he has never succeeded in his object. But here is the new beauty.'

There was a stir and a sensation. Men

made way and even women retreated—and, leaning on the arm of Lord Carisbrooke, in an exquisite costume that happily displayed her splendid figure, and radiant with many charms, swept by a lady of commanding mien and stature, self-possessed and even grave, when suddenly turning her head, her pretty face broke into enchanting dimples as she exclaimed, 'O! cousin Lothair!'

Yes, the beautiful giantesses of Muriel Towers had become the beauties of the season. Their success had been as sudden and immediate as it was complete and sustained.

- 'Well, this is stranger than all!' said Lothair to Hugo Bohun when Lady Flora had passed on.
- 'I am proud of my previous acquaintance with them. I think Carisbrooke has serious thoughts; but there are some who prefer Lady Grizell.'
- 'Lady Corisande was your idol last season,' said Lothair.

- 'Oh! she is out of the running,' said Hugo; 'she is finished. But I have not heard yet of any day being fixed. I wonder when he marries whether Brecon will keep on his theatre.'
  - 'His theatre!'
- 'Yes; the high mode now for a real swell is to have a theatre. Brecon has the Frolic; Kate Simmons is his manager, who calls herself Athalie de Montfort. You ought to have a theatre, Lothair; and if there is not one to hire, you should build one. It would show that you were alive again and had the spirit of an English noble, and atone for some of your eccentricities.'
- 'But I have no Kate Simmons who calls herself Athalie de Montfort,' said Lothair; 'I am not so favoured, Hugo. However, I might succeed Brecon, as I hardly suppose he will maintain such an establishment when he is married.'
- 'It is the thing. Several of our greatest

swells have theatres and are married. In fact, a first-rate man should have everything, and therefore he ought to have both a theatre and a wife.'

'Well, I do not think your manners have improved since last year, or your morals,' said Lothair. 'I have half a mind to go down to Muriel, and shut myself up there.'

He walked away and sauntered into the The first forms he recognised ball-room. were Lady Corisande waltzing with the Duke of Brecon, who was renowned for this accomplishment. The heart of Lothair felt bitter. He remembered his stroll to the dairy with the Duchess at Brentham, and their conversation. Had his views then been acceded to how different would have been his lot! And it was not his fault that they had been rejected. And yet, had they been accomplished, would they have been happy? The character of Corisande, according to her mother, was not then formed, nor easily scrutable. Was it formed

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now? and what were its bent and genius? And his own character? It could not be denied that his mind was somewhat crude then, and his general conclusions on life and duty hardly sufficiently matured and developed to offer a basis for domestic happiness on which one might confidently depend.

And Theodora? Had he married then he should never have known Theodora. In this bright saloon, amid the gaiety of festive music, and surrounded by gliding forms of elegance and brilliancy, his heart was full of anguish when he thought of Theodora. To have known such a woman and to have lost her! Why should a man live after this? Yes; he would retire to Muriel, once hallowed by her presence, and he would raise to her memory some monumental fane, beyond the dreams even of Artemisia, and which should commemorate alike her wondrous life and wondrous mind.

A beautiful hand was extended to him, and a fair face, animated with intelligence,

welcomed him without a word. It was Lady St. Jerome. Lothair bowed lowly and touched her hand with his lip.

'I was sorry to have missed you yesterday. We had gone down to Vauxe for the day, but I heard of you from my Lord with great pleasure. We are all of us so happy that you have entirely recovered your health.'

'I owe that to you, dearest lady,' said Lothair, 'and to those under your roof. I can never forget your goodness to me. Had it not been for you, I should not have been here or anywhere else.'

'No, no; we did our best for the moment. But I quite agree with my Lord, now, that you stayed too long at Rome under the circumstances. It was a good move—that going to Sicily, and so wise of you to travel in Egypt. Men should travel.'

'I have not been to Egypt,' said Lothair;
'I have been to the Holy Land, and am
a pilgrim. I wish you would tell Miss

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Arundel that I shall ask her permission to present her with my crucifix, which contains the earth of the Holy Places. I should have told her this myself, if I had seen her yesterday. Is she here?'

'She is at Vauxe; she could not tear herself away from the roses.'

'But she might have brought them with her as companions,' said Lothair, 'as you have, I apprehend, yourself.'

'I will give you this in Clare's name,' said Lady St. Jerome, as she selected a beautiful flower and presented it to Lothair. 'It is in return for your crucifix, which I am sure she will highly esteem. I only wish it were a rose of Jericho.'

Lothair started. The name brought up strange and disturbing associations: the procession in the Jesuits' Church, the lighted tapers, the consecrated children, one of whom had been supernaturally presented with the flower in question. There was an awkward silence, until Lothair, almost without intending it, expressed a hope that the Cardinal was well.

- 'Immersed in affairs, but I hope well,' replied Lady St. Jerome. 'You know what has happened? But you will see him. He will speak to you of these matters himself.'
- 'But I should like also to hear from you.'
- Well, they are scarcely yet to be spoken of, said Lady St. Jerome. 'I ought not perhaps even to have alluded to the subject; but I know how deeply devoted you are to religion. We are on the eve of the greatest event of this century. When I wake in the morning, I always fancy that I have heard of it only in dreams. many—all this room—will not believe in the possibility of its happening. They smile when the contingency is alluded to, and if I were not present they would mock. But it will happen—I am assured it will happen,' exclaimed Lady St. Jerome, speaking with earnestness, though in a hushed 'And no human imagination can calculate or conceive what may be its effect on the destiny of the human race.'

- 'You excite my utmost curiosity,' said Lothair.
- 'Hush! there are listeners. But we shall soon meet again. You will come and see us, and soon. Come down to Vauxe on Saturday; the Cardinal will be there. And the place is so lovely now. I always say Vauxe at Whitsuntide, or a little later, is a scene for Shakespeare. You know you always liked Vauxe.'
- 'More than liked it,' said Lothair; 'I have passed at Vauxe some of the happiest hours of my life.'

## CHAPTER XXIII.

On the morning of the very Saturday on which Lothair was to pay his visit to Vauxe, riding in the park, he was joined by that polished and venerable nobleman who presides over the destinies of art in Great Britain. This distinguished person had taken rather a fancy to Lothair, and liked to talk to him about the Phœbus family; about the great artist himself, and all his theories and styles; but especially about the fascinating Madame Phœbus and the captivating Euphrosyne.

'You have not found time, I dare say,' said the nobleman, 'to visit the exhibition of the Royal Academy?'

'Well, I have only been here a week,'

said Lothair, 'and have had so many things to think of, and so many persons to see.'

'Naturally,' said the nobleman; 'but I recommend you to go. I am now about to make my fifth visit there; but it is only to a single picture, and I envy its owner.'

'Indeed!' said Lothair. 'Pray tell me its subject, that I may not fail to see it.'

'It is a portrait,' said the nobleman; 'only a portrait, some would say, as if the finest pictures in the world were not only portraits. The masterpieces of the English school are portraits, and some day when you have leisure and inclination, and visit Italy, you will see portraits by Titian and Raffaelle and others, which are the masterpieces of art. Well, the picture in question is a portrait by a young English painter at Rome and of an English lady. I doubt not the subject was equal to the genius of the artist, but I do not think that the modern pencil has produced anything

equal to it, both in design and colour and expression. You should see it, by all means, and I have that opinion of your taste that I do not think you will be content by seeing it once. The real taste for fine art in this country is proved by the crowd that always surrounds that picture; and yet only a portrait of an English lady, a Miss Arundel.'

- 'A Miss Arundel?' said Lothair.
- 'Yes, of a Roman Catholic family; I believe a relative of the St. Jeromes. They were at Rome last year, when this portrait was executed.'
- 'If you will permit me,' said Lothair, 'I should like to accompany you to the Academy. I am going out of town this afternoon, but not far, and could manage it.'

So they went together. It was the last exhibition of the Academy in Trafalgar Square. The portrait in question was in the large room, and hung on the eye line; so, as the throng about it was great, it was not easy immediately to inspect it. But one or two R.A.s who were gliding about, and who looked upon the noble patron of art as a sort of divinity, insensibly controlled the crowd, and secured for their friend and his companion the opportunity which they desired.

'It is the finest thing since the portrait of the Cenci,' said the noble patron.

The painter had represented Miss Arundel in her robe of a sister of mercy, but with uncovered head. A wallet was at her side, and she held a crucifix. Her beautiful eyes, full of mystic devotion, met those of the spectator with a fascinating power that kept many spell-bound. In the background of the picture was a masterly glimpse of the papal gardens and the wondrous dome.

'That must be a great woman,' said the noble patron of art.

Lothair nodded assent in silence.

The crowd about the picture seemed breathless and awe-struck. There were

many women, and in some eyes there were tears.

'I shall go home,' said one of the spectators; 'I do not wish to see anything else.'

'That is religion,' murmured her companion. 'They may say what they like, but it would be well for us if we were all like her.'

It was a short half hour by the railroad to Vauxe, and the station was close to the The sun was in its last hour park gates. when Lothair arrived, but he was captivated by the beauty of the scene, which he had never witnessed in its summer splendour. The rich foliage of the great avenues, the immense oaks that stood alone, the deer glancing in the golden light, and the quaint and stately edifice itself, so finished and so fair, with its freestone pinnacles and its gilded vanes glistening and sparkling in the warm and lucid sky, contrasted with the chilly hours when the Cardinal and himself had first strolled together in that park, and when they tried to flatter themselves that the morning mist clinging to the skeleton trees was perhaps the burst of spring.

Lothair found himself again in his old rooms, and as his valet unpacked his toilette, he fell into one of his reveries.

'What,' he thought to himself, 'if life after all be only a dream. I can scarcely realise what is going on. It seems to me I have passed through a year of visions. That I should be at Vauxe again! A roof I once thought rife with my destiny. And perhaps it may prove so. And were it not for the memory of one event, I should be a ship without a rudder.'

There were several guests in the house, and when Lothair entered the drawing-room, he was glad to find that it was rather full. The Cardinal was by the side of Lady St. Jerome when Lothair entered, and immediately after saluting his hostess it was his duty to address his late guardian. Lothair had looked forward to this meeting with apprehension. It seemed

impossible that it should not to a certain degree be annoying. Nothing of the kind. It was impossible to greet him more cordially, more affectionately than did Cardinal Grandison.

'You have seen a great deal since we parted,' said the Cardinal. 'Nothing could be wiser than your travelling. You remember that at Muriel I recommended you to go to Egypt, but I thought it better that you should see Rome first. And it answered: you made the acquaintance of its eminent men, men whose names will be everybody's mouth, for before another year elapses Rome will be the cynosure of the world. Then, when the great questions come on which will decide the fate of the human race for centuries, you will feel the inestimable advantage of being master of the situation, and that you are familiar with every place and every I think you were not very individual. well at Rome; but next time you must choose your season. However, I may congratulate you on your present looks. air of the Levant seems to have agreed with you.'

Dinner was announced almost at this moment, and Lothair, who had to take out Lady Clanmorne, had no opportunity before dinner of addressing anyone else except his hostess and the Cardinal. The dinner party was large, and it took some time to reconnoitre all the guests. Lothair observed Miss Arundel, who was distant from him and on the same side of the table, but neither Monsignore Capel nor Father Coleman were present.

chatted Lady Clanmorne agreeably. She was content to talk, and did not insist on conversational reciprocity. She was a This rather pure freetrader in gossip. suited Lothair. It pleased Lady Clanmorne to-day to dilate upon marriage and the married state, but especially on all her acquaintances, male and female, who were meditating the surrender of their liberty and about to secure the happiness of their lives.

- 'I suppose the wedding of the season—the wedding of weddings—will be the Duke of Brecon's,' she said. 'But I do not hear of any day being fixed.'
- 'Ah!' said Lothair, 'I have been abroad and am very deficient in these matters. But I was travelling with the lady's brother, and he has never yet told me that his sister was going to be married.'
- 'There is no doubt about that,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'The Duchess said to a friend of mine the other day, who congratulated her, "that there was no person in whom she should have more confidence as a son-in-law than the Duke."'
- 'Most marriages turn out unhappy,' said Lothair, rather morosely.
- 'Oh! my dear Lord, what can you mean?'
- 'Well I think so,' he said doggedly. 'Among the lower orders, if we may judge from the newspapers, they are always killing their wives, and in our class we get rid of them in a more polished way, or they get rid of us.'

'As for Lady St. Jerome, she believes in everything,' said Lothair'; 'and it is no compliment that she believes in me. As for my friend's mamma, her ideal character, according to you, is the Duke of Brecon, and I cannot pretend to compete with him. He may please the Duchess, but I cannot say the Duke of Brecon is a sort of man I admire.'

'Well, he is no great favourite of mine,' said Lady Clanmorne; 'I think him over-bearing and selfish, and I should not like at all to be his wife.'

'What do you think of Lady Corisande?' said Lothair.

- 'I admire her more than any girl in society, and I think she will be thrown away on the Duke of Brecon. She is clever and she has strong character, and, I am told, is capable of great affections. Her manners are good, finished and natural; and she is beloved by her young friends, which I always think a test.'
  - 'Do you think her handsome?'
- 'There can be no question about that: she is beautiful, and her beauty is of a high class. I admire her much more than all her sisters. She has a grander mien.'
- 'Have you seen Miss Arundel's picture at the Academy?'
- 'Everybody has seen that: it has made a fury.'
- 'I heard an eminent judge say to-day, that it was the portrait of one who must be a great woman.'
- 'Well, Miss Arundel is a remarkable person.'
  - 'Do you admire her?'
- 'I have heard first-rate critics say that VOL. III.

there was no person to be compared to Miss Arundel. And unquestionably it is a most striking countenance: that profound brow and those large deep eyes—and then her figure is so fine; but, to tell you the truth, Miss Arundel is a person I never could make out.'

- 'I wonder she does not marry,' said Lothair.
- 'She is very difficult,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'Perhaps, too, she is of your opinion about marriage.'
- 'I have a good mind to ask her after dinner whether she is,' said Lothair. 'I fancy she would not marry a Protestant?'
- 'I am no judge of such matters,' said Lady Clanmorne; 'only I cannot help thinking that there would be more chance of a happy marriage when both were of the same religion.'
- 'I wish we were all of the same religion. Do not you?'
- 'Well, that depends a little on what the religion might be.'

'Ah!' sighed Lothair, 'what between religion and marriage and some other things, it appears to me one never has a tranquil moment. I wonder what religious school the Duke of Brecon belongs to? Very high and dry, I should think.'

The moment the gentlemen returned to the drawing-room Lothair singled out Miss Arundel, and attached himself to her.

- 'I have been to see your portrait today,' he said. She changed colour.
- 'I think it,' he continued, 'the triumph of modern art, and I could not easily fix on any production of the old masters that excels it.'
- 'It was painted at Rome,' she said, in a low voice.
- 'So I understood. I regret that when I was at Rome I saw so little of its art. But my health you know was wretched. Indeed, if it had not been for some friends—I might say for one friend—I should not have been here or in this world. I can never express to that person my gratitude,

and it increases every day. All that I have dreamed of angels was then realised.'

- 'You think too kindly of us.'
- 'Did Lady St. Jerome give you my message about the earth from the holy places which I had placed in a crucifix, and which I hope you will accept from me, in remembrance of the past and your Christian kindness to me? I should have left it at St. James's Square before this, but it required some little arrangement after its travels.'
- 'I shall prize it most dearly, both on account of its consecrated character and for the donor's sake, whom I have ever wished to see the champion of our Master.'
- 'You never had a wish, I am sure,' said Lothair, 'that was not sublime and pure.'

## CHAPTER XXIV.

They breakfasted at Vauxe, in the long gallery. It was always a merry meal, and it was the fashion of the house that all Cardinal The should be present. He used to say, 'I feel seldom absent. more on equal terms with my friends at breakfast, and rather look forward to my banquet of dry toast.' Lord St. Jerome was quite proud of receiving his letters and newspapers at Vauxe earlier by far than he did at St. James's Square; and as all were supplied with their letters and journals, there was a great demand for news, and a proportional circulation of it. Lady Clanmorne indulged this passion for gossip amusingly one morning, and read a letter from her correspondent, written with the grace of a Sevigné, but which contained details of marriages, elopements, and a murder among their intimate acquaintance, which made all the real intelligence quite insipid, and was credited for at least half an hour.

The gallery at Vauxe was of great length, and the breakfast-table was laid at one end of it. The gallery was of panelled oak, with windows of stained glass in the upper panes, and the ceiling, richly and heavily carved, was entirely gilt, but with deadened gold. Though stately, the general effect was not free from a certain character of gloom. Lit, as it was, by sconces, this was at night much softened; but on a rich summer morn, the gravity and repose of this noble chamber were grateful to the senses.

The breakfast was over; the ladies had retired, stealing off with the 'Morning Post,' the gentlemen gradually disappearing for the solace of their cigars. The Cardinal, who was conversing with Lothair,

continued their conversation while walking up and down the gallery, far from the hearing of the servants, who were disembarrassing the breakfast-table, and preparing it for luncheon. A visit to a country house, as Pinto says, is a series of meals mitigated by the new dresses of the ladies.

'The more I reflect on your travels,' said the Cardinal, 'the more I am satisfied with what has happened. I recognise the hand of Providence in your preliminary visit to Rome and your subsequent one to Jerusalem. In the vast events which are impending, that man is in a strong position who has made a pilgrimage to the Holy You remember our walk in Sepulchre. the park here,' continued the Cardinal; 'I felt then that we were on the eve of some mighty change, but it was then indefinite, though to me inevitable. You were destined, I was persuaded, to witness it, even, as I hoped, to take no inconsiderable share in its fulfilment. But I hardly believed that I should have been spared for this transcendent day, and when it is consummated, I will gratefully exclaim, "Nunc me dimittis!"

- 'You allude, sir, to some important matter which Lady St. Jerome a few days ago intimated to me, but it was only an intimation, and purposely very vague.'
- 'There is no doubt,' said the Cardinal, speaking with solemnity, 'of what I now communicate to you. The Holy Father, Pius IX., has resolved to summon an Œcumenical Council.'
  - 'An Œcumenical Council!' said Lothair.
- 'It is a weak phrase,' resumed the Cardinal, 'to say it will be the greatest event of this century. I believe it will be the greatest event since the Episcopate of St. Peter; greater, in its consequences to the human race, than the fall of the Roman Empire, the pseudo-Reformation, or the Revolution of France. It is much more than three hundred years since the last Œcumenical Council, the Council of Trent, and the world still vibrates with its de-

cisions. But the Council of Trent, compared with the impending Council of the Vatican, will be as the mediæval world of Europe compared with the vast and complete globe which man has since discovered and mastered.'

- 'Indeed!' said Lothair.
- 'Why the very assembly of the Fathers of the Church will astound the Freemasons, and the Secret Societies, and the Atheists. That alone will be a demonstration of power on the part of the Holy Father which no conqueror from Sesostris to Napoleon has ever equalled. It was only the bishops of Europe that assembled at Trent, and, inspired by the Holy Spirit, their decisions have governed man for more than three hundred years. But now the bishops of the whole world will assemble round the chair of St. Peter, and prove by their presence the catholic character of the Church. Asia will send its patriarchs and pontiffs, and America and Australia its prelates; and at home, my dear young

friend, the Council of the Vatican will offer a striking contrast to the Council of Trent; Great Britain will be powerfully represented. The bishops of Ireland might have been counted on, but it is England also that will send her prelates now, and some of them will take no ordinary share in transactions that will give a new form and colour to human existence.'

'Is it true, sir, that the object of the Council is to declare the infallibility of the Pope?'

'In matters of faith and morals,' said the Cardinal quickly. 'There is no other infallibility. That is a secret with God. All that we can know of the decision of the Council on this awful head is that its decision, inspired by the Holy Spirit, must infallibly be right. We must await that decision, and, when made known, we must embrace it, not only with obedience, but with the interior assent of mind and will. But there are other results of the Council on which we may speculate; and which, I

believe, it will certainly accomplish:—first, it will show in a manner that cannot be mistaken that there is only one alternative for the human intellect: Rationalism or Faith; and, secondly, it will exhibit to the Christian powers the inevitable future they are now preparing for themselves.'

- 'I am among the faithful,' said Lothair.
- 'Then you must be a member of the Church Catholic,' said the Cardinal. basis on which God has willed that His revelation should rest in the world is the testimony of the Catholic which, if considered only as a human and historical witness, affords the highest and most certain evidence for the fact and the contents of the Christian religion. be denied, there is no such thing as history. But the Catholic Church is not only a human and historical witness of its own origin, constitution, and authority, it is also a supernatural and divine witness, which can neither fail nor err. When it œcumenically speaks, it is not merely the voice of

the Fathers of the world; it declares what "it hath seemed good to the Holy Ghost and to us."'

There was a pause, and then Lothair remarked:—'You said, sir, that the Council would show to the civil powers of the Christian world the inevitable future they are preparing for themselves?'

Even so. Now mark this, my child. At the Council of Trent the Christian powers were represented, and properly so. Their seats will be empty at the Council of the Vatican. What does that mean? Church and  ${f between}$ talked of for a long time, now demon-And what does separation between Church and State mean? society is no longer consecrated. governments of the world no longer profess to be Catholic. The faithful indeed among their subjects will be represented at the Council by their pastors, but the civil powers have separated themselves from the Church; either by royal edict, or legislative enactment, or revolutionary changes, they abolished the legal status of the Catholic Church within their territory. is not their choice; they are urged on by an invisible power that is anti-Christian, and which is the true, natural, and implacable enemy of the one visible and universal Church. The coming anarchy is called progress, because it advances along the line of departure from the old Christian order Christendom was the offof the world. spring of [the Christian family, and the foundation of the Christian family is the sacrament of matrimony, the spring of all domestic and public morals. The anti-Christian societies are opposed to the prin-When they have deciple of home. stroyed the hearth, the morality of society will perish. A settlement in the foundations may be slow in sinking, but it brings all down at last. The next step in de-Christianising the political life of nations is to establish national education without Christianity. This is systematically aimed at wherever the revolution has its way. The period and policy of Julian are returning. Some think this bodes ill for the Church; no, it is the State that will suffer. The Secret Societies are hurrying the civil governments of the world, and mostly the governments who disbelieve in their existence, to the brink of a precipice, over which monarchies and law and civil order will ultimately fall and perish together.'

'Then all is hopeless,' said Lothair.

'To human speculation,' said the Cardinal; 'but none can fathom the mysteries of Divine interposition. This coming Council may save society, and on that I would speak to you most earnestly. Holiness has resolved to invite the schismatic priesthoods to attend it and labour to bring about the unity of Christendom. He will send an ambassador to the Patriarch of the heresy of Photius which is called the Greek Church. He will approach Lambeth. I have little hope of the latter, though there is more than one of

Anglican bishops who revere memory and example of Laud. no means despair of your communion being present in some form at the Council. There are true spirits at Oxford who sigh for They will form, I hope, a considerable deputation; but, as not yet being prelates, they cannot take their seats formally in the Council, I wish, in order to increase and assert their influence, that they should be accompanied by a band of powerful laymen, who shall represent the pious and pure mind of England-the coming guardians of the land in the dark hour that may be at hand. Considering your previous knowledge of Rome, your acquaintance with its eminent men and its language, and considering too, as I well know, that the Holy Father looks to you as one marked out by Providence to assert the truth, it would please me-and, trust me, it would be wise in you—were you to visit Rome on this sublime occasion, and perhaps put your mark on the world's history.'

'It must yet be a long time before the Council meets,' said Lothair, after a pause.

'Not too long for preparation,' replied 'From this hour, until its the Cardinal. assembling, the pulse of humanity will Even at this hour they are speaking of the same matters as ourselves Euphrates and  $\mathbf{on}$ the The good Catesby is in Ireland, conferring with the bishops, awakening them to the occasion. a party among them narrow-minded and local, the effects of their education. ought not to be an Irish priest who was not brought up at the Propaganda. You know that admirable institution. We had some happy hours at Rome together — may we soon repeat them! You were very unwell there; next time you will judge of Rome in health and vigour.'

## CHAPTER XXV.

They say there is a skeleton in every house; it may be doubted. What is more certain are the sorrow and perplexity which sometimes, without a warning and preparation, suddenly fall upon a family living in a world of happiness and ease, and meriting their felicity by every gift of fortune and disposition.

Perhaps there never was a circle that enjoyed life more, and deserved to enjoy life more, than the Brentham family. Never was a family more admired and less envied. Nobody grudged them their happy gifts and accidents, for their demeanour was so winning, and their manners so cordial and sympathetic, that everyone felt as if he shared their amiable prosperity. And yet,

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at this moment, the Duchess, whose countenance was always as serene as her soul, was walking with disturbed visage and agitated step up and down the private room of the Duke; while his Grace, seated, his head upon his arm, and with his eyes on the ground, was apparently in anxious thought.

Now what had happened? It seems that these excellent parents had become acquainted, almost at the same moment, with two astounding and disturbing facts: their son wanted to marry Euphrosyne Cantacuzene, and their daughter would not marry the Duke of Brecon.

'I was so perfectly unprepared for the communication,' said the Duke, looking up, 'that I have no doubt I did not express myself as I ought to have done. But I do not think I said anything wrong. I showed surprise, sorrow—no anger. I was careful not to say anything to hurt his feelings—that is a great point in these matters—nothing disrespectful of the young lady. I

invited him to speak to me again about it when I had a little got over my surprise.'

- 'It is really a catastrophe,' exclaimed the Duchess; 'and only think I came to you for sympathy in my sorrow, which, after all, though distressing, is only a mortification!'
- 'I am very sorry about Brecon,' said the Duke, 'who is a man of honour, and who would have suited us very well; but, my dear Augusta, I never took exactly the same view of this affair as you did—I was never satisfied that Corisande returned his evident, I might say avowed, admiration of her.'
- 'She spoke of him always with great respect,' said the Duchess, 'and that is much in a girl of Corisande's disposition. I never heard her speak of any of her admirers in the same tone—certainly not of Lord Carisbrooke; I was quite prepared for her rejection of him. She never encouraged him.'
  - 'Well,' said the Duke, 'I grant you it

is mortifying—infinitely distressing; and Brecon is the last man I could have wished that it should occur to; but, after all, our daughter must decide for herself in such affairs. She is the person most interested in the event. I never influenced her sisters in their choice, and she also must be free. The other subject is more grave.'

- 'If we could only ascertain who she really is,' said the Duchess.
- 'According to Bertram, fully our equal; but I confess I am no judge of Levantine nobility,' his Grace added, with a mingled expression of pride and despair.
- 'That dreadful travelling abroad!' exclaimed the Duchess. 'I always had a foreboding of something disastrous from it. Why should he have gone abroad, who has never been to Ireland, or seen half the counties of his own country?'
- 'They all will go,' said the Duke; 'and I thought, with St. Aldegonde, he was safe from getting into any scrape of this kind.'
  - 'I should like to speak to Granville

'I am to see St. Aldegonde before I speak to Bertram,' said the Duke. 'I should not be surprised if he were here immediately.'

One of the social mysteries is, 'how things get about!' It was not the interest of any of the persons immediately connected with the subject that society should be aware that the Lady Corisande had declined the proposal of the Duke of Brecon. Society had no right even to assume that such a proposal was either expected or contemplated. The Duke of Brecon admired Lady Corisande, so did many others; and many others were admired by the Duke of Brecon. The Duchess even hoped that, as the season was waning, it might break up, and people go into the country or abroad, and nothing be observed. yet it 'got about.' The way things get about is through the Hugo Bohuns. Nothing escapes their quick eyes and slow



Their mission is to peer society, like professional astronomers ever on the watch to detect the slightest change in the phenomena. Never embarrassed by any passion of their own, and their only social scheming being to maintain their transcendent position, all their life and energy are devoted to the discovery of what is taking place around them; and experience, combined with natural tact, invests them with almost a supernatural in the detection of social secrets. And so it happened that scarcely a week had passed before Hugo began to sniff the air, and then to make fine observations at balls, as to whom certain persons danced with, or did not dance with; and then he began the curious process of what he called putting two and two together, and putting two and two together proved in about a fortnight that it was all up between Lady Corisande and the Duke of Brecon.

Among others he imparted this informa-

tion to Lothair, and it set Lothair a-thinking; and he went to a ball that evening solely with the purpose of making social observations like Hugo Bohun. But Lady Corisande was not there, though the Duke of Brecon was, apparently in high spirits, and waltzing more than once with Lady Grizell Falkirk. Lothair was not very fortunate in his attempts to see Bertram. He called more than once at Crecy House The fact is, Bertram was too, but in vain. naturally entirely engrossed with his own difficulties, and the Duchess, harassed and mortified, could no longer be at home in the morning.

Her Grace, however, evinced the just appreciation of character for which women are remarkable, in the confidence which she reposed in the good sense of Lord St. Aldegonde at this crisis. St. Aldegonde was the only one of his sons-in-law whom the Duke really considered and a little feared. When St. Aldegonde was serious, his influence over men was powerful. And he was

St. Aldegonde, who was not serious now. conventional, had made the acquaintance of Mr. Cantacuzene immediately on his return to England, and they had become He had dined in the Tyburnian palace of the descendant of the Greek Emperors more than once, and had determined to make his second son, who was only four years of age, a Greek merchant. When the Duke therefore consulted him on 'the catastrophe,' St. Aldegonde took high ground, spoke of Euphrosyne in the way she deserved, as one equal to an elevated social position, and deserving it. 'But if you ask me my opinion, sir,' he continued, 'I do not think, except for Bertram's sake, that you have any cause to fret yourself. The family wish her to marry her cousin, the eldest son of the Prince of Samos. It is an alliance of the highest, and suits them much better than any connection with us. sides, Cantacuzene will give his children large fortunes, and they like the money to remain in the family. A hundred or a

hundred and fifty thousand pounds—perhaps more—goes a great way on the coasts of Asia Minor. You might buy up half The Cantacuzenes are the Archipelago. coming to dine with us next week. is delighted with them. Mr. Cantacuzene is so kind as to say he will take Clovis into his counting-house. I wish I could induce your Grace to come and meet him: then you could judge for yourself. You would not be in the least shocked were Bertram to marry the daughter of some of our great This is a great merchants or bankers. merchant and banker, and the descendant of princes, and his daughter one of the most beautiful and gifted of women, and worthy to be a princess.'

'There is a good deal in what St. Aldegonde says,' said the Duke afterwards to his wife. 'The affair takes rather a different aspect. It appears they are really people of high consideration, and great wealth too. Nobody could describe them as adventurers.'

- 'We might gain a little time,' said the Duchess. 'I dislike peremptory decisions. It is a pity we have not an opportunity of seeing the young lady.'
- 'Granville says she is the most beautiful woman he ever met, except her sister.'
- 'That is the artist's wife?' said the Duchess.
- 'Yes;' said the Duke, 'I believe a most distinguished man, but it rather adds to the imbroglio. Perhaps things may turn out better than they first promised. The fact is, I am more amazed than annoyed. Granville knows the father, it seems, intimately. He knows so many odd people. He wants me to meet him at dinner. What do you think about it? It is a good thing sometimes to judge for oneself. They say this Prince of Samos she is half betrothed to is attaché to the Turkish Embassy at Vienna, and is to visit England.'
- 'My nervous system is quite shaken,' said the Duchess. 'I wish we could all go to Brentham. I mentioned it to Corisande

this morning, and I was surprised to find that she wished to remain in town.'

'Well, we will decide nothing, my dear, St. Aldegonde says that, if in a hurry. we decide in that sense, he will undertake to break off the whole affair. We may rely on that. We need consider the business only with reference to Bertram's happiness and feelings. That is an important issue no doubt, but it is a limited one. business is not of so disagreeable a nature It is not an affair of a rash as it seemed. engagement in a discreditable quarter from which he cannot extricate himself. is no doubt they are thoroughly reputable people, and will sanction nothing which is not decorous and honourable. St. Aldegonde has been a comfort to me in this matter; and you will find out a great deal when you speak to him about it. I wish I was as easy might be worse. about the Duke of Brecon. I met him this morning and rode with him—to show there was no change in my feelings.

## CHAPTER XXVI.

THE world goes on with its aching hearts and its smiling faces, and very often, when a year has revolved, the world finds out there was no sufficient cause for the sor-There is too much rows or the smiles. unnecessary anxiety in the world, which is apt too hastily to calculate the consequences of any unforeseen event, quite forgetting that, acute as it is in observation, the world, where the future is concerned, is generally wrong. The Duchess have liked to have buried herself in the shades of Brentham, but Lady Corisande, who deported herself as if there were no care at Crecy House except that occasioned by her brother's rash engagement, was of opinion that 'Mamma would only brood

over this vexation in the country,' and that it would be much better not to anticipate the close of the waning season. So the Duchess and her lovely daughter were seen everywhere where they ought to be seen, and appeared the pictures of serenity and satisfaction.

As for Bertram's affair itself, under the manipulation of St. Aldegonde it began to assume a less anxious and more practicable aspect. The Duke was desirous to secure his son's happiness, but wished nothing to be done rashly. If, for example, in a year's time or so, Bertram continued in the same mind, his father would never be an obstacle to his well-considered wishes. In the meantime an opportunity might offer of making the acquaintance of the young lady and her friends.

And in the meantime the world went on, dancing and betting and banqueting, and making speeches, and breaking hearts and heads, till the time arrived when social stock is taken, the results of the campaign estimated and ascertained, and the dark question asked, 'Where do you think of going this year?'

- 'We shall certainly winter at Rome,' said Lady St. Jerome to Lady Clanmorne, who was paying a morning visit. 'I wish you could induce Lord Clanmorne to join us.'
- 'I wish so too,' said the lady, 'but that is impossible. He never will give up his hunting.'
- 'I am sure there are more foxes in the Campagna than at Vauxe,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'I suppose you have heard of what they call the double event?' said Lady Clanmorne.
  - 'No.'
- 'Well, it is quite true; Mr. Bohun told me last night, and he always knows everything.'
- 'Everything!' said Lady St. Jerome; 'but what is it that he knows now?'
- 'Both the Ladies Falkirk are to be married, and on the same day.'

- 'But to whom?'
- 'Whom should you think?'
- 'I will not even guess,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'Clare,' she said to Miss Arundel, who was engaged apart, 'you always find out conundrums. Lady Clanmorne has got some news for us. Lady Flora Falkirk and her sister are going to be married, and on the same day. And to whom, think you?'
- 'Well, I should think that somebody has made Lord Carisbrooke a happy man,' said Miss Arundel.
- 'Very good,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'I think Lady Flora will make an excellent Lady Carisbrooke. He is not quite as tall as she is, but he is a man of inches. And now for Lady Grizell.'
- 'My powers of divination are quite exhausted,' said Miss Arundel.
- 'Well, I will not keep you in suspense,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'Lady Grizell is to be Duchess of Brecon.'
- 'Duchess of Brecon!' exclaimed both Miss Arundel and Lady St. Jerome.

- 'I always admired the ladies,' said Miss Arundel. 'We met them at a country house last year, and I thought them pleasing in every way—artless and yet piquant; but I did not anticipate their fate being so soon sealed.'
- 'And so brilliantly,' added Lady St. Jerome.
- 'You met them at Muriel Towers,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'I heard of you there: a most distinguished party. There was an American lady there, was there not? a charming person, who sang, and acted, and did all sorts of things.'
- 'Yes; there was. I believe, however, she was an Italian, married to an American.'
- 'Have you seen much of your host at Muriel Towers?' said Lady Clanmorne.
- 'We see him frequently,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'Ah! yes, I remember; I met him at Vauxe the other day. He is a great admirer of yours,' Lady Clanmorne added, addressing Miss Arundel.

- 'Oh! we are friends, and have long been so,' said Miss Arundel, and she left the room.
- 'Clare does not recognise admirers,' said Lady St. Jerome gravely.
- 'I hope the ecclesiastical fancy is not reviving,' said Lady Clanmorne. 'I was half in hopes that the lord of Muriel Towers might have deprived the Church of its bride.'
- 'That could never be,' said Lady St. Jerome; 'though, if it could have been, a source of happiness to Lord St. Jerome and myself would not have been wanting. greatly regard our kinsman, but between ourselves,' added Lady St. Jerome in a low voice, 'it was supposed that he was attached to the American lady of whom you were speaking.'
  - 'And where is she now?'
- 'I have heard nothing of late. was in Italy at the same time as ourselves, and was ill there, under our roof; so we saw a great deal of him. Afterwards he VOL. III. U

travelled for his health, and has now just returned from the East.'

A visitor was announced, and Lady Clanmorne retired.

Nothing happens as you expect. his voyage home Lothair had indulged in dreams of renewing his intimacy at Crecy House, around whose hearth all his sympathies were prepared to cluster. shock to this romance was the news he received of the impending union of Lady Corisande with the Duke of Brecon. what with this unexpected obstacle to intimacy, and the domestic embarrassments occasioned by Bertram's declaration, he had become a stranger to a roof which had so filled his thoughts. It seemed to him that he could not enter the house either as the admirer of the daughter or as the friend She was probably engaged of her brother. to another, and as Bertram's friend and fellow-traveller, he fancied he was looked upon by the family as one who had in some degree contributed to their mortification.

Much of this was imaginary, but Lothair was very sensitive, and the result was that he ceased to call at Crecy House, and for some time kept aloof from the Duchess and her daughter, when he met them in general He was glad to hear from Bertram and St. Aldegonde that the position of the former was beginning to soften at home, and that the sharpness of his announcement was passing away. And when he had clearly ascertained that the contemplated union of Lady Corisande with the Duke was certainly not to take place, Lothair began to reconnoitre, and try to resume his original position. But his reception was not encouraging, at least not sufficiently cordial for one who by nature was retiring and reserved. Lady Corisande was always kind, and after some time he danced with her again. But there were no invitations to luncheon from the Duchess; they never asked him to dinner. His approaches were received with courtesy, but he was not courted.

The announcement of the marriage of the Duke of Brecon did not, apparently, in any degree distress Lady Corisande. On the contrary, she expressed much satisfaction at her two young friends settling in life with such success and splendour. The ambition both of Lady Flora and Lady Grizell was that Corisande should be a bridesmaid. This would be a rather awkward post to occupy under the circumstances, so she embraced both, and said that she loved them both so equally, that she would not give a preference to either, and therefore, though she certainly would attend their weddings, she would refrain from taking part in the ceremony.

The Duchess went with Lady Corisande one morning to Mr. Ruby's to choose a present from her daughter to each of the young ladies. Mr. Ruby in a back shop poured forth his treasures of bracelets, and rings, and lockets. The presents must be similar in value and in beauty, and yet there must be some difference between

them; so it was a rather long and troublesome investigation, Mr. Ruby as usual
varying its monotony, or mitigating its
wearisomeness, by occasionally, or suddenly,
exhibiting some splendid or startling production of his art. The parure of an
Empress, the bracelets of Grand-Duchesses,
a wonderful fan that was to flutter in the
hands of Majesty, had all in due course
appeared, as well as the black pearls and
yellow diamonds that figure and flash on
such occasions, before eyes so favoured and
so fair.

At last—for, like a prudent general, Mr. Ruby had always a great reserve—opening a case, he said, 'There!' and displayed a crucifix of the most exquisite workmanship and the most precious materials.

'I have no hesitation in saying the rarest jewel which this century has produced. See! the figure by Monti; a masterpiece. Every emerald in the cross a picked stone. These corners, your Grace is aware,' said Mr. Ruby condescendingly, 'contain the earth of the holy places at Jerusalem. It has been shown to no one but your Grace.'

'It is indeed most rare and beautiful,' said the Duchess, 'and most interesting too, from containing the earth of the holy places. A commission, of course?'

'From one of our most eminent patrons,' and then he mentioned Lothair's name.

Lady Corisande looked agitated.

- 'Not for himself,' said Mr. Ruby.
- Lady Corisande seemed relieved.
- 'It is a present to a young lady—Miss Arundel.'

Lady Corisande changed colour, and turning away, walked towards a case of works of art, which was in the centre of the shop, and appeared to be engrossed in their examination.

## CHAPTER XXVII.

A DAY or two after this adventure of the crucifix, Lothair met Bertram, who said to him, 'By the bye, if you want to see my people before they leave town, you must call at once.'

'You do not mean that,' replied Lothair, much surprised. 'Why, the Duchess told me, only three or four days ago, that they should not leave town until the end of the first week of August. They are going to the weddings.'

'I do not know what my mother said to you, my dear fellow, but they go to Brentham the day after to-morrow, and will not return. The Duchess has been for a long time wishing this, but Corisande would stay. She thought they would only bother

themselves about my affairs, and there was more distraction for them in town. But now they are going, and it is for Corisande they go. She is not well, and they have suddenly resolved to depart.'

- 'Well, I am very sorry to hear it,' said Lothair; 'I shall call at Crecy House. Do you think they will see me?'
  - 'Certain.'
  - 'And what are your plans?'
- 'I have none,' said Bertram. 'I suppose I must not leave my father alone at this moment. He has behaved well; very kindly, indeed. I have nothing to complain of. But still all is vague, and I feel somehow or other I ought to be about him.'
- 'Have you heard from our dear friends abroad?'
- 'Yes,' said Bertram, with a sigh, 'Euphrosyne writes to me; but I believe St. Aldegonde knows more about their views and plans than I do. He and Mr. Phæbus correspond much. I wish to heaven they were here, or rather that we were with

them,' he added, with another sigh. 'How happy we all were at Jerusalem! How I hate London! And Brentham worse. I shall have to go to a lot of agricultural dinners and all sorts of things. The Duke expects it, and I am bound now to do everything to please him. What do you think of doing?'

- 'I neither know nor care,' said Lothair, in a tone of great despondency.
  - 'You are a little hipped.'
- 'Not a little. I suppose it is the excitement of the last two years that has spoiled me for ordinary life. But I find the whole thing utterly intolerable, and regret now that I did not rejoin the staff of the General. I shall never have such a chance again. It was a mistake; but one is born to blunder.'

Lothair called at Crecy House. The hall-porter was not sure whether the Duchess was at home, and the groom of the chambers went to see. Lothair had never experienced this form. When the

groom of the chambers came down again, he gave her Grace's compliments, but she had a headache, and was obliged to lie down, and was sorry she could not see Lothair, who went away livid.

Crecy House was only a few hundred yards from St. James's Square, and Lothair repaired to an accustomed haunt. not in a humour for society, and yet he required sympathy. There were some painful associations with the St. Jerome family, and yet they had many charms. painful associations had been greatly removed by their easy and cordial reception of him, and the charms had been renewed and increased by subsequent intercourse. After all, they were the only people who had always been kind to him. And if they had erred in a great particular, they had been animated by pure, and even sacred, And had they erred? not his present feelings of something approaching to desolation a fresh proof that the spirit of man can alone be sustained by

higher relations than merely human ones? So he knocked at the door, and Lady St. Jerome was at home. She had not a headache; there were no mysterious whisperings between hall-porters and grooms of the chamber, to ascertain whether he was one of the initiated. Whether it were London or Vauxe, the eyes of the household proved that he was ever a welcome and cherished guest.

Lady St. Jerome was alone, and rose from her writing-table to receive him. And then—for she was a lady who never lost a moment—she resumed some work, which did not interfere with their conversation. Her talking resources were so happy and inexhaustible, that it signified little that her visitor, who was bound in that character to have something to say, was silent and moody.

'My lord,' she continued, 'has taken the Palazzo Agostini for a term. I think we should always pass our winters at Rome under any circumstances, but—the Cardinal has spoken to you about the great event—if that comes off, of which, between ourselves, whatever the world may say, I believe there is no sort of doubt, we should not think of being absent from Rome for a day during the Council.'

- 'Why! it may last years,' said Lothair.
  'There is no reason why it should not last as long as the Council of Trent. It has in reality much more to do.'
- 'We do things quicker now,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'That depends on what there is to do. To revive faith is more difficult than to create it.'
- 'There will be no difficulty when the Church has assembled,' said Lady St. Jerome. 'This sight of the universal Fathers coming from the uttermost ends of the earth to bear witness to the truth will at once sweep away all the vain words and vainer thoughts of this unhappy century. It will be what they call a great fact, dear Lothair; and when the Holy Spirit de-

scends upon their decrees, my firm belief is the whole world will rise as it were from a trance, and kneel before the divine tomb of St. Peter.'

- 'Well, we shall see,' said Lothair.
- 'The Cardinal wishes you very much to attend the Council. He wishes you to attend it as an Anglican, representing with a few others our laity. He says it would have the very best effect for religion.'
  - ' He spoke to me.'
  - 'And you agreed to go?'
- 'I have not refused him. If I thought I could do any good, I am not sure I would not go,' said Lothair; 'but from what I have seen of the Roman Court, there is little hope of reconciling our differences. Rome is stubborn. Now, look at the difficulties they make about the marriage of a Protestant and one of their own communion. It is cruel, and I think on their part unwise.'
- 'The sacrament of marriage is of ineffable holiness,' said Lady St. Jerome.

- 'I do not wish to deny that,' said Lothair, 'but I see no reason why I should not marry a Roman Catholic if I liked, without the Roman Church interfering and entirely regulating my house and home.'
- 'I wish you would speak to Father Coleman about this,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'I have had much talk with Father Coleman about many things in my time,' said Lothair, 'but not about this. By the bye, have you any news of the Monsignore?'
- 'He is in Ireland, arranging about the Œcumenical Council. They do not understand these matters there as well as we do in England, and his Holiness, by the Cardinal's advice, has sent the Monsignore to put things right.'
- 'All the Father Colemans in the world cannot alter the state of affairs about mixed marriages,' said Lothair; 'they can explain, but they cannot alter. I want change in this matter, and Rome never changes.'
  - 'It is impossible for the Church to

change,' said Lady St. Jerome, ' because it is Truth.'

- 'Is Miss Arundel at home?' said Lothair.
- ' I believe so,' said Lady St. Jerome.
- 'I never see her now,' he said discontentedly. 'She never goes to balls, and she never rides. Except occasionally under this roof, she is invisible.'
- 'Clare does not go any longer into society,' said Lady St. Jerome.
  - 'Why?'
- 'Well, it is a secret,' said Lady St. Jerome, with some disturbance of countenance, and speaking in a lower tone; 'at least, at present; and yet I can hardly on such a subject wish that there should be a secret from you—Clare is about to take the veil.'
- 'Then I have not a friend left in the world,' said Lothair, in a despairing tone.

Lady St. Jerome looked at him with an anxious glance. 'Yes,' she continued, 'I do not wish to conceal it from you, that for a time we could have wished it otherwise

- —it has been, it is a trying event, for my Lord and myself—but the predisposition, which was always strong, has ended in a determination so absolute, that we recognise the Divine purpose in her decision, and we bow to it.'
- 'I do not bow to it,' said Lothair; 'I think it barbarous and unwise.'
  - 'Hush! hush! dear friend.'
- 'And does the Cardinal approve of this step?'
  - 'Entirely.'
- 'Then my confidence in him is entirely destroyed,' said Lothair.

## CHAPTER XXVIII.

IT was August, and town was thinning Parliament still lingered, but only for technical purposes; the political struggle of the session having terminated at the end of July. One social event was yet to be consummated—the marriages of Lothair's They were to be married on the same day, at the same time, and in the same Westminster Abbey was to be the place. scene, and as it was understood that the service was to be choral, great expectations of ecclesiastical splendour and effect were much anticipated by the fair sex. were however doomed to disappointment, for although the day was fine, the attendance numerous and brilliant beyond precedent, Lord Culloden would have 'no VOL. III. X

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After the ceremony, the world repaired to the mansion of Lord Culloden in Belgrave Square, to inspect the presents, and to partake of a dinner called a breakfast. Cousin Lothair wandered about the rooms, and had the satisfaction of seeing a bracelet with a rare and splendid sapphire which he had given to Lady Flora, and a circlet of diamond stars which he had placed on the brow of the Duchess of Brecon. Aldegondes were the only members of the Brentham family who were present. Aldegonde had a taste for marriages and public executions, and Lady St. Aldegonde wandered about with Lothair, and pointed out to him Corisande's present to his cousins.

' I never was more disappointed than by

your family leaving town so early this year,' he said.

- 'We were quite surprised.'
- 'I am sorry to hear your sister is indisposed.'
  - 'Corisande! she is perfectly well.'
- 'I hope the Duchess's headache is better,' said Lothair. 'She could not receive me when I called to say farewell, because she had a headache.'
- 'I never knew Mamma have a headache,' said Lady St. Aldegonde.
- 'I suppose you will be going to Brentham?'
  - 'Next week.'
  - 'And Bertram too?'
  - 'I fancy that we shall be all there.'
- 'I suppose we may consider now that the season is really over?'
- 'Yes; they stayed for this. I should not be surprised if everyone in these rooms had disappeared by to-morrow.'
  - 'Except myself,' said Lothair.
  - ' Do you think of going abroad again?'

- 'One might as well go,' said Lothair, 'as remain.'
- 'I wish Granville would take me to Paris. It seems so odd not to have seen Paris. All I want is to see the new streets and dine at a café.'
- 'Well, you have an object; that is somehing,' said Lothair. 'I have none.'
- 'Men have always objects,' said Lady St. Aldegonde. 'They make business when they have none, or it makes itself. They move about, and it comes.'
- 'I have moved about a great deal,' said Lothair, 'and nothing has come to me but disappointment. I think I shall take to croquet, like that curious gentleman I remember at Brentham.'
  - 'Ah! you remember everything.'
- 'It is not easy to forget anything at Brentham,' said Lothair. 'It is just two years ago. That was a happy time.'
- 'I doubt whether our re-assembling will be quite as happy this year,' said Lady St. Aldegonde, in a serious tone. 'This en-

gagement of Bertram is an anxious business; I never saw Papa before really fret. And there are other things which are not without vexation—at least to Mamma.'

- 'I do not think I am a great favourite of your Mamma,' said Lothair. 'She once used to be very kind to me, but she is so no longer.'
- 'I am sure you mistake her,' said Lady St. Aldegonde, but not in a tone which indicated any confidence in her remark. 'Mamma is anxious about my brother, and all that.'
- 'I believe the Duchess thinks that I am in some way or other connected with this embarrassment; but I really had nothing to do with it, though I could not refuse my testimony to the charms of the young lady, and my belief she would make Bertram a happy man.'
- 'As for that, you know, Granville saw a great deal more of her, at least at Jerusalem, than you did, and he has said to Mamma a great deal more than you have done.'

- 'Yes; but she thinks that had it not been for me, Bertram would never have known the Phœbus family. She could not conceal that from me, and it has poisoned her mind.'
  - 'Oh! do not use such words.'
- 'Yes; but they are true. And your sister is prejudiced against me also.'
- 'That I am sure she is not,' said Lady St. Aldegonde quickly. 'Corisande was always your friend.'
- 'Well, they refused to see me, when we may never meet again for months, perhaps for years,' said Lothair, 'perhaps never.'
- 'What shocking things you are saying, my dear Lord, to-day! Here, Lord Culloden wants you to return thanks for the bridesmaids. You must put on a merry face.'

The dreary day at last arrived, and very quickly, when Lothair was the only person left in town. When there is nobody you know in London, the million that go about are only voiceless phantoms. Solitude in a city is a trance. The motion of the silent beings with whom you have no speech or sympathy, only makes the dreamlike existence more intense. It is not so in the country: the voices of nature are abundant, and from the hum of insects to the fall of the avalanche, something is always talking to you.

Lothair shrank from the streets. could not endure the dreary glare of St. James's and the desert sheen of Pall Mall. He could mount his horse in the Park, and soon lose himself in suburban roads that he Yes! it was irresistible; and once loved. he made a visit to Belmont. The house was dismantled, and the gardens shorn of their lustre, but still it was there; very fair in the sunshine, and sanctified in his heart. He visited every room that he had frequented, and lingered in her boudoir. did not forget the now empty pavilion, and he plucked some flowers that she once loved, and pressed them to his lips, and placed them near his heart. He felt now what it was that made him unhappy: it was the want of sympathy.

He walked through the Park to the residence of Mr. Phœbus, where he had directed his groom to meet him. His heart beat as he wandered along, and his eye was dim What characters and what scenes had he not become acquainted with since his first visit to Belmont! now, when they had departed, or were absent, what influence were they not exercising over his life, and the life of those most intimate with him! Had it not been for his pledge to Theodora, it was far from improbable that he would now have been a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and all his hopes at Brentham, and his intimacy with the family on which he had most reckoned in life for permanent friendship and support, seemed to be marred and blighted by the witching eyes of that mirthful Euphrosyne, whose mocking words on the moonlit terrace at Belmont first attracted his notice to her. And then, by

association of ideas, he thought of the General, and what his old commander had said at their last interview, reminding him of his fine castle, and expressing his conviction that the lord of such a domain must have much to do.

'I will try to do it,' said Lothair, 'and I will go down to Muriel to-morrow.'

## CHAPTER XXIX.

LOTHAIR, who was very sensible to the charms of nature, found at first relief in the beauties of Muriel. The season was propitious to the scene. August is a rich and leafy month, and the glades and avenues and stately trees of his parks and pleasaunces seemed at the same time to soothe and gladden his perturbed spirit. Muriel was still new to him, and there was much to examine and explore for the first time. He found a consolation also in the frequent remembrance that these scenes had been known to those whom he loved. the chamber, and often in the bower, their forms arose; sometimes their voices lingered in his ear; a frolic laugh, or whispered words of kindness and enjoyment.

place as Muriel should always be so peopled. But that is impossible. One cannot always have the most agreeable people in the world assembled under one's roof. And yet the alternative should not be the loneliness he now experienced. The analytical Lothair resolved that there was no happiness without sympathy.

The most trying time were the evenings. A man likes to be alone in the morning. He writes his letters and reads the newspapers, attempts to examine his steward's accounts, and if he wants society can gossip with his stud-groom. But a solitary evening in the country is gloomy, however brilliant the accessories. As Mr. Phæbus was not present, Lothair violated the prime principles of a first-class Aryan education, and ventured to read a little. It is difficult to decide which is the most valuable companion to a country eremite at his nightly studies, the volume that keeps him awake or the one that sets him a-slumbering.

At the end of a week Lothair had some

good sport on his moors—and this reminded him of the excellent Campian, who had received and answered his letter. Colonel, however, held out but a prospect of returning at present to Europe, though, whenever he did, he promised to be the guest of Lothair. Lothair asked some of his neighbours to dinner, and he made two large parties to slaughter his grouse. They were grateful and he was popular, but 'we have not an idea in common,' thought Lothair, as wearied terested he bade his last guest his last good-night. Then Lothair paid a visit to the Lord Lieutenant, and stayed nights at Agramont Castle. Here he met many county notables, and 'great was the company of the preachers;' but the talk was local or ecclesiastical, and after the high-spiced condiments of the conversation to which he was accustomed, the present discourse was insipid even to nausea. sought some relief in the society of Lady Ida-Alice, but she blushed when she spoke

to him, and tittered when he replied to her; and at last he found refuge in pretty Mrs. Ardenne, who concluded by asking him for his photograph.

On the morrow of his return to Muriel, the servant bringing in his letters, he seized one in the handwriting of Bertram, and discarding the rest, devoured the communication of his friend, which was eventful.

It seems that the Phœbus family had returned to England, and were at Brentham, and had been there a week. delighted with them, and family were especial Euphrosyne was anBut this was not all. It seems that Mr. Cantacuzene had been down to Brentham. and stayed, which he never did anywhere, a couple of days. And the Duke was particularly charmed with Mr. Cantacu-This gentleman, who was only in the earlier term of middle age, and looked younger than his age, was distinguished in appearance, highly polished, and singularly

He appeared to be the master of great wealth, for he offered to make upon Euphrosyne any settlement which Duke desired. He had no son, and not wish his sons-in-law to be sighing for his death. He wished his daughters, therefore, to enjoy the bulk of their inheritance He told the Duke that in his lifetime. he had placed hundred thousand one pounds in the names of trustees on the marriage of Madame Phœbus, to accumulate, 'and when the genius and vanity of her husband are both exhausted, though I believe they are inexhaustible,' remarked Mr. Cantacuzene, 'it will be a nest's egg for them to fall back upon, and at least save them from penury.' The Duke had no doubt that Mr. Cantacuzene was of But the latter portion of imperial lineage. the letter was the most deeply interesting to Lothair. Bertram wrote that his mother had just observed that she thought the Phæbus family would like to meet Lothair, and begged Bertram to invite him to

Brentham. The letter ended by an urgent request, that, if disengaged, he should arrive immediately.

Mr. Phœbus highly approved of Brentham. All was art, and art of a high character. He knew no residence with an aspect so thoroughly Aryan. Though it was really a family party, the house was quite full; at least, as Bertram said to Lothair on his arrival, 'there is only room for you—and you are in your old quarters.'

'That is exactly what I wished,' said Lothair.

He had to escort the Duchess to dinner. Her manner was of old days. 'I thought you would like to meet your friends,' she said.

'It gives me much pleasure, but much more to find myself again at Brentham.'

'There seems every prospect of Bertram being happy. We are enchanted with the young lady. You know her, I believe, well? The Duke is highly pleased with

her father, Mr. Cantacuzene—he says one of the most sensible men he ever met, and a thorough gentleman, which he may well be, for I believe there is no doubt he is of the highest descent—emperors they say, princes even now. I wish you could have met him, but he would only stay eight-and-forty hours. I understand his affairs are vast.'

- 'I have always heard a considerable person; quite the head of the Greek community in this country—indeed, in Europe generally.'
- 'I see by the morning papers that Miss Arundel has taken the veil.'
- 'I missed my papers to-day,' said Lothair, a little agitated, 'but I have long been aware of her intention of doing so.'
- 'Lady St. Jerome will miss her very much. She was quite the soul of the house.'
- 'It must be a great and painful sacrifice,' said Lothair; 'but, I believe, long meditated. I remember when I was at Vauxe, nearly

two years ago, that I was told this was to be her fate. She was quite determined on it.'

- 'I saw the beautiful crucifix you gave her at Mr. Ruby's.'
- 'It was a homage to her for her great goodness to me when I was ill at Rome—and it was difficult to find anything that would please or suit her. I fixed on the crucifix, because it permitted me to transfer to it the earth of the holy places, which were included in the crucifix, that was given to me by the monks of the Holy Sepulchre, when I made my pilgrimage to Jerusalem.'

In the evening St. Aldegonde insisted on their dancing, and he engaged himself to Madame Phœbus. Bertram and Euphrosyne seemed never separated; Lothair was successful in inducing Lady Corisande to be his partner.

'Do you remember your first ball at Crecy House?' asked Lothair. 'You are not nervous now?'

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'I would hardly say that,' said Lady Corisande, 'though I try not to show it.'

'It was the first ball for both of us,' said Lothair. 'I have not danced so much in the interval as you have. Do you know, I was thinking, just now, I have danced oftener with you than with anyone else?'

'Are not you glad about Bertram's affair ending so well?'

'Very; he will be a happy man. Everybody is happy, I think, except myself.'

In the course of the evening, Lady St. Aldegonde, on the arm of Lord Montairy, stopped for a moment as she passed Lothair, and said: 'Do you remember our conversation at Lord Culloden's breakfast? Who was right about mamma?'

They passed their long summer days in rambling and riding, and in wondrous new games which they played in the hall. The striking feature, however, were the matches at battledore and shuttlecock between Madame Phæbus and Lord St. Aldegonde, in which the skill and energy displayed

were supernatural, and led to betting. The evenings were always gay; sometimes they danced; more or less they always had some delicious singing. And Mr. Phæbus arranged some tableaux most successfully.

All this time, Lothair hung much about Lady Corisande; he was by her side in the riding parties, always very near her when they walked, and sometimes he managed unconsciously to detach her from the main party, and they almost walked alone. If he could not sit by her at dinner, he joined her immediately afterwards, and whether it were a dance, a tableau, or a new game, somehow or other he seemed always to be her companion.

It was about a week after the arrival of Lothair, and they were at breakfast at Brentham, in that bright room full of little round tables which Lothair always admired, looking, as it did, upon a garden of many colours.

'How I hate modern gardens,' said St. Aldegonde. 'What a horrid thing this is!

One might as well have a mosaic pavement there. Give me cabbage-roses, sweet-peas, and wallflowers. That is my idea of a garden. Corisande's garden is the only sensible thing of the sort.'

'One likes a mosaic pavement to look like a garden,' said Euphrosyne, 'but not a garden like a mosaic pavement.'

'The worst of these mosaic beds,' said Madame Phœbus, 'is, you can never get a nosegay, and if it were not for the kitchengarden, we should be destitute of that gayest and sweetest of creations.'

'Corisande's garden is, since your first visit to Brentham,' said the Duchess to Lothair. 'No flowers are admitted that have not perfume. It is very old-fashioned. You must get her to show it you.'

It was agreed that after breakfast they should go and see Corisande's garden. And a party did go—all the Phœbus family, and Lord and Lady St. Aldegonde, and Lady Corisande, and Bertram and Lothair.

In the pleasure-grounds of Brentham

were the remains of an ancient garden of the ancient house that had long ago been When the modern pleasurepulled down. grounds were planned and created, notwithstanding the protests of the artists in landscape, the father of the present Duke would not allow this ancient garden to be entirely destroyed, and you came upon its quaint appearance in the dissimilar world in which it was placed, as you might in some festival of romantic costume upon a person habited in the courtly dress of the last century. It was formed upon a gentle southern slope, with turfen terraces walled in on three sides, the fourth consisting of arches of golden yew. The Duke had given this garden to Lady Corisande, in order that she might practise her theory, that flowergardens should be sweet and luxuriant, and not hard and scentless imitations of works Here, in their season, flourished abundantly all those productions of nature which are now banished from our once delighted senses: huge bushes of honeysuckle, and bowers of sweet-pea and sweetbriar, and jessamine clustering over the walls, and gillyflowers scenting with their sweet breath the ancient bricks from which they seemed to spring. There were banks of violets which the southern breeze always stirred, and mignonette filled every vacant As they entered now, it seemed a blaze of roses and carnations, though one recognised in a moment the presence of the lily, the heliotrope, and the stock. Some white peacocks were basking on the southern wall, and one of them, as their visitors entered, moved and displayed its plumage with scorn-The bees were busy in the air, but their homes were near, and you might watch them labouring in their glassy hives.

'Now, is not Corisande quite right?' said Lord St. Aldegonde, as he presented Madame Phœbus with a garland of woodbine, with which she said she would dress her head at dinner. All agreed with him, and Bertram and Euphrosyne adorned each other with carnations, and Mr. Phœbus placed a flower on the uncovered head of Lady St. Aldegonde, according to the principles of high art, and they sauntered and rambled in the sweet and sunny air amid a blaze of butterflies and the ceaseless hum of bees.

Bertram and Euphrosyne had disappeared, and the rest were lingering about the hives while Mr. Phœbus gave them a lecture on the apiary and its marvellous life. The bees understood Mr. Phœbus, at least he said so, and thus his friends had considerable advantage in this lesson in entomology. Lady Corisande and Lothair were in a distant corner of the garden, and she was explaining to him her plans; what she had done and what she meant to do.

- 'I wish I had a garden like this at Muriel,' said Lothair.
  - 'You could easily make one.'
  - 'If you helped me.'
- 'I have told you all my plans,' said Lady Corisande.
- 'Yes; but I was thinking of something else when you spoke,' said Lothair.

- 'That is not very complimentary.'
- 'I do not wish to be complimentary,' said Lothair, 'if compliments mean less than they declare. I was not thinking of your garden, but of you.'
- 'Where can they have all gone?' said Lady Corisande, looking round. 'We must find them.'
- 'And leave this garden?' said Lothair.
  'And I without a flower, the only one without a flower? I am afraid that is significant of my lot.'
- 'You shall choose a rose,' said Lady Corisande.
- 'Nay; the charm is that it should be your choice.'

But choosing the rose lost more time, and when Corisande and Lothair reached the arches of golden yew, there were no friends in sight.

- 'I think I hear sounds this way,' said Lothair, and he led his companion farther from home.
  - 'I see no one,' said Lady Corisande, dis-

tressed, and when they had advanced a little way.

'We are sure to find them in good time,' said Lothair. 'Besides, I wanted to speak to you about the garden at Muriel. wanted to induce you to go there and help Yes,' he added, after some me to make it. hesitation, 'on this spot—I believe on this very spot—I asked the permission of your mother two years ago to express to you She thought me a boy, and she treated me as a boy. She said I knew nothing of the world, and both our characters were unformed. I know the world now. I have committed many mistakes, doubtless many follies—have formed many opinions, and have changed many opinions; but to one I have been constant, in one I am unchanged—and that is my adoring love to you.'

She turned pale, she stopped, then gently taking his arm, she hid her face in his breast.

He soothed and sustained her agitated

frame, and sealed with an embrace her speechless form. Then, with soft thoughts and softer words, clinging to him, he induced her to resume their stroll, which both of them now wished might assuredly be They had arrived at the undisturbed. limit of the pleasure-grounds, and they wandered into the park and into its most sequestered parts. All this time Lothair spoke much, and gave her the history of his life since he first visited her home. Corisande said little, but when she was more composed, she told him that from the first her heart had been his, but everything seemed to go against her hopes. at last, to please her parents, she would have married the Duke of Brecon, had not Lothair returned; and what he had said to her that morning at Crecy House had decided her resolution, whatever might be her lot, to unite it to no one else but him. But then came the adventure of the crucifix, and she thought all was over for her, and she quitted town in despair.

- 'Let us rest here for a while;' said Lothair, 'under the shade of this oak,' and Lady Corisande reclined against its mighty trunk, and Lothair threw himself at her feet. He had a great deal still to tell her, and among other things, the story of the pearls, which he had wished to give to Theodora.
- 'She was, after all, your good genius,' said Lady Corisande. 'I always liked her.'
- 'Well now,' said Lothair, 'that case has never been opened. The year has elapsed, but I would not open it, for I had always a wild wish that the person who opened it should be yourself. See, here it is.' And he gave her the case.
- 'We will not break the seal,' said Lady Corisande. 'Let us respect it for her sake —ROMA!' she said, examining it; and then they opened the case. There was the slip of paper which Theodora at the time had placed upon the pearls, and on which she

had written some unseen words. were read now, and ran thus-

# 'THE OFFERING OF THEODORA TO LOTHAIR'S BRIDE.'

- 'Let me place them on you now,' said Lothair.
- 'I will wear them as your chains,' said Corisande.

The sun began to tell them that some hours had elapsed since they quitted Brent-At last a soft hand which ham House. Lothair retained, gave him a slight pressure, and a sweet voice whispered, 'Dearest, I think we ought to return.'

And they returned almost in silence. They rather calculated that, taking advantage of the luncheon-hour, Corisande might escape to her room; but they were a little too late. Luncheon was over, and they met the Duchess and a large party on the terrace.

'What has become of you, my good people?' said her Grace; 'bells have been ringing for you in every direction. Where can you have been!'

'I have been in Corisande's garden,' said Lothair, 'and she has given me a rose.'

THE END.

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